M6809PLOT(D2)

EXORSET PLOT PACKAGE REFERENCE MANUAL

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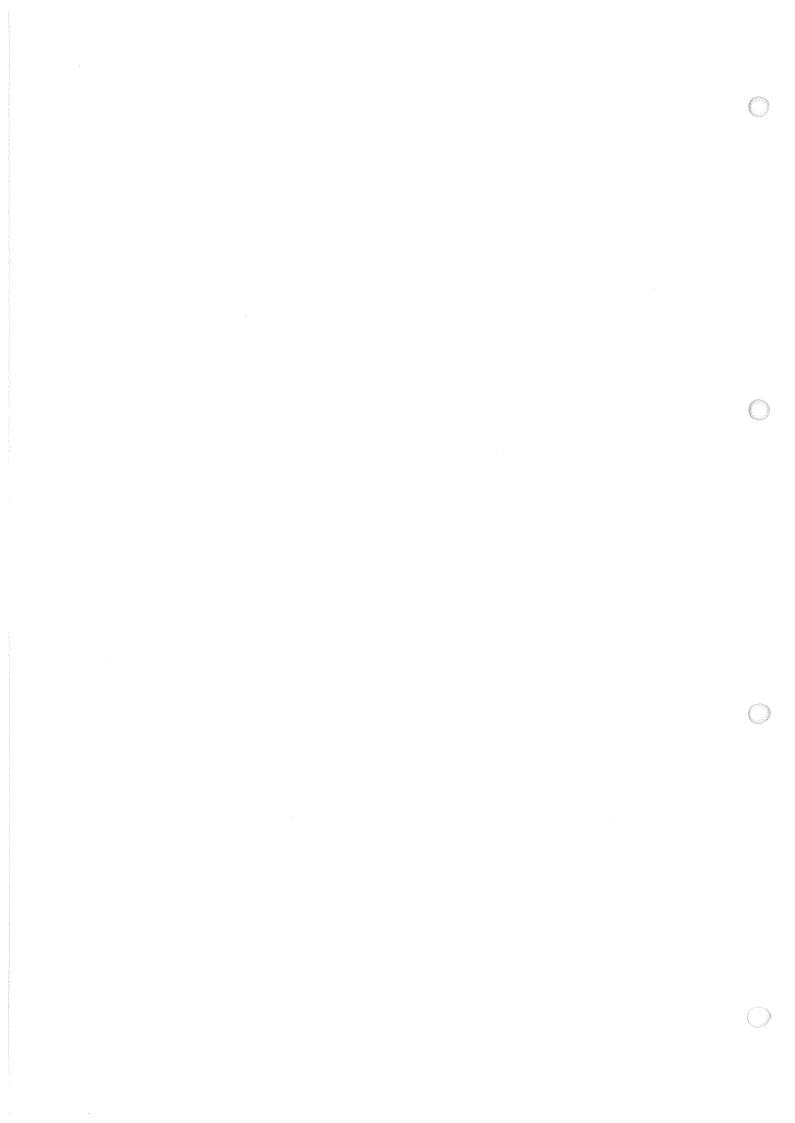
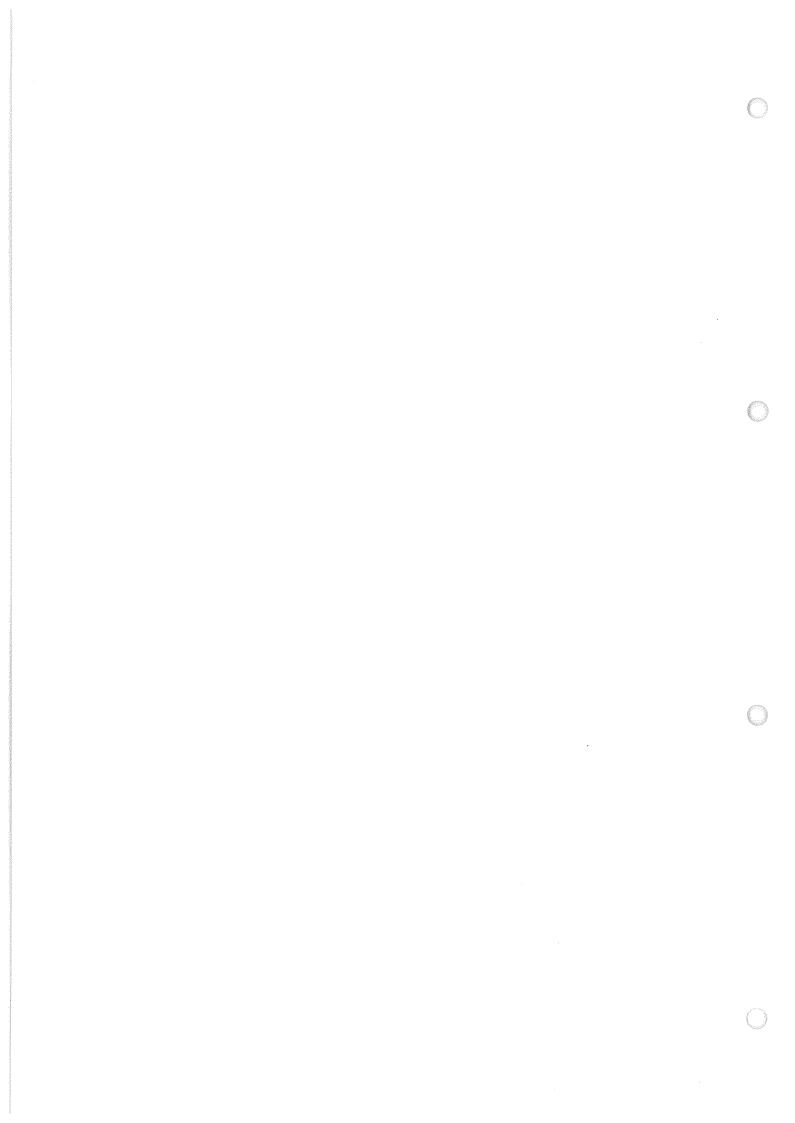


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1. INTRODUCTION

The PLOT program delivered on mini-diskette provides an easy means to drive the EXORset graphics display memory. This minimal package (520 bytes) contains a collection of very basic utilities and is both ROMable and position-independent.

The PLOT subroutines were designed to be easily called as external procedures from a BASIC-M user program, although they can be used in a different context. This document outlines the software interface to PLOT (entry parameters, arguments passing, ...etc).

1.1 GRAPHICS DISPLAY MEMORY DEFINITION

The EXORset graphics display memory is defined as a matrix of 256 rows by 320 dots, and occupies the memory space between \$4000 and \$7FFF. The dot positions (coordinates) with respect to the graphics image are as follows:

1.2 ARGUMENTS

Several PLOT functions support arguments which actually are values of coordinates in the cartesian chart defined above. The routines which operate on individual dots support two arguments (the X and Y coordinates of the dot), while those dealing with straight line generation support four arguments (the X and Y coordinates of the line extremities). The arguments must obey the following rules:

- A. The actual arguments must agree in number, order, and type with the formal arguments of th?e PLOT functions.
- B. The X and Y coordinates are 16-bit quantities which must be in the range defined in paragraph 2.
- C. Argument passing convention.

 Upon entry in a parameterized PLOT subroutine, it is assumed that the MC6809 Y-register points to an

argument table that contains 16-bit pointers to the argument values; for instance, if one wishes to draw a straight line between (10,15) and (40,70), one could write the following:

TDV	: # III A D I T			
	#TABLE VECTON	TABLE	FDB	X1,Y1,X2,Y2
	:	X1	FDB	10
		Yl	FDB	15
			:	
		Y2	FDB	70
			:	
		X2	FDB	40

As is shown on this example, the argument addresses (pointers to the arguments values) must be contiguous in the argument table, whereas the argument values need not be adjacent.

This scheme was chosen because it conforms to the way BASIC-M handles argument passing (refer to BASIC-M User Guide - paragraph 10.3).

2. USING PLOT WITH BASIC-M

As was mentioned before, the various PLOT subroutines can be easily called from a BASIC-M user program as external procedures. However, due to the fact that the EXORset graphics memory occupies the memory space into which the BASIC-M compiler and runtime package get loaded, BASIC-M cannot be used interactively. Therefore the user is required to supply the necessary compile command options and relocation procedures so that neither the runtime package, nor the user program PSCT (user code section), nor the user program DSCT (data section), reside in the graphics memory space at execution time.

As a simple example, the commands and procedures illustrated below would build a software environment where the runtime package and program DSCT originate at \$800 and \$200, respectively. The user code originates at \$9BD2 and need not be relocated since it falls outside the graphics display memory.

READY COMPILE R=\$800, D=\$200, M

Symbol Table Printout

DSCT : 0200-06AF PSCT : 9BD2-9C13

READY PATCH

.MV BEG 0000 6500 END 0000 9BC0 DEST 0000 800

.9BD2;G

 enter the EXORbug monitor to relocate the runtime package to \$800 using the MOVE command.

to \$800 using the MOVE command.

- refer to the file BASCNEWS delivered on the BASICM diskette to read the runtime installation addresses.

push the RESTART or ABORT buttons.
 Invoke program execution (in this particular example, the program section originates at \$9BD2, as is indicated

at the end of the symbol table printout).

2.1 CALLING PLOT FROM BASIC-M

2.1.1 Address Declaration

The PLOT subroutines which are to be accessed from a BASIC-M program must be declared as EXTERNAL procedures and be assigned an origin via the ADDRESS declaration clause. For easy remembering, the useful entry points of PLOT have been grouped in a jump table at the very beginning of the package. The "as-delivered" base address of PLOT is \$C000 (first EROM socket available in the EXORset primary map); thanks to its position independence, the

package may be relocated elsewhere without requiring re-assembly.

Example: the following program declares three particular utilities in PLOT to switch on the EXORset graphics memory, to erase it, and to light on a dot at coordinates X and Y, respectively.

- 10 EXTERNAL GON ADDR \$C003, ERASE ADDR \$C000
- 20 EXT DOTON ADDRESS \$C00F
- 60 GON
- 70 ERASE
- 95 IF X>30 AND X<50 THEN DOTON(X,Y)

2.1.2 Arguments type

The PLOT subroutines which support arguments assume that these latter are all of the integer type; the user is therefore responsible for declaring explicitly the argument variables as such, and/or for insuring that the arithmetic expressions used as arguments yield an integer result (refer to BASIC-M User Guide - paragraph 4.4).

Invalid examples:

- 10 INTEGER X
- 40 DOTON (X+2,\$30)

\$30 is a valid integer constant, but ... X+2 is an arithmetic expression that yields a real result. Line 40 must be written : 40 DOTON(X+\$2,\$30)

- 10 INTEGER X,Y
- 50 DOTON (X*SQR(Y),Y)

SQR is a real function. Program should be written:

- 10 INTEGER X,Y 10 INTEGER X,Y,Z
- : or : 50 DOTON (X*FIX(SQR(Y)),Y) 40 Z=SQR(Y)

3. EXAMPLES

Valid examples: Draw 8 concentric squares centered on (160,128).

```
EXT ERASE ADDR $C000, GON ADDR $C003,LINKON ADDR $C024
100
     INTEGER X1,X2,Y1,Y2
110
                          \ coordinates of center
     X0 = 160
120
130
     Y0 = 128
                         \ of each square.
                         \ switch on graphics memory.
     GON
140
                         \ erase it.
150
     ERASE
                         \ loop until 8 squares drawn.
160
     FOR J=1 TO 8
                         \ square number determines side length.
170
     DIST=10*J
180
     X1=X0-DIST
190
     Y1=Y0+DIST
200
     X2=X0+DIST
210
     Y2=Y0-DIST
     LINKON(X1,Y1,X2,Y1,X2,Y2,X1,Y2,X1,Y1) \ draw 4 sides
220
230 NEXT J
             Plot the function y = K * sin(x) for
x = 0..4*PI, K = \{0.5, 0.75, 1\}
     EXT ERASE ADDR $C000, GON ADDR $C003
     EXT AXES ADDR $C02D, DOTON ADDR $C00F
110
120
     INTEGER X, Y
     PI=3.14159265
130
     FOUR PI=4*PI
140
     DELTA TETA=PI/100
150
160
     GON
170
     ERASE
180
     AXES(FIX(0),FIX(128))
                            \ Draw axes
    FOR K=.5 TO 1 STEP .25
190
200
     FOR TETA=0 TO FOUR_PI STEP DELTA_TETA
210
     Y=128+K*127*SIN(TETA)
220
     X=319*TETA/FOUR PI
230
    DOTON(X,Y)
240
    NEXT TETA
250
    NEXT K
                              \ Draw next curve
```

Draw all the straight lines that connect 10 pairs of randomly defined coordinates.

```
EXT ERASE ADDR $C000, GON ADDR $C003
       EXT VECTON ADDR $C018
110
       INTEGER C(10,2) \ matrix of coordinates

FOR I=1 TO 10 \ generate random coordinates

C(I,1)=319*RND \ in the range 0-319 for x,
120
130
140
       C(I,2)=255*RND \setminus 0-255 \text{ for y.}
150
160
       NEXT I
170
       GON
180
       ERASE
190 FOR I=1 TO 9
```

```
200 FOR J=I+1 TO 10

210 VECTON(C(I,1),C(I,2),C(J,1),C(J,2))

220 NEXT J

230 NEXT I

240 FOR I=1 TO 1000 \ delay

250 NEXT I

260 GOTO 130 \ loop for ever
```

4. COMMAND SUMMARY

SUBROUTINE	ADDRESS (*)	DESCRIPTION
ERASE	00	Clear Graphics memory
GON	03	Enable Graphics display
GOFF	06	Disable Graphics display
AON	09	Enable Alphanumeric display
AOFF	0C	Disable Alphanumeric display
DOTON (X,Y)	OF	Light on dot (X,Y)
DOTOFF (X,Y)	12	Light off dot (X,Y)
DOTCOM (X,Y)	15	Complement dot (X,Y)
VECTON (X1,Y1,X2,Y2)	18	Light on vector $(X1,Y1)-(X2,Y2)$
VECOFF (X1,Y1,X2,Y2)	1B	Erase vector (X1,Y1)-(X2,Y2)
VECCOM (X1,Y1,X2,Y2)	1E	Complement vector (X1,Y1)-(X2,Y2)
CHCK (X,Y)	21	Read state of dot (X,Y), 0 if cleared, 1 if set. Must be called as a function !!!
LINKON (X1,Y1,,Xn,Yn)24	Light on segments $(X1,Y1)-(X2,Y2)$, $(X2,Y2)-(X3,Y3)$,
LINKOF (X1,Y1,,Xn,Yn)27	Same as LINKON but segments are erased.
LINKCM (X1,Y1,,Xn,Yn)2A	Same as LINKON but segments are complemented.
AXES (X,Y)	2D	Draw horizontal axis $(0,Y)-(319,Y)$, and vertical axis $(X,0)-(X,255)$.
FILL (X,Y,DX,DY,PAT)	••30	Fill with pattern PAT the rectangular area based at X0, and Y. X0 is the closest multiple of 8 which is less than or equal to X. The horizontal and vertical sides of the rectangle are 8*DX dots, and DY dots, respectively.

^{(*) &}quot;.." denotes the most significant byte of PLOT base address (base address defaults to \$C000).

```
*** PLOT PACKAGE FOR EXORSET ***
PAGE 001 PLOT
                 .SA:1 PLOT
00001
                              NAM
00002
                                     *** PLOT PACKAGE FOR EXORSET ***
                              TTL
00003
                                     NOW, LLEN=120
                              OPT
00004
00005
                        * VERSION : 1.00
00006
                        * DATE
                                  : APRIL 1, 1980
00007
00008
                        *************
00009
00010
                              THIS PACKAGE IS ROMABLE AND POSITION INDEPENDENT
00011
00012
                          THE OBJECT DEFAULTS TO ORIGIN $C000. SHOULD YOU WISH TO
                          RELOCATE IT ELSEWHERE, USE THE XDOS DUMP COMMAND AS SHOWN
00013
00014
                          BELOW :
00015
                          =DUMP PLOT.LO
00016
00017
                          : R FFFF
00018
                           78/MN,OP,MN,OP/
                                             (M,N,O,P ARE HEX DIGITS)
                          :
00019
                          : W
00020
                            (PLOT NOW STARTS AT ADDRESS MNOP)
00021
                            ************
00022
00023
               4000
                                     $4000
                                             GRAPHICS MEMORY BASE ADDRESS
00024
                      A SCREEN EQU
                                             EXORBUG CONSOLE OUTPUT
00025
               F018
                      A OUTCH EQU
                                     $F018
00026
00027A C000
                              ORG
                                     $C000
00028
00029
00030
                                     PLOT PACKAGE JUMP TABLE
00031
                        00032A C000 16
               0030 C033 ERASE LBRA .ERASE
                                             ERASE GRAPHICS MEMORY
00033A C003 16
               003A C040 GON
                              LBRA
                                     .GON
                                             ENABLE GRAPHICS DISPLAY
00034A C006 16
               003A C043 GOFF
                              LBRA
                                     .GOFF
                                             DISABLE GRAPHICS DISPLAY
00035A C009 16
               003A C046 AON
                                             ENABLE ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAY
                              LBRA
                                     . AON
00036A C00C 16
               003A C049 AOFF
                              LBRA
                                     .AOFF
                                             DISABLE ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAY
00037A COOF 16
                                             LIGHT ON A SPECIFIC DOT
               0059 C06B DOTON LBRA
                                     .DOTON
                                             LIGHT OFF A SPECIFIC DOT
00038A C012 16
                                     .DOTOF
               005F C074 DOTOFF LBRA
               0066 C07E DOTCOM LBRA
00039A C015
          16
                                     .DOTCM
                                             COMPLEMENT A SPECIFIC DOT
00040A C018 16
               00A2 COBD VECTON LBRA
                                     .VECON
                                             TRACE VECTOR
00041A C01B 16
               00A4 COC2 VECTOF
                              LBRA
                                     .VECOF
                                             ERASE VECTOR
00042A CO1E 16
               00A6 COC7 VECCOM LBRA
                                             COMPLEMENT VECTOR
                                     .VECCM
00043A C021 16
               0032 C056 CHCK
                                             TEST DOT STATE (REAL FUNCTION)
                              LBRA
                                     .CHCK
                                             TRACE SET OF CONTIGUOUS VECTORS
00044A C024 16
               01B4 ClDB LINKON LBRA
                                     .LKON
                                             ERASE SET OF CONTIGUOUS VECTORS
00045A C027 16
               01B6 ClEO LINKOF LBRA
                                     .LKOF
00046A C02A 16
               01B8 ClE5 LINKCM LBRA
                                     .LKCM
                                             COMPLEMENT SET OF CONTIGUOUS VECTORS
00047A C02D 16
               0137 C167 AXES
                              LBRA
                                     .AXES
                                             DRAW AXES
00048A C030 16
               016F ClA2 FILL
                                             FILL RECTANGULAR AREA
                              LBRA
                                     .FILL
00049
                        00050
                            ARGUMENTS, WHEN REQUIRED, MUST ALL BE INTEGERS !!!
00051
                        00052
                             U-STACK AND S-STACK MUST BE 30 BYTES DEEP EACH
00053
00054
```