laplace/body_ax - an excerpt from the book C.Pozrikidis 'A Practical Guide to Boundary-Element Methods'

with additional notes and commentaries composed by Alexander Samoilov

Introduction

- This is a code that computes potential flow past an axisymmetric, compact (singly connected) or toroidal (doubly connected) body with arbitrary geometry, as illustrated in Figure
- original Fortran77 code is here CFDLAB code for laplace/body_ax

Mathematical Formulation

The velocity u is decomposed into three parts as

$$u = u^{\infty} + v + u^{D} \tag{1}$$

where:

- u^{∞} is the far-field component prevailing far from the body, expressing uniform (streaming) flow along the x axis of symmetry.
- v is the velocity due to a line vortex ring with specified strength situated in the interior of the body, generating circulation around the toroidal body. In the case of flow past a compact body, this component is inconsequential, and serves only to modify the disturbance velocity.
- u^D is a disturbance velocity expressed by the gradient of the single-valued harmonic potential Φ^D ,

$$u^D = \nabla \Phi^D \tag{2}$$

Requiring the no-penetration boundary condition $u \cdot n = 0$ around the contour of the body in a meridional plane of constant angle φ , where n is the unit vector normal to the body, we derive a boundary condition for the normal derivative of the disturbance potential,

$$n \cdot \nabla \phi^D \equiv \frac{\partial \phi^D}{\partial n} = -\left(u^\infty + v\right) \cdot n \tag{3}$$

Using the standard boundary-integral formulation, we find that the disturbance potential satisfies the integral equation of the second kind

$$\phi^{D}(x_{0}) = -2 \int_{C} G(x, x_{0})[n(x) \cdot \nabla \phi^{D}(x)] dl(x) + 2 \int_{C}^{PV} \phi^{D}(x)[n(x) \cdot \nabla G(x, x_{0})] dl(x)$$
(4)

where $G(x, x_0)$ is the free-space Green's function of Laplace's equation in an axisymmetric domain, and the point x_0 lies on the contour of the body C.