Class 13 - Course Basics && Debugging

Class 13 Course Content

Lesson Outline

Today we will learn:

- 1. How to plan an application.
- 2. How to create an intuitive folder structure.
- 3. How to create a bootstrap navigation bar.
- 4. How to create a (book) model.

Furthermore, we will solidify our knowledge in:

- 1. Using the Angular CLI.
- 2. Creating components.
- 3. Adding simple styles to our project.
- 4. Common Bootstrap classes.

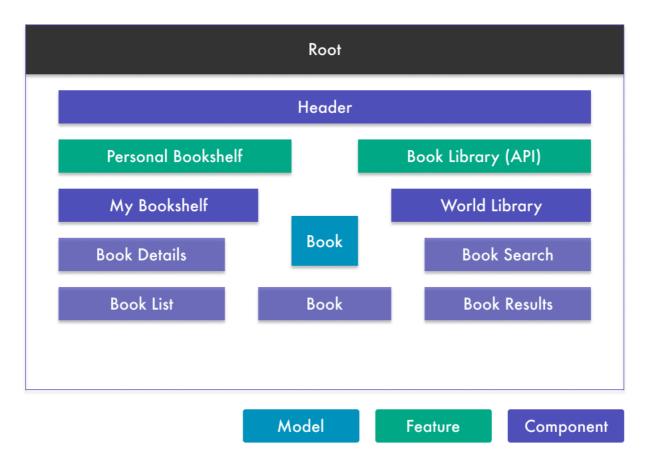
Lesson Notes

Applications Outline

FEATURES

- Personal Bookshelf: Create, Read, Update, Delete Books in our collection.
- Book Library: Pulling book data from an API.

Site Features



COMPONENTS

Shared Components

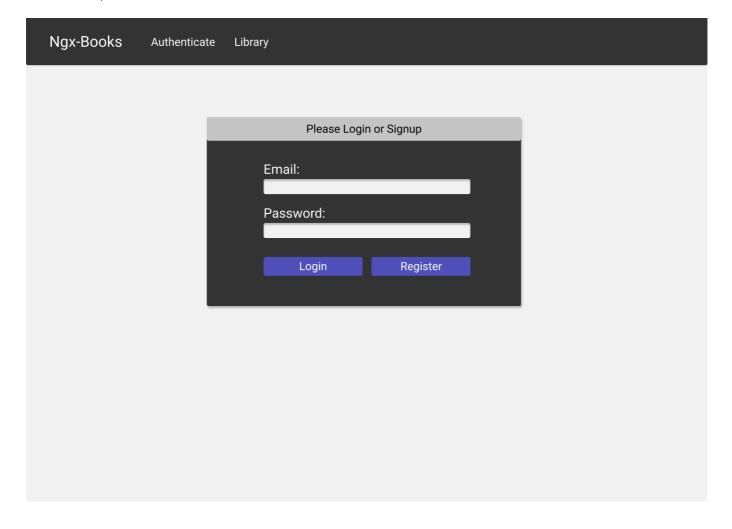
- Root: Contains all of our Applications components.
- **Header**: Provides navigation for our app.
- **Book**: Display a singular book object across multiple pages.

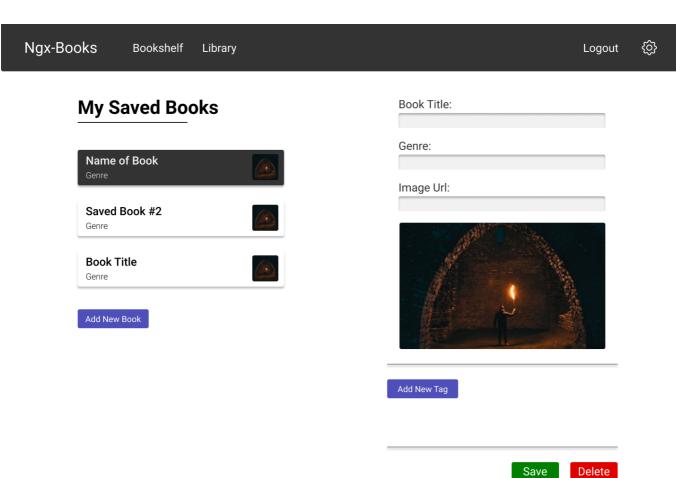
Independent Components

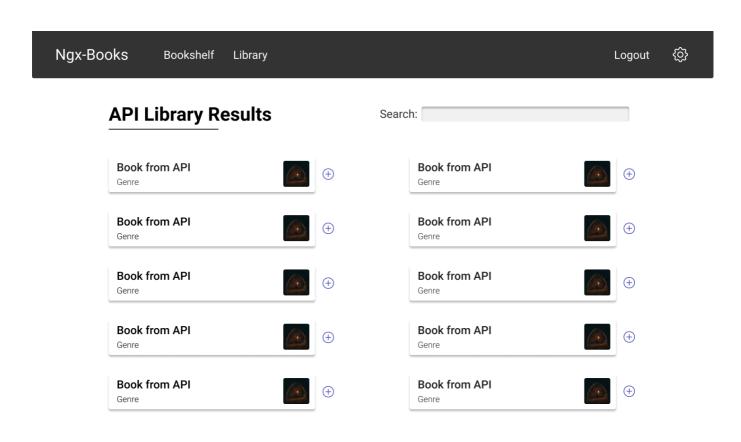
- My Bookshelf: All logic, styles, and markdown for the bookshelf page.
 - Book List: List of all books in our collection.
 - Book Details: Expanded details about a single book.
- World Library: All logic, styles, and markdown for the library page.
 - Book Results: List of all the books from the search result.
 - Book Search: Search bar markup and logic to call our API.

DESIGN / UI FLOW

- 1. User signs up or signs in.
- 2. User fetches book from a database.
- 3. User edits personal books.
- 4. User pulls from the database to add more books.









Components & Databinding Project Steps

STEP 1: Start a New Project Using the Angular CLI

Terminal:

• Navigate to the folder you want to create your project in.

```
ng new BookIt --no-strict
```

• Install Bootstrap 4. (Make sure you are in the correct folder inside the terminal).

```
cd BookIt
npm i bootstrap@4
```

angular.json file:

- Inside the styles array and above the first style declaration, import node_modules/bootstrap/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css.
- Run ng serve.

app.component.html:

- Clear all the HTML.
- Test that Bootstrap is working by adding a container div with a row and column inside.

STEP 2: Create a File Structure by Adding All of Our Components

Terminal:

• Create the two main components using the CLI

```
ng g c --skip-tests=<mark>true</mark> bookshelf
```

```
ng g c --skip-tests=<mark>true</mark> library
```

- Walkthrough the components. Double-check they are correctly imported in the app.module.ts file.
- Create the rest of our components

```
ng g c --skip-tests=true bookshelf/book-list

ng g c --skip-tests=true bookshelf/book-details

ng g c --skip-tests=true library/book-results

ng g c --skip-tests=true library/book-search

ng g c --skip-tests=true shared/navigation

ng g c --skip-tests=true shared/book
```

STEP 3: Displaying Our Core Components

app.component.html:

• Place the newly created navigation tag inside the main app container. (We are getting this tag from the shared/navigation_navigation_component_ts component selector).

```
<div class="container">
  <app-navigation></i-- ... -->
</div>
```

 Add the <app-bookshelf> and <app-library> component selectors inside a column, separated by an <hr /> tag. Explain how eventually, these components will each be a feature and on an individual page. (For now, they will be displayed on the same page until we learn Angular Routing.)

STEP 4: Display All of Our Components

bookshelf/bookshelf.component.html:

• Add the <book-list> and <book-details> components side their own bootstrap columns.

bookshelf/book-list/book-list.component.html:

• Create a row and column that contains three <app-book> components. (Explain how eventually, we will not "hard-code" the number of books in this column because it will be dynamic!)

```
<div class="row mb-3">
    <div class="col-md-12">
        <app-book></app-book>
        <app-book></app-book>
        <app-book></app-book>
        <app-book></div>
        </div>
```

library/library.component.html:

- Create a row with two columns. One column should hold the title, the other the book search. (This is our top row).
- Create another row that takes the entire width and displays the <book-results>.

```
</div>
```

library/book-results/book-results.component.html:

• Do the same thing you did in the book-list component. These will end up displaying similarly.

```
<div class="row mb-3">
    <div class="col-md-12">
        <app-book></app-book>
        <app-book></app-book>
        <app-book></app-book>
        <div>
        </div>
        </div>
```

STEP 5: Adding Bootstrap Navigation

shared/navigation/navigation.component.html:

- Navigate to the Boostrap 4 documentation for Navbars.
 - Boostrap 4 Navigation
- Copy and paste the one most similar to what we will be using.
- Change the links and text to fit our application.

```
<nav class="navbar navbar-dark bg-dark navbar-expand-lg mb-4">
 <a class="navbar-brand brand" id="brand" href="#">BookIt</a>
 <button
   class="navbar-toggler"
   type="button"
   data-toggle="collapse"
   data-target="#navbarToggler"
   aria-label="Toggle navigation"
   aria-controls="navbarToggler"
   aria-expanded="false"
   (click)="collapsed = !collapsed"
   <span class="navbar-toggler-icon"></span>
 </button>
 <div
   class="collapse navbar-collapse"
   id="navbarToggler"
   [class.collapse]="collapsed"
   (window:resize)="collapsed = true"
```

```
class="nav-item">
      <a class="nav-link" href="#">Bookshelf</a>
     class="nav-item">
      <a class="nav-link" href="#">Library</a>
     class="nav-link dropdown-toggle"
        href="#"
        id="navbarDropdownMenuLink"
        data-toggle="dropdown"
        aria-haspopup="true"
        [attr.aria-expanded]="show"
        (click)="show = !show"
        [class.show]="show"
        Settings
      </a>
      <div
        class="dropdown-menu"
        aria-labelledby="navbarDropdownMenuLink"
        [class.show]="show"
        <a class="dropdown-item" href="#">Save Data</a>
        <a class="dropdown-item" href="#">Fetch Data</a>
      </div>
    </div>
</nav>
```

Add two variables to the navigation typescript file.

```
collapsed: boolean = true;
show: boolean = false;
```

STEP 6: Create the Book Model

shared/book/book.model.ts:

- Create the book.model.ts file. (Explain that a model is a representation of data. We use these so every instantiation of a book will be forced to hold all the data we need to make the application function correctly).
- Create the book model class.

```
export class Book {
  constructor(
    public title: string,
    public author: string,
    public genre: string,
    public coverImagePath: string
  ) {}
}
```

STEP 7: Using Our Book Model

bookshelf/book-list/book-list.component.ts:

• Add a new myBooks array and fill it with a dummy book. (Make sure you import the Book Model).

bookshelf/book-list/book-list.component.html:

- Delete the 3 Books we entered earlier.
- Add *ngFor on the main row div to loop over all the books inside the myBooks array we just created.
- Add text interpolation for the title, genre, and image.

```
</div>
```

- Copy two more test books in our myBooks array.
- Add a row beneath the looped row that contains a button to Add A New Book.

library/book-results/book-results.component.ts:

• Add an array similar to the one we did for the book-list, and fill it with a few dummy books. (Mention how you changed the variable to allBooks because it is more fitting/descriptive in this case).

library/book-results/book-results.component.html:

- Copy the top row from the book-list.html file we just created and paste it here.
- Change the *ngFor to loop over the allBooks array.

```
alt="{{ book.title }}"
    class="img-responsive rounded"
    style="max-height: 50px"
    />
    </div>
    </div>
    </div>
    </div></div></div></div>
```

STEP 8: Creating Book Details Component Structure

bookshelf/book-details/book-details.component.html:

• Add a row and column for the Title, Author, Genre, Image, Tags, and Edit book button.

```
<div class="row">
 <div class="col-md-12">
   <h2>Book Title</h2>
 </div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-md-12">
   <h3>Author</h3>
 </div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-md-12">
   Genre
  </div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-md-12">
   <img src="" alt="" class="img-responsive" />
 </div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-md-12">
    <small>Tags</small>
 </div>
</div>
<hr />
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-md-12">
    <button type="button" class="btn btn-primary">Edit Book/button>
```

```
</div>
```

Debugging an (Angular) Application

Debugging Process

- 1. Read the error message carefully.
- 2. Check for any red underlines in your code.
- 3. Use the console.log() statement to determine if your variables are holding the values you suspect they should.
- 4. Read through your logic line-by-line, making sure you understand what is going on the whole way through.
- 5. Google your error as explicitly as possible.
- 6. Use the Chrome/VSCode Debugger tool.
 - o Open developer tools.
 - o Open the "source" panel.
 - o Click "webpack".
 - o Click "src".
 - o Find your file.
 - Add breakpoints.
- 7. Ask a fellow developer/student.
- 8. Post on StackOverflow... heh, maybe not
- 9. Ask a code coach! We are here to help.

Extra Credit/Time - (Instructors Push these to Github!)

STEP 1: Adding a Google Font

- Navigate to the google fonts website.
 - Google Fonts
- · Search "Roboto".
- Add the styles you want: "light, regular, medium, bold".
- · Copy the link.

index.html:

• Paste the link in the head of your document.

```
<head>
  <!-- ... -->
  <link rel="preconnect" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com" />
```

styles.css:

• In the root styles, add your font-family to the elements you want to use.

```
html,
body,
input,
label,
button,
a {
  font-family: "Roboto", sans-serif;
  font-weight: 400;
}
h1 {
  font-size: 2rem;
  font-weight: 700;
}
h2 {
  font-weight: 500;
р,
small,
span {
  font-weight: 300;
```

STEP 2: Adding More Styles

angular.json file:

• Add the **.scss** extension to our root styles import.

styles.scss:

- Change the styles.css file extension to be styles.scss
- Add Boostrap and import and our themed styles

```
$primary: #4f4fb9;
$black: #222;
$white: #f1f1f1;
@import "bootstrap";
```

shared/navigation/navigation.component.css:

• Add styles for our navbar, brand text, and anchor links.

```
nav {
   padding: 1.75em;
   border-bottom-left-radius: 4px;
   border-bottom-right-radius: 4px;
}

#brand {
   font-weight: 500;
   font-size: 1.5rem;
   margin: 0 1.25em 0 0;
}

nav a {
   font-size: 1.25rem;
   margin-right: 0.75em;
}
```

Additional Notes

Class Exercise

- Think of 3 topics/subjects you are interested in.
- For each idea, ask yourself: "What application could I create that would make *mySubject* easier, faster, or more fun?"
- Talk with your fellow classmates.
- Decide on a project idea! (Your project should have the functionality to: CREATE data, READ data, UPDATE data, and DELETE data.)

Resources

• Blog - How to Come Up with a Side Project