# Assignment 6

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# Outline

Class 12 Solutions

### **Problem**

#### Example 30

Six balls are drawn successively from an urn containing 7 red and 9 black balls. Tell whether or not the trials of drawing ball are Bernoulli trials when after each draw the ball drawn is

- replaced
- not replaced in the urn

## Solution

#### Solution:

- **1** The number of trials is finite. When the drawing is done with replacement, the probability of success (say, red ball) is  $p = \frac{7}{16}$  which is same for all six trials. Hence, the drawing of balls with replacements are Bernoulli trials.
- ② When the drawing is done without replacement, the probability of success in first trial is  $\frac{7}{16}$ , in 2nd trial is  $\frac{6}{15}$  if the first ball drawn is red or  $\frac{7}{15}$  if the first ball drawn is black and so on. Clearly, the probability of success is not same for all trials, hence the trials are not Bernoulli trials.

### Code

```
import random
r = 7 \# r is the number of red balls in the urn
b = 9 # b is the number of black balls in the urn
P replacement = r/(r+b)
print(P replacement)
x = random.randint(0,1)
if(x == 0):
    P_without_replacement = r-1/(r+b-1)
else:
    P without replacement = r/(r+b-1)
print(P_without_replacement)
```