

CS 374 HW 5 Problem 1

quddus2, Aldo Sanjoto, Hieu Huynh

TOTAL POINTS

77.5 / 100

QUESTION 1

1 1A 70 / 70

✓ - **0 pts** Correct

- **5 pts** Incorrect description of the memoization data structure

- **15 pts** [BASE CASE] Incorrect base case(s)

- **5 pts** [BASE CASE] Minor mistake in base case, like a typo or an off-by-one error

- **20 pts** [ORDER] Incorrect evaluation order; a clear picture is usually sufficient. If you use nested loops, be sure to specify the nesting order.

- **5 pts** [ORDER] Minor mistake in order, like a typo or an off-by-one error

- **20 pts** [UPDATE] Incorrect update in the loop

- **5 pts** [UPDATE] Minor mistake in updates.

- **10 pts** [UPDATE] Major mistake in updates.

- **5 pts** Missing or incorrect description of RETURN statement to get the final answer.

- **5 pts** Incorrect time analysis

+ **5 pts** BONUS: For CORRECT algorithms FASTER than those in the solutions

- **5 pts** For CORRECT algorithms SLOWER than those in the solutions

- **70 pts** We are unable to follow the logic of the answer, or the answer is just way too long. In the future, you might want to consider using "IDK"

- **70 pts** The answer is unreadable

- **52.5 pts** IDK

- **10 pts** For minor mistake

- **20 pts** For major mistake

- **30 pts** We are unable to follow the logic of the answer, or the answer is just way too long. In the future, you might want to consider using "IDK"

- **30 pts** The answer is unreadable

✓ - **22.5 pts** IDK

QUESTION 2

2 1B 7.5 / 30

- **0 pts** Correct

- **30 pts** Incorrect modification to the dynamic programming solution

- **5 pts** For printing unnecessary content

Q1)

a) Let $\text{Opt}(i, j)$ denote the total minimum energy to break a pile of book $[i \dots j]$. This function obeys the following recurrence:

$$\text{Opt}(i, j) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } i \geq j \\ \sum_{l=i}^j w_l + \min_{i \leq k < j} \{ \text{Opt}(i, k) + \text{Opt}(k+1, j) \} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

• Let define $F(i, j) = \sum_{l=i}^j w_l$.

We memorize the value of $F(i, j)$ as follows:

$$\Rightarrow F(i, j) = \begin{cases} w_i, & \text{if } i = j \\ F(i, j-1) + w_j & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

It takes $O(n^2)$ to compute all possible values of $F(i, j)$.

Init $F(W[w_1 \dots w_n])$ // where W is the array with the weights

```

for  $i \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$ :
     $F[i, i-1] \leftarrow 0$ 
    for  $k \leftarrow i$  to  $n$ :
         $F[i, k] \leftarrow F[i, k-1] + W[k]$ 
    }

```

Note: This is the function

After calculation all possible values of $F(i, j)$, we have:

$$\text{Opt}(i, j) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } i \geq j \\ F(i, j) + \min_{i \leq k < j} \{ \text{Opt}(i, k) + \text{Opt}(k+1, j) \} & \text{Otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- We need to calculate $\text{Opt}(1, n)$
- We can memorize the function $\text{Opt}(i, j)$ into an array $A[1 \dots n, 1 \dots n]$. Each entry $A[i, j]$ is the minimum energy to break a pile of book $[i, j]$.
- We have $A[i, j]$ depend on entries below it and entries on the left of it. We can fill the array row by row from the bottom up, traversing each row from right to left.

Calculate_min_energy($W[w_1 \dots w_n]$)

Init $F(W[w_1 \dots w_n])$

$A[1 \dots n, 1 \dots n]$

For $i \leftarrow 1$ to n

For $j \leftarrow 1$ to i

$A[i, j] = 0$

}

}

For $i \leftarrow n-1$ to 1

For $j \leftarrow n$ to $i+1$

$A[i, j] \leftarrow \infty$

For $k \leftarrow i$ to $(j-1)$

$A[i, j] = \min(A[i, j], A[i, k] + A[k+1, j]);$

}

}

$A[i, j] = A[i, j] + F[i, j];$

}

return $A[1, n];$

}

Running time Analysis:

- Initialize F takes $O(n^2)$ time
 - Initialize base cases takes $O(n^2)$ time
 - To calculate each entry $A[i, j]$, it takes $O(n)$ time.
- We have n^2 entries \Rightarrow Fill all entries take $O(n^3)$ time

\Rightarrow Total running time takes $O(n^3)$.

1 1A 70 / 70

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 5 pts Incorrect description of the memoization data structure

- 15 pts [BASE CASE] Incorrect base case(s)

- 5 pts [BASE CASE] Minor mistake in base case, like a typo or an off-by-one error

- 20 pts [ORDER] Incorrect evaluation order; a clear picture is usually sufficient. If you use nested loops, be sure to specify the nesting order.

- 5 pts [ORDER] Minor mistake in order, like a typo or an off-by-one error

- 20 pts [UPDATE] Incorrect update in the loop

- 5 pts [UPDATE] Minor mistake in updates.

- 10 pts [UPDATE] Major mistake in updates.

- 5 pts Missing or incorrect description of RETURN statement to get the final answer.

- 5 pts Incorrect time analysis

+ 5 pts BONUS: For CORRECT algorithms FASTER than those in the solutions

- 5 pts For CORRECT algorithms SLOWER than those in the solutions

- 70 pts We are unable to follow the logic of the answer, or the answer is just way too long. In the future, you might want to consider using "IDK"

- 70 pts The answer is unreadable

- 52.5 pts IDK

Q1b.

IDK

2 1B 7.5 / 30

- 0 pts Correct
- 30 pts Incorrect modification to the dynamic programming solution
- 5 pts For printing unnecessary content
- 10 pts For minor mistake
- 20 pts For major mistake
- 30 pts We are unable to follow the logic of the answer, or the answer is just way too long. In the future, you might want to consider using "IDK"
- 30 pts The answer is unreadable
- ✓ - 22.5 pts **IDK**