

# Array.prototype.lastIndexOf()

**Summary:** in this tutorial, you will learn how to use the JavaScript Array `lastIndexOf()` method to return the last index of a matching element in an array or `-1` if no matching is found.

## Introduction to JavaScript Array `lastIndexOf()` method

The Array `lastIndexOf()` method returns the index of the last matching element in an array or `-1` if there is no matching element.

Here's the syntax of the `lastIndexOf()` method:

```
const index = array.lastIndexOf(searchElement, fromIndex)
```

The `lastIndexOf()` method accepts two arguments:

- `searchElement` is the element to locate in the array.
- `fromIndex` is a zero-based index at which the method starts searching. The `fromIndex` parameter is optional.

Note that the `lastIndexOf()` method searches for the elements from the end of the array to the beginning array, starting from the `fromIndex`.

If you omit the `fromIndex`, the `indexOf()` method starts searching from the end of the array.

The `fromIndex` argument can be a positive or negative integer.

If `fromIndex` is positive, the method starts searching from the `fromIndex` backward to the beginning of the array.

If `fromIndex` is negative ( `-array.length <= fromIndex < 0` ), a negative `fromIndex` counts back from the end of the array. The method also searches backward from the end of the array.

If `fromIndex < - array.length` , the method does not search and return `-1` .

The `lastIndexOf()` method uses the [strict equality comparison algorithm](#) for comparing the `searchElement` with the elements in the array when searching.

## JavaScript Array `lastIndexOf()` method examples

Let's take some examples of using the `lastIndexOf()` method.

### Basic JavaScript Array `lastIndexOf()` method example

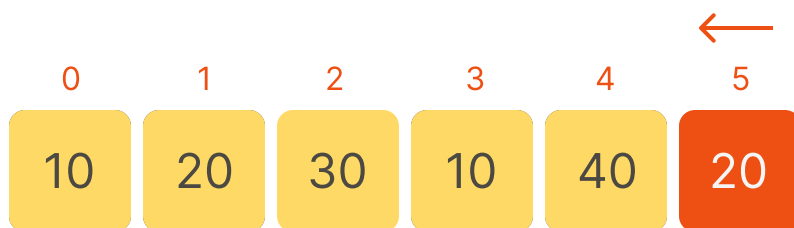
The following example uses the `lastIndexOf()` method to locate the number `20` in the `scores` array:

```
const scores = [10, 20, 30, 10, 40, 20];
const index = scores.lastIndexOf(20);

console.log({ index });
```

Output:

```
{ index: 5 }
```



```
.lastIndexOf(20) → 5
```

### Using the `fromIndex` argument

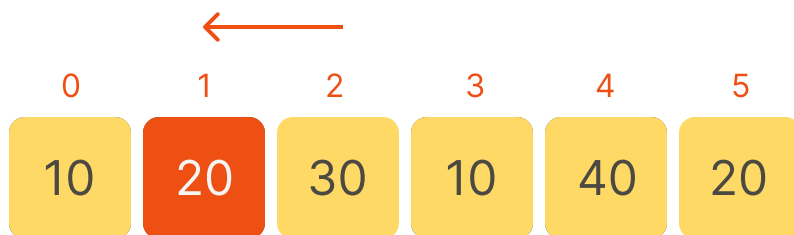
The following example uses the `lastIndexOf()` method to locate the number `20` in the `scores` array starting from the index 2:

```
const scores = [10, 20, 30, 10, 40, 20];
const index = scores.lastIndexOf(20, 2);

console.log({ index });
```

Output:

```
{ index: 1 }
```



```
.lastIndexOf(20, 2) → 1
```

## Using a negative fromIndex argument

The following example uses the `lastIndexOf()` method to locate the number `20` in the `scores` array starting from a negative index `-3` :

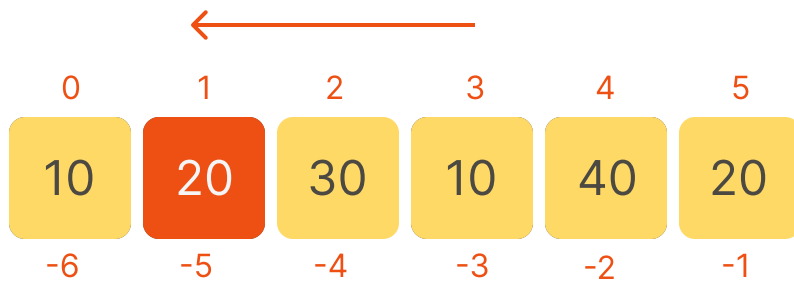
```
const scores = [10, 20, 30, 10, 40, 20];
const index = scores.lastIndexOf(20, -3);

console.log({ index });
```

Output:

```
{ index: 1 }
```

Output:



```
.lastIndexOf(20, -3) —→ 1
```

## Summary

- Use the JavaScript array `lastIndexOf()` method to return the index of the last matching element in the array.