```
library(stringi)
library(lubridate)
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
comcast data<- read.csv("E:/R Project/Comcast Telecom Complaints
data.csv", header = TRUE)
#Manipulating column names
names(comcast data)<- stri replace all(regex = "\\.",replacement = "",str</pre>
=names(comcast data))
head(comcast data)
na vector <- is.na(comcast data)</pre>
length(na vector[na vector==T])
#This shows that there is no missing values in dataset, so now data is tidy
and available to process further or do EDA based on requriment. •
Processing Date.
comcast data$Date<- dmy(comcast data$Date)</pre>
#Extracting Monthly and Daily Ticket Count
monthly_count<- summarise(group_by(comcast_data,Month</pre>
=as.integer(month(Date))),Count = n())
daily count<- summarise(group by(comcast data,Date),Count =n())</pre>
monthly count<-arrange(monthly count, Month)</pre>
#Comparing Monthly and Daily Complaints
ggplot(data = monthly count, aes(Month, Count, label = Count))+
  geom line()+
  geom point(size = 0.8)+
  geom text()+
  scale x continuous(breaks = monthly count$Month) +
  labs(title = "Monthly Ticket Count", x = "Months", y = "No. of Tickets") +
  theme(plot.title = element text(hjust = 0.5))
#As we can see that in the month of April, May the tickets are increses but
in the month of June it increases drastically, so there might be some
reason for which they received high amount of tickets.
ggplot(data = daily count, aes(as.POSIXct(Date), Count)) +
  geom line()+
  geom\ point(size = 1) +
  scale x datetime(breaks = "1 weeks", date labels = "%d/%m") +
  labs(title = "Daily Ticket Count", x= "Days", y = "No. of Tickets") +
  theme (axis.text.x = element text(angle = 75),
        plot.title = element text(hjust = 0.5))
#And with the help of above daily chart of tickets we can observe that in
second half of June month we recived more tickets with respect to normal
days
# Complaint Type Processing
network tickets<- contains(comcast data$CustomerComplaint,match =</pre>
'network',ignore.case = T)
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internet tickets<- contains(comcast data$CustomerComplaint,match =</pre>
'internet',ignore.case = T)
billing tickets<- contains(comcast data$CustomerComplaint,match =</pre>
'bill',ignore.case = T)
email tickets<- contains(comcast data$CustomerComplaint,match =</pre>
'email', ignore.case = T)
charges ticket<- contains(comcast data$CustomerComplaint,match =</pre>
'charge',ignore.case = T)
comcast data$ComplaintType[internet tickets]<- "Internet"</pre>
comcast data$ComplaintType[network tickets]<- "Network"</pre>
comcast data$ComplaintType[billing tickets]<- "Billing"</pre>
comcast data$ComplaintType[email tickets]<- "Email"</pre>
comcast data$ComplaintType[charges ticket]<- "Charges"</pre>
comcast data$ComplaintType[-c(internet tickets,network tickets,
                               billing tickets, charges ticket, email tickets)]<-</pre>
"Others"
table(comcast data$ComplaintType)
#As we can observe that there are some complaints from different-different
categories and we combined them into one, i.e.- others. So most of the
complaints are related to Internet issue. • Creating new Variable
ComplaintStatus with values Open and Closed.
open_complaints<- (comcast_data$Status == "Open" | comcast data$Status</pre>
=="Pending")
closed complaints<-(comcast data$Status == "Closed"| comcast data$Status</pre>
=="Solved")
comcast data$ComplaintStatus[ open complaints]<-"Open"</pre>
comcast data$ComplaintStatus[closed complaints]<- "Closed"</pre>
#Creating Stacked barchart for complaints based on State and Status
comcast data<- group by(comcast data, State, ComplaintStatus)</pre>
chart_data<- summarise(comcast_data,Count = n())</pre>
ggplot(as.data.frame(chart data) ,mapping = aes(State,Count))+
  geom col(aes(fill = ComplaintStatus), width = 0.95) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 15),
        axis.title.x = element text(size = 15),
        title = element text(size = 16,colour = "#0073C2FF"),
        plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))+
  labs(title = "Ticket Status Stacked Bar Chart ",
       x = "States", y = "No of Tickets",
       fill= "Status")
#Now it's clearly shown that the highest number of complaints recorded from
the state Georgia and the second highest number of complaints recorded from
the state Florida. • Finding State which has Highest number of Unresolved
Tickets.
chart data%>%
  filter(ComplaintStatus == "Open") ->
  open complaints
open complaints[open complaints$Count == max(open complaints$Count), c(1,3)]
#As we can observe that State Georgia has maximum number of unresolved
tickets and these ticket count is 80. • Calculating Resolution Percentage
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based on Total and Catagory

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resolved_data <- group_by(comcast_data,ComplaintStatus)
total_resloved<- summarise(resolved_data ,percentage =(n()/
nrow(resolved_data)))
resolved_data <- group_by(comcast_data,ReceivedVia,ComplaintStatus)
Category_resloved<- summarise(resolved_data ,percentage =(n()/
nrow(resolved_data)))</pre>
```