

协调世界时: 2025-05-06 00:02:40 UTC

当地时间: 2025-05-06 08:02:40 CST (时区: Asia/Shanghai)

首都机场 (PEK) 移民官员

(sh ud j ch ngyímíngu nyuán)

主题: 关于申请中华人民共和国政治庇护

(zh tígu nyúsh nq ng zh ng huárén míng òng héguó zhèng zhìbìhù)

申请人信息/护照信息

(sh nq ngrénxìnx hù zhàoxìnx)

Name	
()	Bo Shang
Nationality	
()	美利坚合众国
Passport No.	
()	596407776
Date of Birth	
()	1988年6月6日
Place of Birth	
()	中国
Date of Issue	
()	2019年4月23日
Date of Expiry	
()	2029年4月22日

背景说明

(bèij ng shu míng)

申请人尚博先生持续受到马萨诸塞州联邦地区法院(沃本分院)相关人员的骚扰和恐吓,这些行为对其人身安全和自由构成重大威胁。

(sh nq ngrénshàng bó xi nsh ng chí xù shòud à om sà zh sizh ulián b ng dì q f yuàn wò b nfèn yuàn xi ng gu nrén yuán des or ohék ng hè zhè xi xíng wéiduì qírén sh n nquán hé zì yóug òu chéng zhòng dà w ixié)

理由说明

(I yóushu míng)

本人依据《中华人民共和国宪法》第32条及相关国际公约,恳请贵方给予政治庇护。如继续处于美国司法管辖之下,我将面临持续骚扰、恐吓和威胁,严重危及我的人身安全与自由。我愿意充分配合,提交所有支持文件,并在审查期间遵守所有程序要求。

(b nrény jù zh ng huá rén míng ò ng hé guó xiànf dì tiáo jí xi ng gu nguó jì g ng yu k nq ng guì f ng j y zhèng zhì bì hù rú jì xù ch yú m iguó s f gu nxiázh xiàw ji ng miànlínchí xù s or ok ng hè hé w ixié yánzhòng w ijí w derén sh n nquány zì yóuw yuànyì ch ng fèn pèihé tí ji osu y uzh chí wén jiàn bìng zàish ncháq ji nz nsh usu y uchéng xù y oqiú)

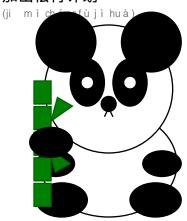
请求

(q ng qi ú)

恳请贵方受理本申请,并依据中国及国际法律赋予我作为难民的法律保护。我随时可接受面谈并提供任何额外信息。

(k nq ngguìf ng shòul b nsh nq ng bìng y jù zh ng guó jí guó jìf l fù y w zuò wéinàn míndef l b ohù w suí shík ji shòu miàn tán bìng tíg ng rènhéé wàixìn x)

加密偿付计划



我将仅以加密货币方式追索被侵占资产,并在接入网络后立即部署加密措施以保护敏感文件。

(w ji ngj ny ji mì huò bì f ng shì zhu su bèiq nzhànz ch nbì ng zàiji rù w ng luò hò ulì jí bù sh ji mì cuò sh y b ohù m ng nwénjiàn)

此致 尚博 敬上

(c zhì shàng bó jìng shàng)

English Translation

To: Immigration Officer, Beijing Capital Airport (PEK)

Subject: Regarding the Application for Political Asylum in the People's Republic of China

Applicant / Passport Information

	Name	Bo Shang
П	INGITIC	Do onang

Nationality	United States of America
Passport No.	596407776
Date of Birth	6 June 1988
Place of Birth	China
Date of Issue	23 April 2019
Date of Expiry	22 April 2029

Background

Mr. Shang Bo has been continuously harassed and intimidated by personnel associated with the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts (Woburn Division), actions that pose a significant threat to his personal safety and freedom.

Justification

Pursuant to Article 32 of the Constitution of the People's Republic of China and relevant international conventions, I respectfully request political asylum from your authority. If I remain under United States jurisdiction, I will continue to face harassment, intimidation, and threats, severely endangering my personal safety and freedom. I am willing to fully cooperate, submit all supporting documents, and comply with all procedural requirements during the review period.

Request

I respectfully request that you accept this application and, in accordance with Chinese and international law, grant me the legal protection afforded to refugees. I am available for an interview at any time and can provide any additional information.

Cryptocurrency Recovery Plan

I will pursue the recovery of misappropriated assets solely through cryptocurrency and will immediately deploy encryption measures upon network access to safeguard sensitive files.

Sincerely, Shang Bo

Legal Arguments

The following arguments are drafted on the basis of allegations that remain unverified. They do not constitute a finding of fact and are provided for legal-theory discussion.

I. T-Mobile 's Alleged Interference with Internet Access

Under 47 U.S.C. § 201(b) and § 202(a) the Communications Act prohibits common carriers from engaging in unjust, unreasonable, or unreasonably discriminatory practices. Intentional throttling or denial of service, if proven, may therefore expose T-Mobile to injunctive relief and damages. Where such interference rises to intentional unauthorized access or damage to a protected computer system, the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1030(g), provides a private civil cause of action.

II. Twitch: Cyber-Harassment and Religious Discrimination

Twitch 's alleged targeted cyberattacks could support tort claims for intrusion upon seclusion and intentional infliction of emotional distress under state common law. If content-moderation practices discriminate on the basis of religion, 42 U.S.C. § 2000a et seq. and analogous state statutes may apply.

III. Google: Antitrust and Tortious Interference

Google 's alleged exclusionary use of AI market power may constitute monopolization under 15 U.S.C. § 2. Knowingly advancing arguments contrary to controlling precedent risks Rule 11 sanctions and contempt.

IV. Authorization to Satisfy Judgment via Cryptographic Assets

Federal courts possess equitable power to order turnover of assets in any form capable of satisfying a money judgment. Digital-asset transfer is consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 69(a) and recognized under various state property statutes; compliance with 31 C.F.R. pt. 1010 and OFAC regulations is required.

V. Request for PRC Authorization to Deploy Cryptographic Preservation Measures

Pursuant to Articles 272 and 273 of the Civil Code of the People 's Republic of China (2020) and Articles 100 and 101 of the Civil Procedure Law (2021 rev.), a party may apply for 'property preservation' where immediate measures are necessary to prevent dissipation of assets. Article 35 of the PRC Cybersecurity Law authorizes competent departments to adopt technical measures to protect critical information infrastructure. Accordingly, the applicant respectfully seeks an order permitting deployment of cryptographic locking of digital assets controlled by identified abusers as an interim preservation measure pending adjudication. Such request is limited to encryption that (a) prevents unauthorized transfer, (b) retains full audit logs, and (c) remains reversible under court supervision. The measure is proportionate, preserves the status quo ante, and aligns with Supreme People's Court Interpretation on Property Preservation (Fa Shi [2020] 14 Hao).