

```
mirror object to mirror  
mirror_mod.mirror_object  
operation == "MIRROR_X":  
mirror_mod.use_x = True  
mirror_mod.use_y = False  
mirror_mod.use_z = False  
operation == "MIRROR_Y":  
mirror_mod.use_x = False  
mirror_mod.use_y = True  
mirror_mod.use_z = False  
operation == "MIRROR_Z":  
mirror_mod.use_x = False  
mirror_mod.use_y = False  
mirror_mod.use_z = True
```

```
selection at the end -add  
mirror_ob.select= 1  
mirror_ob.select=1  
context.scene.objects.active  
("Selected" + str(modifier))  
mirror_ob.select = 0  
bpy.context.selected_objects  
data.objects[one.name].select  
print("please select exactly")
```

OPERATOR CLASSES -----

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201832180

ICS 202 DATA STRUCTURES
LAB PROJECT

Source code

Code for GeneralTreeNode class:

```
import java.util.ArrayList;

public class GeneralTreeNode<T extends Comparable<? super T>> implements
Comparable<GeneralTreeNode> {

    public T info;
    private int MAXIMUM = 10;
    public GeneralTreeNode<T> parent;
    public ArrayList<GeneralTreeNode> children;

    public GeneralTreeNode(T info) {
        this.info = info;
        this.parent = null;
        children = new ArrayList<>(getMAXIMUM());
    }

    public void addChild(GeneralTreeNode child) {
        if (this.children.size() == 1 - getMAXIMUM()) {
            System.out.println("Parent node have a maximum number of children !");
        } else {
            this.children.add(child);
            child.parent = this;
        }
    }

    public int getMAXIMUM() {
        return MAXIMUM;
    }

    public void setMAXIMUM(int MAXIMUM) {
        this.MAXIMUM = MAXIMUM;
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return this.info.toString();
    }

    @Override
    public int compareTo(GeneralTreeNode node) {
        return ((String) this.info).compareTo((String) node.info);
    }
}
```

Code for GeneralTree class:

```
import java.util.*;

public class GeneralTree<T extends Comparable<? super T>> {

    GeneralTreeNode<T> root = null;

    public GeneralTree() {
    }

    public GeneralTree(GeneralTreeNode rootNode) {
        if (root == null)
            root = new GeneralTreeNode(rootNode);
        else
            System.out.println("Root is not empty, use insert method");
    }

    public void insert(GeneralTreeNode parentNode, GeneralTreeNode newNode) {
        if (isEmpty()) {
            root = parentNode;
            root.addChild(newNode);
        } else if (root.children.isEmpty() && root.info.equals(parentNode.info)) {
            root.addChild(newNode);
        } else {
            find(root, parentNode).addChild(newNode);
        }
    }

    public void delete(GeneralTreeNode existingNode) {
        if (isEmpty()) {
            System.out.println("The tree is empty !");
        } else if (find(root, existingNode) != null) {
            if (root.info.equals(existingNode.info)) {
                root.children.clear();
                root = null;
            } else {
                GeneralTreeNode tmp = find(root, new GeneralTreeNode(existingNode.toString()));
                tmp.parent.children.remove(tmp);
            }
        } else System.out.println("The node you want to delete does not exist !");
    }
}
```

```

public String search(GeneralTreeNode newNode) {
    if (isEmpty()) {
        System.out.println("The tree is empty !");
    } else if (find(root, newNode) != null) {
        if (root.info.equals(newNode.info))
            return newNode.toString();
        else {
            ArrayList arraylistPath = new ArrayList();
            GeneralTreeNode tmp = find(root, newNode);
            while (tmp != null) {
                arraylistPath.add(tmp);
                tmp = tmp.parent;
            }
            Collections.reverse(arraylistPath);
            return arraylistPath.toString().replace("[", "").replace("]", "");
        }
    }
    return "The node you want to search for does not exist !";
}

public void sortByLevel() {
    sortByLevel(root);
}

private void sortByLevel(GeneralTreeNode root) {
    if (isEmpty())
        return;
    Collections.sort(root.children);
    for (Object child : root.children) {
        if (!((GeneralTreeNode) child).children.isEmpty()) {
            sortByLevel((GeneralTreeNode) child);
        }
    }
}

public GeneralTreeNode find(GeneralTreeNode tmp, GeneralTreeNode findNode) {
    if (tmp.info.equals(findNode.info))
        return tmp;
    else {
        for (Object child : tmp.children) {
            GeneralTreeNode generalTreeNode = find((GeneralTreeNode) child, findNode);
            if (generalTreeNode != null)
                return generalTreeNode;
        }
    }
    return null;
}

```

```

public ArrayList<T> preOrder() {
    ArrayList treeList = new ArrayList();
    return preOrder(root, treeList);
}

private ArrayList<T> preOrder(GeneralTreeNode root, ArrayList list) {
    if (isEmpty())
        return list;
    list.add(root.info);
    for (Object child : root.children) {
        preOrder((GeneralTreeNode) child, list);
    }
    return list;
}

public ArrayList<T> postOrder() {
    ArrayList treeList = new ArrayList();
    return postOrder(root, treeList);
}

private ArrayList<T> postOrder(GeneralTreeNode root, ArrayList list) {
    if (isEmpty())
        return list;
    for (Object child : root.children) {
        postOrder((GeneralTreeNode) child, list);
    }
    list.add(root.info);
    return list;
}

public void bfs(GeneralTreeNode root) {
    if (root == null)
        return;

    Queue<GeneralTreeNode> queue = new LinkedList<>();
    queue.add(root);
    while (!queue.isEmpty()) {
        int size = queue.size();

        while (size > 0) {

            GeneralTreeNode generalTreeNode = queue.peek();
            queue.remove();
            System.out.print(generalTreeNode.info + " ");

            for (int i = 0; i < generalTreeNode.children.size(); i++)
                queue.add((GeneralTreeNode) generalTreeNode.children.get(i));
            size--;
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
}

```

```

public boolean isEmpty() {
    return root == null;
}

public void numberOfFilesAndFolders(GeneralTreeNode tmp) {

    int folders = 0;
    int files = 0;

    if (!root.children.isEmpty()) {
        folders++;
        for (Object child : tmp.children) {
            if (!((GeneralTreeNode) child).children.isEmpty())
                folders++;
            else
                files++;
            for (Object childOfChild : ((GeneralTreeNode) child).children) {
                files++;
            }
        }
    } else
        files++;
    System.out.println("The number of folders : " + folders + "\nThe number of files : " + files);
}

}

```

Code for TestClass class:

```
import java.io.File;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class TestClass {

    private static GeneralTree generalTree = new GeneralTree();
    private static int num;

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {

        do {
            Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
            num = getMenuChoice();

            switch (num) {
                case 1: {

                    System.out.println("Enter the path for the tree:");
                    insert(new File(scanner.nextLine()));
                    break;
                }
                case 2: {
                    String folder;
                    String file;
                    System.out.println("Enter the number of files/folder you want to add :");
                    int h = scanner.nextInt();
                    for (int i = 0; i < h; i++) {
                        System.out.println("Enter the folder name for the new file");
                        folder = scanner.next();
                        System.out.println("Enter the new file name");
                        file = scanner.next();
                        generalTree.insert(new GeneralTreeNode(folder), new GeneralTreeNode(file));
                    }
                    break;
                }
                case 3: {
                    if (!generalTree.isEmpty())
                        generalTree.bfs(generalTree.root);
                    else
                        System.out.println("The tree is empty !");
                    break;
                }

                case 4: {
                    if (!generalTree.isEmpty()) {
                        System.out.println("Enter the file/folder name to delete :");
                        generalTree.delete(new GeneralTreeNode(scanner.next()));
                    } else
                        System.out.println("The tree is empty !");
                    break;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

case 5: {
    if (!generalTree.isEmpty()) {
        System.out.println("Enter the file/folder name to print it's path :");
        System.out.println(generalTree.search(new GeneralTreeNode(scanner.next())));
    } else
        System.out.println("The tree is empty !");
    break;
}
case 6: {
    if (!generalTree.isEmpty()) {
        generalTree.sortByLevel();
        generalTree.bfs(generalTree.root);
    } else
        System.out.println("The tree is empty !");
    break;
}
case 7: {
    if (!generalTree.isEmpty())
        System.out.println(generalTree.preOrder());
    else
        System.out.println("The tree is empty !");
    break;
}
case 8: {
    if (!generalTree.isEmpty())
        System.out.println(generalTree.postOrder());
    else
        System.out.println("The tree is empty !");
    break;
}
case 9: {
    if (!generalTree.isEmpty())
        generalTree.numberOfFilesAndFolders(generalTree.root);
    else
        System.out.println("The number of folders : " + 0 + "\nThe number of files : " + 0);
    break;
}
case 10: {
    System.out.println("Terminating ...");
    break;
}
}
System.out.println();
} while (num != 10);

}

```



```

public static int getMenuChoice() {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    int choice;

    do {
        System.out.println("Please select the operation: ");
        System.out.println("1. Create a new tree :");
        System.out.println("2. Add a new folders/files :");
        System.out.println("3. Print the tree in bfs ");
        System.out.println("4. Delete file or folder :");
        System.out.println("5. Print the path for folder/file :");
        System.out.println("6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :");
        System.out.println("7. Prints the tree in preorder :");
        System.out.println("8. Prints the tree in postorder :");
        System.out.println("9. Print the number of files and folders :");
        System.out.println("10. Exit");

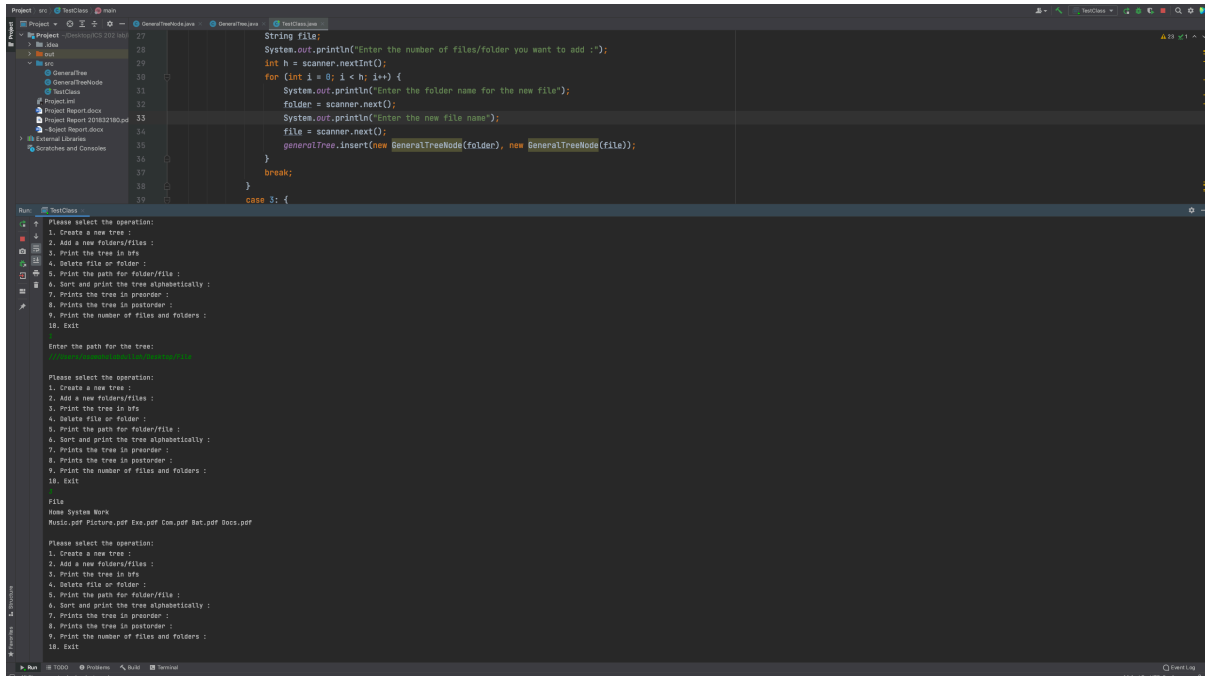
        choice = scanner.nextInt();
        if (choice < 1 || choice > 10)
            System.out.println("Error: Wrong operation!");
    } while (choice < 1 || choice > 10);
    return choice;
}

public static void insert(File folder) {
    for (File fileEntry : folder.listFiles()) {
        if (fileEntry.isDirectory() && !fileEntry.getName().equals(".DS_Store")) {
            generalTree.insert(new GeneralTreeNode(fileEntry.getParentFile().getName()),
                new GeneralTreeNode(fileEntry.getName()));
            insert(fileEntry);
        } else {
            if (!fileEntry.getName().equals(".DS_Store")) {
                generalTree.insert(new GeneralTreeNode(fileEntry.getParentFile().getName()),
                    new GeneralTreeNode(fileEntry.getName()));
            }
        }
    }
}
}

```

Output screen shots

Generate a new tree and print the tree:



```
String file;
System.out.println("Enter the number of files/folder you want to add :");
int h = scanner.nextInt();
for (int i = 0; i < h; i++) {
    System.out.println("Enter the folder name for the new file");
    folder = scanner.next();
    System.out.println("Enter the new file name");
    file = scanner.next();
    generalTree.insert(new GeneralTreeNode(folder), new GeneralTreeNode(file));
}
break;
}
case 3: {
```

Run: TestClass

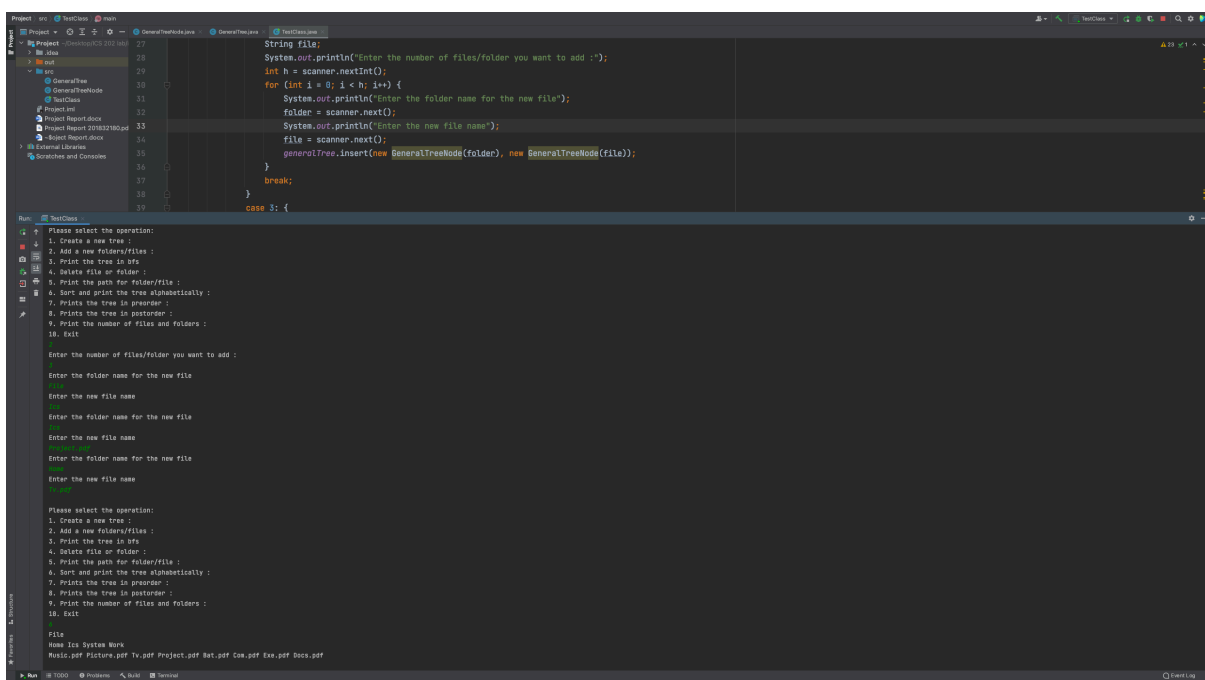
Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit

Enter the path for the tree:

Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit

File
Home System Work
Music.pdf Picture.pdf Exe.pdf Com.pdf Bat.pdf Docs.pdf

Insert a new folder “Ics” which has a child “Project.pdf”, also insert file ”Tv.pdf” to Home folder. Also, sort and print the tree after that.



```
String file;
System.out.println("Enter the number of files/folder you want to add :");
int h = scanner.nextInt();
for (int i = 0; i < h; i++) {
    System.out.println("Enter the folder name for the new file");
    folder = scanner.next();
    System.out.println("Enter the new file name");
    file = scanner.next();
    generalTree.insert(new GeneralTreeNode(folder), new GeneralTreeNode(file));
}
break;
}
case 3: {
```

Run: TestClass

Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit

Enter the number of files/folder you want to add :

Enter the folder name for the new file

Enter the new file name

Enter the folder name for the new file

Enter the new file name

Enter the folder name for the new file

Enter the new file name

Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit

File
Home Ics System Work
Music.pdf Picture.pdf Tv.pdf Project.pdf Bat.pdf Com.pdf Exe.pdf Docs.pdf

Delete folder "Test", then print the tree:

The screenshot shows an IDE with a project named "TestClass". The "GeneralTree.java" file is open, displaying a recursive method for inserting nodes into a tree. The "Test" folder is highlighted in the project explorer. The console output shows the following sequence of events:

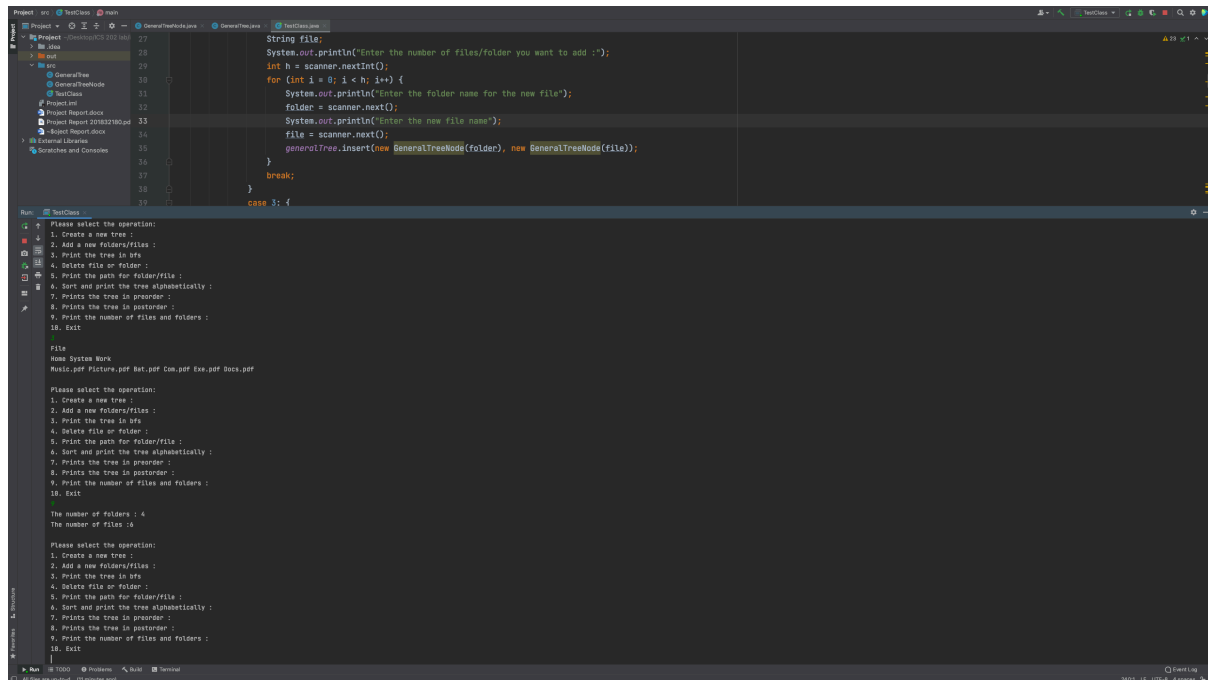
```
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit
Enter the file/folder name to delete :
Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs :
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit
Enter the file/folder name to delete :
The node you want to delete does not exist !
Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs :
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit
File
Home System Work
Music.pdf Picture.pdf Bat.pdf Can.pdf Eke.pdf Docs.pdf
Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs :
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit
```

Pre order && Post order && bfs for the tree:

The screenshot shows the same IDE as before, but with the "Test" folder deleted. The console output now shows the traversal of the tree structure:

```
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs :
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit
[File, Home, Music.pdf, Picture.pdf, System, Bat.pdf, Can.pdf, Eke.pdf, Work, Docs.pdf]
Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs :
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit
[Music.pdf, Picture.pdf, Home, Bat.pdf, Can.pdf, Eke.pdf, System, Docs.pdf, Work, File]
Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs :
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit
File
Home System Work
Music.pdf Picture.pdf Home, Bat.pdf, Can.pdf, Eke.pdf, System, Docs.pdf, Work, File
```

Print the number of files and folders:



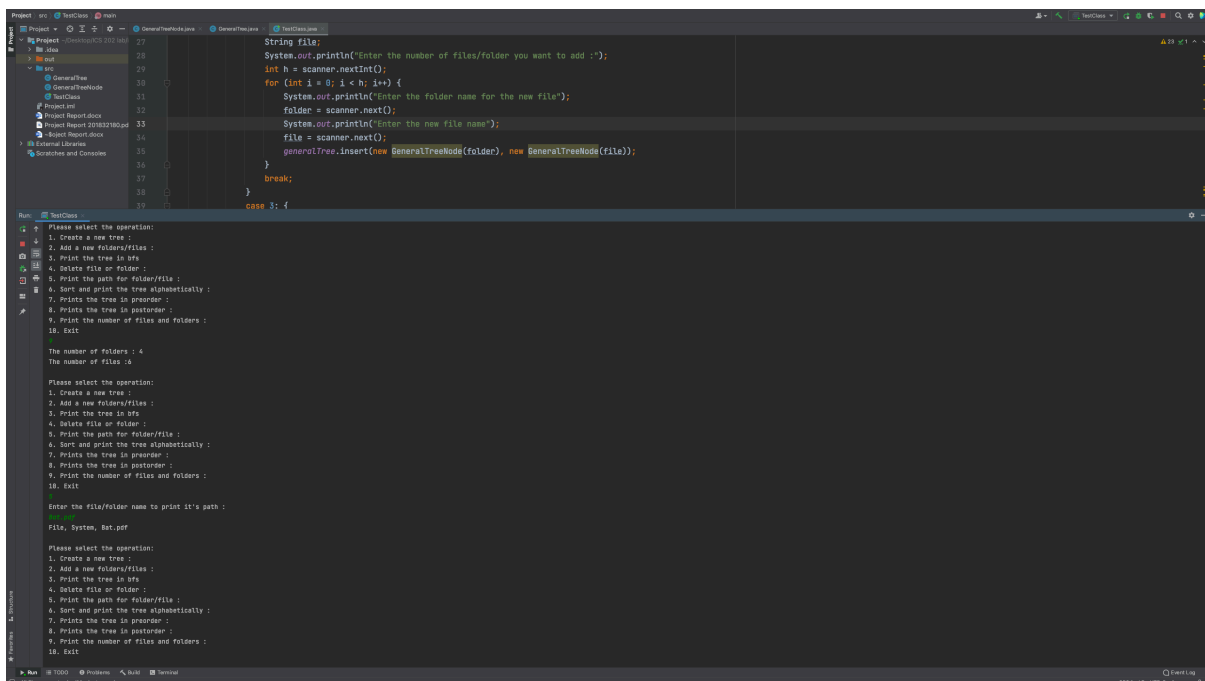
The screenshot shows an IDE with a project named "GeneralTree" and a class named "TestClass". The code in "TestClass.java" is as follows:

```
String file;
System.out.println("Enter the number of files/folder you want to add :");
int h = scanner.nextInt();
for (int i = 0; i < h; i++) {
    System.out.println("Enter the folder name for the new file");
    folder = scanner.next();
    System.out.println("Enter the new file name");
    file = scanner.next();
    generalTree.insert(new GeneralTreeNode(folder), new GeneralTreeNode(file));
}
break;
}
case 3: {
```

The Run console shows the following output:

```
Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit
The number of folders : 4
The number of files : 4
```

Print the path for selected node:



The screenshot shows the same IDE as the previous one, but with the code in "TestClass.java" modified to include a method to print the path for a selected node. The code is as follows:

```
String file;
System.out.println("Enter the number of files/folder you want to add :");
int h = scanner.nextInt();
for (int i = 0; i < h; i++) {
    System.out.println("Enter the folder name for the new file");
    folder = scanner.next();
    System.out.println("Enter the new file name");
    file = scanner.next();
    generalTree.insert(new GeneralTreeNode(folder), new GeneralTreeNode(file));
}
break;
}
case 3: {
    System.out.println("Enter the file/folder name to print its path :");
    String path = generalTree.getPath(file);
    System.out.println(path);
}
break;
}
```

The Run console shows the following output:

```
Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit
The number of folders : 4
The number of files : 4
Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit
Enter the file/folder name to print its path :
file, System, Bat.pdf
Please select the operation:
1. Create a new tree :
2. Add a new folders/files :
3. Print the tree in bfs
4. Delete file or folder :
5. Print the path for folder/file :
6. Sort and print the tree alphabetically :
7. Prints the tree in preorder :
8. Prints the tree in postorder :
9. Print the number of files and folders :
10. Exit
```