

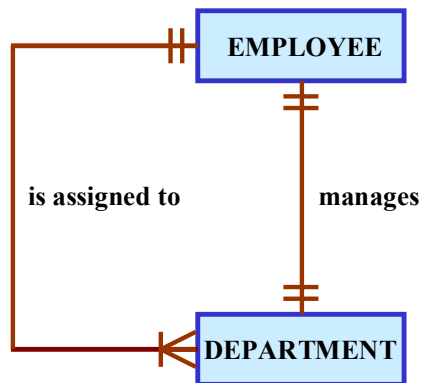
## Chapter 2

Create a Crow's Foot ERD for each of the following descriptions. (*Note:* The word *many* merely means “more than one” in the database modeling environment.)

1. Each of the MegaCo Corporation's divisions is composed of many departments. Each of those departments has many employees assigned to it, but each employee works for only one department. Each department is managed by one employee, and each of those managers can manage only one department at a time.

The Crow's Foot ERD is shown in Figure P2.16a.

**FIGURE P2.16a The MegaCo Crow's Foot ERD**



As you discuss the contents of Figure P2.16a, note the 1:1 relationship between the EMPLOYEE and the DEPARTMENT in the “manages” relationship and the 1:M relationship between the DEPARTMENT and the EMPLOYEE in the “is assigned to” relationship.

2. During some period of time, a customer can download many ebooks from BooksOnline. Each of the ebooks can be downloaded by many customers during that period of time.

The solution is presented in Figure P2.16b. Note the M:N relationship between CUSTOMER and EBOOK. Such a relationship is not implementable in a relational model.

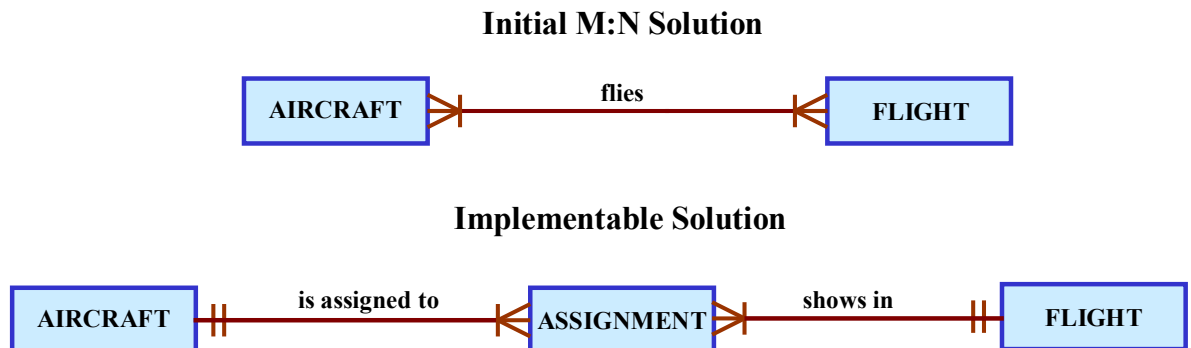
**FIGURE P2.16b The BigVid Crow's Foot ERD**



If you want to let the students convert Figure P2.16b's ERD into an implementable ERD, add a third DOWNLOAD entity to create a 1:M relationship between CUSTOMER and DOWNLOAD and a 1:M relationship between EBOOK and DOWNLOAD. (Note that such a conversion has been shown in the next problem solution.)

3. An airliner can be assigned to fly many flights, but each flight is flown by only one airliner.

**FIGURE P2.16c The Airline Crow's Foot ERD**



We have created a small [Ch02\\_Airline](#) database to let you explore the implementation of the model. (Check the data files available for Instructors at [www.cengagebrain.com](http://www.cengagebrain.com).) The tables and the relational diagram are shown in the following two figures.

**FIGURE P2.16c The Airline Database Tables**

Database name: Ch02\_Airline

Table name: AIRCRAFT

| AC_NUM | AC_MODEL |
|--------|----------|
| 123U   | MD-80    |
| 375G   | B-737    |
| 411H   | B-737    |

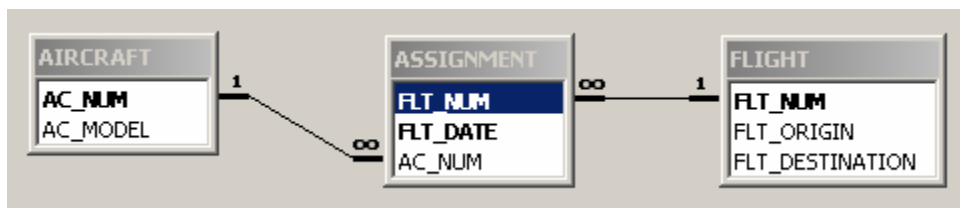
Table name: FLIGHT

| FLT_NUM | FLT_ORIGIN | FLT_DESTINATION |
|---------|------------|-----------------|
| 101     | MEM        | ATL             |
| 102     | ATL        | MEM             |

Table name: ASSIGNMENT

| FLT_NUM | FLT_DATE  | AC_NUM |
|---------|-----------|--------|
| 101     | 14-Jan-16 | 375G   |
| 101     | 15-Jan-16 | 375G   |
| 101     | 16-Jan-16 | 411H   |
| 101     | 17-Jan-16 | 375G   |
| 101     | 18-Jan-16 | 123U   |
| 102     | 14-Jan-16 | 375G   |
| 102     | 15-Jan-16 | 375G   |
| 102     | 16-Jan-16 | 411H   |
| 102     | 17-Jan-16 | 375G   |
| 102     | 18-Jan-16 | 123U   |

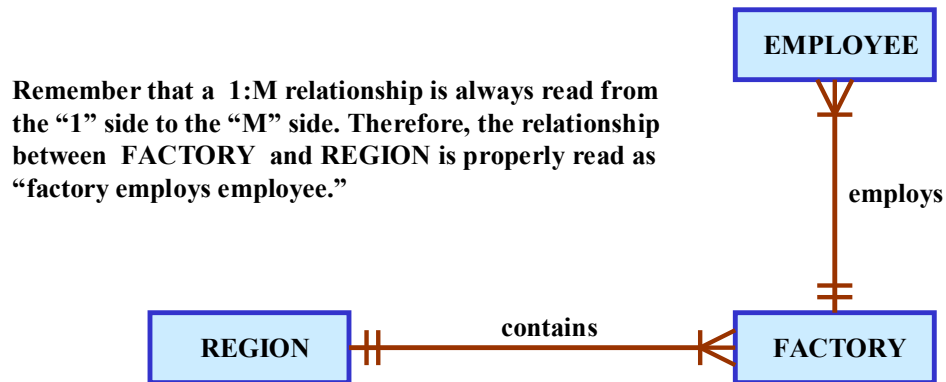
**FIGURE P2.16c The Airline Relational Diagram**



4. The KwikTite Corporation operates many factories. Each factory is located in a region. Each region can be “home” to many of KwikTite’s factories. Each factory employs many employees, but each of those employees is employed by only one factory.

The solution is shown in Figure P2.16d.

**FIGURE P2.16d The KwikTite Crow’s Foot ERD**



5. An employee may have earned many degrees, and each degree may have been earned by many employees.

The solution is shown in Figure P2.16e.

**FIGURE P2.16e The Earned Degree Crow’s Foot ERD**



Note that this M:N relationship must be broken up into two 1:M relationships before it can be implemented in a relational database. Use the Airline ERD’s decomposition in Figure P2.16c as the focal point in your discussion.