

Деревья решений





Что будет на уроке сегодня

- 🖈 Что такое дерево решений
- 🖈 🛮 Как обучается модель «Дерево решений»













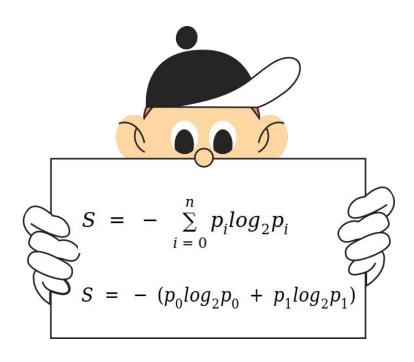
	age	gender	height	weight	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	gluc	smoke	alco	active	cardio
id												
0	50	2	168	62.0	110	80	1	1	0	0	1	0
1	55	1	156	85.0	140	90	3	1	0	0	1	1
2	51	1	165	64.0	130	70	3	1	0	0	0	1
3	48	2	169	82.0	150	100	1	1	0	0	1	1
4	47	1	156	56.0	100	60	1	1	0	0	0	0

ap_hi <= 120.0 entropy = 0.971 samples = 5 value = [2, 3]

entropy = 0.0 samples = 2 value = [2, 0] entropy = 0.0 samples = 3 value = [0, 3]



Энтропия Шеннона





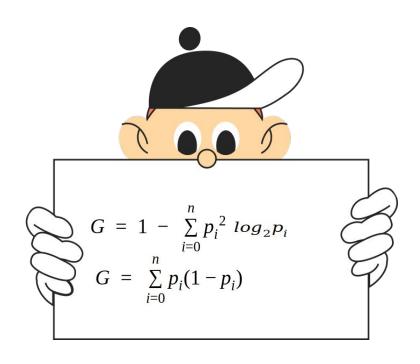
	age	gender	height	weight	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	gluc	smoke	alco	active	cardio
id												
0	50	2	168	62.0	110	80	1	1	0	0	1	0
1	55	1	156	85.0	140	90	3	1	0	0	1	1
2	51	1	165	64.0	130	70	3	1	0	0	0	1
3	48	2	169	82.0	150	100	1	1	0	0	1	1
4	47	1	156	56.0	100	60	1	1	0	0	0	0

$$S = - (p_0 log_2 p_0 + p_1 log_2 p_1)$$

$$S = -\left(\frac{2}{5} * \log_2 \frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{5} * \log_2 \frac{3}{5}\right) = 0.97$$



Критерий Джинни



ap_hi <= 120.0 entropy = 0.971 samples = 5 value = [2, 3]

```
df[(df['ap hi'] <= 120)]
                                                                       df[(df['ap hi'] > 120)]
   age gender height weight ap hi ap lo cholesterol active cardio
                                                                           age gender height weight ap_hi ap_lo cholesterol active cardio
                                                                       id
id
                  168
                        62.0
                               110
                                       80
                                                         1
                                                                                         156
                                                                                                85.0
                                                                                                       140
                                                                                                                                        1
                  156
                        56.0
                               100
                                                                            51
                                                                                         165
                                                                                                64.0
                                                                                                       130
                                                                                                              70
                                                                                                                                        1
                                       60
                                                                            48
                                                                                         169
                                                                                                82.0
                                                                                                       150
                                                                                                              100
                                                                                     2
                                                                                                                                        1
                                                                        3
       S = -\left(\frac{2}{2} * \log_2 \frac{2}{2}\right) = 0
```

entropy = 0.0

samples = 3

value = [0, 3]

entropy = 0.0

samples = 2

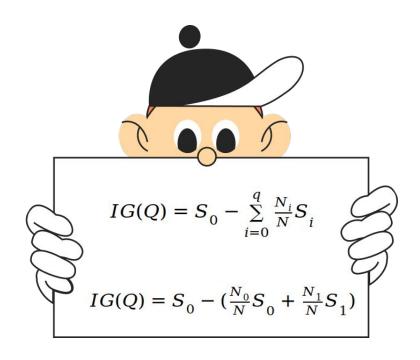
value = [2, 0]

age <= 50.0 entropy = 0.971 samples = 5 value = [2, 3]

$$S = -\left(\frac{2}{3} * \log_2 \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} * \log_2 \frac{1}{3}\right) = 0.918 \qquad S = -\left(\frac{2}{2} * \log_2 \frac{2}{2}\right) = 0$$



Прирост информации (Information gain)





 df [df.age <= 50]</th>

 age gender height weight ap_hi ap_lo cholesterol active cardio

 id
 0
 50
 2
 168
 62.0
 110
 80
 1
 1
 0

 3
 48
 2
 169
 82.0
 150
 100
 1
 1
 1

 $S = -\left(\frac{2}{3} * \log_2 \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} * \log_2 \frac{1}{3}\right) = 0.918$

100

56.0

156

df[df.age > 50]

	age	gender	height	-			cholesterol	active	cardio
id									
1	55	1	156	85.0	140	90	3	1	1
2	51	1	165	64.0	130	70	3	0	1

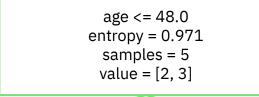
$$S = -(\frac{2}{2} * \log_2 \frac{2}{2}) = 0$$

$$IG(Q) = 0.971 - (\frac{3}{5} * 0.918 + \frac{2}{5} * 0) = 0.42$$

0

0





df[df.age <= 48]												
	age	gender	height	weight	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	active	cardio			
id												
3	48	2	169	82.0	150	100	1	1	1			
4	47	1	156	56.0	100	60	1	0	0			

$$S = -\left(\frac{1}{2} * \log_2 \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} * \log_2 \frac{1}{2}\right) = 1$$

df	df		age	>	48]
----	----	--	-----	---	-----

	age	gender	height	weight	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	active	cardio
id									
0	50	2	168	62.0	110	80	1	1	0
1	55	1	156	85.0	140	90	3	1	1
2	51	1	165	64.0	130	70	3	0	1

$$S = -\left(\frac{1}{3} * \log_2 \frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} * \log_2 \frac{3}{3}\right) = 0.918$$

$$IG(Q) = 0.971 - (\frac{2}{5} * 1 + \frac{3}{5} * 0.918) = 0.02$$



df	<pre>df[df.weight <= 56]</pre>											
	age	gender	height	weight	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	active	cardio			
id												
4	47	1	156	56.0	100	60	1	0	0			

	No. 2 of the Control												
	age	gender	height	weight	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	active	cardio				
id													
4	47	1	156	56.0	100	60	1	0	0				

$$S = -\left(\frac{1}{1} * \log_2 \frac{1}{1}\right) = 0$$

df	df[df.weight > 56]												
	age	gender	height	weight	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	active	cardio				
id													
0	50	2	168	62.0	110	80	1	1	0				
1	55	1	156	85.0	140	90	3	1	1				
2	51	1	165	64.0	130	70	3	0	1				

$$S = -\left(\frac{1}{4} * \log_2 \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} * \log_2 \frac{3}{4}\right) = 0.811$$

82.0

$$IG(Q) = 0.971 - (\frac{1}{5} * 0 + \frac{4}{5} * 0.811) = 0.32$$



df[df.weight <= 63]										
	age	gender	height	weight	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	active	cardio	
id										
0	50	2	168	62.0	110	80	1	1	0	
4	47	1	156	56.0	100	60	1	0	0	

$$S = -(\frac{2}{2} * \log_2 \frac{2}{2}) = 0$$

df	df[df.weight > 63]												
	age	gender	height	weight	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	active	cardio				
id													
1	55	1	156	85.0	140	90	3	1	1				
2	51	1	165	64.0	130	70	3	0	1				
3	48	2	169	82.0	150	100	1	1	1				

$$S = -\left(\frac{3}{3} * \log_2 \frac{3}{3}\right) = 0$$

$$IG(Q) = 0.971 - (\frac{2}{5} * 0 + \frac{3}{5} * 0) = 0.971$$

age <= 50
$$IG(Q) = 0.971 - (\frac{3}{5} * 0.918 + \frac{2}{5} * 0) = 0.42$$

age <= 48
$$IG(Q) = 0.971 - (\frac{2}{5} * 1 + \frac{3}{5} * 0.918) = 0.02$$

weight
$$<= 56$$
 $IG(Q) = 0.971 - (\frac{1}{5} * 0 + \frac{4}{5} * 0.811) = 0.32$

weight
$$<= 63$$
 $IG(Q) = 0.971 - (\frac{2}{5} * 0 + \frac{3}{5} * 0) = 0.971$



Решающие деревья: критерии останова

- В вершине один объект
- В вершине объекты одного класса
- В вершину попало < n объектов
- Глубина превысила порог



Решающие деревья: ответ

	age	gender	height	weight	ap_hi	ap_lo	cholesterol	active	cardio
id									
0	50	2	168	62.0	110	80	1	1	0
4	47	1	156	56.0	100	60	1	0	0

```
cholesterol <= 2.0
                  entropy = 0.971
                    samples = 5
                   value = [2, 3]
                     class = 1
        height <= 168.5
                             entropy = 0.0
        entropy = 0.918
                              samples = 2
          samples = 3
                             value = [0, 2]
         value = [2, 1]
                               class = 1
            class = 0
entropy = 0.0
                   entropy = 0.0
samples = 2
                    samples = 1
value = [2, 0]
                   value = [0, 1]
  class = 0
                      class = 1
```



Что мы сегодня узнали и чему научились

- 🧠 Что такое дерево решений
- 🧠 Как обучается модель «Дерево решений»





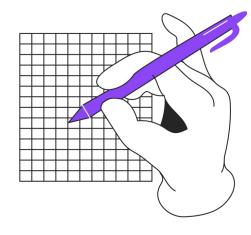
Дополнительные материалы

- <u>Дерево решений для задачи регрессии</u>
- <u>Дерево решений для задачи классификации</u>
- <u>Критерии останова для дерева решений</u>
- <u>Метрика accuracy</u>
- <u>Переобучение/недообучение</u>



Практическое задание

Практика













Вопросы?

Вопросы?





