# Apache Hive ile FLO Veri Analizi

1. Sorgu performansını önceleyecek şekilde bir tablo oluşturunuz.

Csv dosyasını inceleyerek oluşturulacak Hive tablosunun şemasını çıkarınız. Tablo oluşturunuz.

```
beeline -u jdbc:hive2://localhost:10000
```

```
drop table test1.flo_transactions ;
create table if not exists test1.flo_transactions
(master_id string,
order_channel string,
platform_type string,
last_order_channel string,
first_order_date string,
last_order_date string,
last_order_date_online string,
last_order_date_offline string,
order_num_total_ever_online int,
order_num_total_ever_offline int,
customer_value_total_ever_offline float,
customer_value_total_ever_online float,
interested_in_categories_12 array<string>,
online_product_group_amount_top_name_12 string,
offline_product_group_name_12 string,
last_order_date_new date,
store_type string )
row format delimited
fields terminated by '|'
lines terminated by '\n'
stored as textfile
tblproperties('skip.header.line.count'='1');
```

2. Veri setini oluşturduğunuz tabloya yükleyiniz.

Csv dosyasını tabloya yükleyiniz.

Mevcutta olan tablonun üstüne direkt yazar.

LOCAL hdfs değil, linux alt dizinindeki veri

```
LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/train/datasets/flo100k.csv' OVERWRITE INTO TABLE test1.flo_transactions;
```

LOAD DATA INPATH hdfs üzerinden veriyi hivea aktarır.

```
LOAD DATA INPATH "/user/train/flo_odev/flo100k.csv" into table test1.flo_transactions;
```

Yükleme sonrası kontrol.

```
SELECT * FROM test1.flo_transactions LIMIT 15;
```

ORC çevirmeden önce kontrol edelim

```
select
cast(concat(substr(first_order_date, 1,10), ' ',
substr(first_order_date,12,8)) as timestamp)
from test1.flo_transactions LIMIT 15;
```

### Mevcut tabloyu kullanarak ORC tablosu oluşturalım

```
create table test1.flo_transactions_orc stored as orc
as select
master_id,
order_channel,
platform_type,
last_order_channel,
cast(concat(substr(first_order_date, 1,10), ' ',
substr(first_order_date,12,8)) as timestamp) first_order_date,
cast(concat(substr(last_order_date, 1,10), ' ',
substr(last_order_date,12,8)) as timestamp) last_order_date,
cast(concat(substr(last_order_date_online, 1,10), ' ',
substr(last_order_date_online,12,8)) as timestamp) last_order_date_online,
cast(concat(substr(last_order_date_offline, 1,10), ' ',
substr(last_order_date_offline,12,8)) as timestamp) last_order_date_offline,
order_num_total_ever_online,
order_num_total_ever_offline,
customer_value_total_ever_offline,
customer_value_total_ever_online,
interested_in_categories_12,
online_product_group_amount_top_name_12,
offline_product_group_name_12,
last_order_date_new,
store_type
from test1.flo_transactions ;
```

#### Kontrol

```
describe test1.flo_transactions_orc;
SELECT * FROM test1.flo_transactions_orc LIMIT 15;
```

3. Mağaza türlerine (store\_type) göre işlem sayılarını bulan sorguyu hazırlayınız.

```
SELECT store_type, COUNT(1) as total_count
FROM test1.flo_transactions_orc
GROUP BY store_type
ORDER BY total_count DESC;
```

## Result

```
store_type|total_count|
------+

A | 89225|
A,B | 8497|
B | 1491|
A,C | 702|
A,B,C | 75|
B,C | 10|
```

4. Sipariş kanallarına (order\_channel) göre işlem sayılarını bulan sorguyu hazırlayınız.

```
SELECT order_channel, COUNT(1) as total_count
FROM test1.flo_transactions_orc
GROUP BY order_channel
ORDER BY total_count DESC;
```

```
order_channel|total_count|
-----+
Offline | 70784|
Android App | 11989|
```

```
Mobile | 8512|
Desktop | 4751|
Ios App | 3964|
```

5. İlk sipariş yılı (first\_order\_year) baz alınarak yıllara göre işlem sayılarını bulan sorguyu hazırlayınız.

```
SELECT YEAR (first_order_date) AS first_order_year, COUNT(1) as total_count
FROM test1.flo_transactions_orc
GROUP BY 1
ORDER BY total_count DESC;
```

## Result

6. Omni-channel satışlarında en çok değer getiren 15 müşteriyi bulan sorguyu hazırlayınız.

```
SELECT master_id, customer_value_total_ever_offline, customer_value_total_ever_online, (customer_value_total_ever_offline + customer_value_total_ever_online) as customer_value
FROM test1.flo_transactions_orc
WHERE customer_value_total_ever_offline > 0.0 AND customer_value_total_ever_online > 0.0
ORDER BY customer_value DESC
LIMIT 15;
```