Horriya v1.0 Roadmap (Go edition, toward "100/100")

How Horriya works (plain English)

- Everyone runs the app = a node. Your node has a keypair (your ID) and an append-only log of your actions (posts, votes, follows). Each action is signed by you.
- **Nodes "announce" new items with tiny messages** (hash + metadata) over gossip. Peers who care fetch the real content by its hash.
- **Content is stored by many nodes.** Authors and followers pin a chunk of posts; other peers may also store pieces according to a lightweight replication rule. If some peers go offline, others still have the bytes.
- **Ranking is local.** Each node computes post rankings using votes and a time-decaying "influence" (Reddit-ish). No blockchain, no global order.

Answers to your questions

- 1) When a node joins It generates (or loads) an ed25519 keypair. It dials a few bootstrap peers (multiaddrs you ship), does mDNS on local LAN, and joins GossipSub topics. It advertises its interests and follows, then starts receiving small announcements (CIDs) for new posts/votes. It fetches only what it needs.
- 2) **How content is shared** Only tiny **announcements** are broadcast. If you care about an item, you **request the block by CID** from one or more providers (peers who hinted they have it). Your node **verifies** signatures and hash, stores the block in a **BadgerDB** content-addressed store, and updates local indices.
- 3) **Are a node's posts only stored on it?** No. The **author pins** recent posts; **followers pin** some window of posts; plus **rendezvous-hash replication** selects extra holders from currently connected peers. Result: multiple independent copies without central servers.
- 4) **Is there a periodic health/repair algorithm?** Yes. A lightweight **replication auditor** runs periodically: Sample tracked posts; check **provider count** (from gossip hints; when DHT is enabled, also via DHT provider lookups). If providers < target **R**, the node **re-announces** the CID and (if it has space and is selected by rendezvous hashing) **pins** or **reseeds** missing chunks (with erasure coding in later milestones).
- 5) **How do peers discover each other? Early:** hardcoded **bootstrap multiaddrs + mDNS** on LAN + optional **manual add** (paste a multiaddr) + a few volunteer **libp2p relays**. **Later:** add **Kademlia DHT** (S/ Kademlia hardened) for wide-area peer and provider discovery.
- 6) **If Kademlia comes later, how do nodes start and how is data stored first? Start:** nodes connect via the bootstrap list, relays, and mDNS; that's enough to form a gossip mesh. **Store:** authors/followers pin; extra replicas are assigned via **rendezvous hashing among connected peers**, and **provider hints** are gossiped so fetchers know whom to ask—no DHT required to begin.

Phased roadmap (Go)

Each milestone has Goal, Deliverables, and DoD (definition of done). We keep the "announce \rightarrow fetch by CID" design from day one to avoid throw-away work.

Phase A — Foundations (local, deterministic)

Milestone A1 — Keys, Signed Author Log, Local Store - Goal: ed25519 identities; per-author append-only log; verify signatures and sequence; persist locally. - Deliverables: - Module core with packages: crypto (ed25519), types (AuthorEvent, Post, Vote, Follow), store (Badger-backed blockstore), cid (go-multihash/go-cid helpers). - Protobuf schemas (/proto) + codegen with protoc or buf. - CLI: horriya keys new, horriya post "text", horriya feed --author <pk>. - DoD: Unit tests for sign/verify, seq chaining, CID stability.

Milestone A2 — Local Ranking Pipeline - Goal: Influence math (time decay, log2(1+I)), vote budgets, Reddit-style hot/Wilson; deterministic replay from log. - Deliverables: rank and influence packages; offline replay tool. - DoD: Same input log \rightarrow same top-N across runs.

Phase B — Networking basics (gossip announce, fetch on demand)

Milestone B1 — Transport + LAN - Goal: libp2p (QUIC + Noise), ping/identify, **mDNS** discovery, manual peer add. - **Deliverables:** package net; CLI horriya peers . - **DoD:** two local nodes exchange pings and identities.

Milestone B2 — Gossip announcements - Goal: GossipSub topics (author/<pk_prefix>, discovery/ <shard>), dedup by CID, size-capped envelopes. - Deliverables: announce type {cid, author, seq, ts, kind, size_hint}. - DoD: follower receives announcements p95<2s on LAN.

Milestone B3 — On-demand block fetch - Goal: Get(CID) over libp2p stream; provider LRU; hedged parallel fetches. - Deliverables: package rpc with Have/Get/ListProviders . - DoD: after announce, follower fetches & verifies block.

Phase C — Social graph, votes, discovery

Milestone C1 — **Follow/Unfollow** - **Goal:** Follow events; shard subscriptions; following feed. - **DoD:** UI/TUI shows followed authors in time order.

Milestone C2 — **Votes + online influence** - **Goal:** Vote events, token-bucket budgets, incremental influence updates. - **DoD:** Influence invariants tested; online rank = offline replay.

Milestone C3 — **Discovery + Admission PoW + VRF gate** - **Goal:** Public feed without spam; small **Hashcash** for discovery posts; **VRF** lottery to throttle visibility probability by influence. - **DoD:** Floods from zero-influence accounts don't surface without PoW and endorsements.

Phase D — Scale & availability

Milestone D1 — DHT (S/Kademlia) + bootstrap - Goal: WAN provider lookups and robust peer discovery. - **DoD:** Nodes behind NAT can discover/fetch posts via DHT/relays.

Milestone D2 — **Rendezvous replication + quotas** - **Goal:** Even replication; storage quotas & eviction; target provider count **R** per post. - **DoD:** Measured redundancy ≥R for hot posts.

Milestone D3 — **Erasure coding + repair** - **Goal:** n-of-k chunking for media; background repair when provider count drops. - **DoD:** Posts recover despite partial loss.

Phase E — Privacy & abuse hardening

Milestone E1 — Dandelion++ (stem/fluff announces) Milestone E2 — Peer scoring + EigenTrust-lite (feeds into gossip mesh, provider choice, replication slots) Milestone E3 — Tor/I2P pluggable transports

Phase F — UX & multi-platform

Milestone F1 — Desktop app (Go + Wails or WebUI) Milestone F2 — Mobile (Gomobile bindings or Kotlin/Swift SDK over a Go core via cgo)

Phase G — Simulation, SLOs, upgrades

Milestone G1 — 5k-50k node simulator (G0 + containerized netem) Milestone G2 — Protocol negotiation & compatibility (multistream-select, multicodec)

Phase H — Release candidate

Security review, fuzzing, packaging, onboarding wizard.

Go tech choices & starter skeleton

- Language/runtime: Go 1.22+
- Crypto: crypto/ed25519
- Protobuf: google.golang.org/protobuf, buf.build optional
- <u>Content addressing:</u> github.com/multiformats/go-cid, github.com/multiformats/go-multihash
- Storage: github.com/dgraph-io/badger/v4
- **P2P:** github.com/libp2p/go-libp2p, .../pubsub (GossipSub), .../p2p/discovery/mdns, .../p2p/discovery/routing
- **DHT:** github.com/libp2p/go-libp2p-kad-dht

Repo layout

```
horriya/
go.mod
proto/author.proto
cmd/horriya/main.go
internal/
  core/
           (types, cid helpers, signing, blockstore)
  rank/
         (influence, scoring, budgets)
  net/
          (libp2p host, gossip, rpc, mdns, relays)
  dht/
          (added in D1)
  repair/ (replication auditor)
          (basic TUI/HTTP UI later)
  ui/
```

Minimal code sketch (A1)

```
   internal/core/keys.go — generate/load ed25519 keys (PEM or raw).
   internal/core/types.proto — AuthorEvent, PostBody, Vote, Follow.
   internal/core/blockstore.go — Badger key = CID bytes; value = protobuf bytes.
   internal/core/feed.go — append verifies seq == prev+1, sets prev_cid, computes CID.
   cmd/horriya/main.go — subcommands: keys new/show, post, feed .
```

Libraries you'll read as you go

- go-libp2p docs & GossipSub spec
- go-libp2p-kad-dht examples
- multiformats (CID/multihash)
- BadgerDB docs
- For VRF: ristretto/curve25519 VRF (e.g., Cloudflare's or Key Transparency VRF) add at C3.

Next steps (let's code Milestone A1 in Go)

1) Initialize module and deps:

2) Define proto/author.proto (same fields as before) and generate Go types. 3) Implement internal/core (keys, CID helpers, blockstore, feed). 4) Wire a minimal CLI with Cobra to create keys, write a post, and print your local feed.

When you're ready, I'll draft the Go files for **A1** (keys, types, blockstore, feed, CLI scaffold) so you can run go build and post your first signed event locally.