

## Session 4





## **Object Oriented Programming**

- Programming concept where objects can contain data and code
- Most of the more commonly used programming languages out there are Object Oriented
  - Includes C++, JavaScript, Java, C# (.Net), and Python
- In Python, Methods are the functions that are built into objects





# **Object Oriented Programming**

- · We've already been using methods
  - .pop(), .sort()
- No shortage of Methods available to use in Python
  - Libraries add even more





# Object Oriented Programming

How do we get more information on Methods and Functions

- In Jupyter, hit tab after the object to see available methods
  Hit shift-tab to get detailed information
- Run the help function

help(function)

- Go to Docs.python.org
- Google it





### **Functions**

You can create your own functions in Python

- Why?
  - · Create repeatable blocks of code
  - Make a change once, instead of in multiple places
  - Foundational leap in your programming skills





## Bootcamp

def indicates

you're

defining a new function

#### **Creating a Function**

Snake case name for your function Empty parenthesis or name of input variable enclosed in parenthesis, followed by colon

#### def function\_name(input):

"this function does this"

some code

some more code

return(output)

The code your function will run, indented

Optional return statement. When running the function, the output is the variable shown here Doc string enclosed in triple quotes explains what the function does as well as the required/optional inputs and outputs

