

Beijing National Day School  
Department of Mathematics & Computer Science

# AP Computer Science Principles

## **Semester 2 Exam**

**Location:** Library, 6th Floor, Aspiration Building

**Date:** Wednesday, June 26th, 2019

**Start Time:** 2:00PM

**End Time:** 4:00PM

**NO CALCULATORS PERMITTED**

English Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Pinyin Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Alwin Tareen, June 2019

### **Exam Record**

Multiple Choice \_\_\_\_\_ / 30 pts

Short Answer \_\_\_\_\_ / 30 pts

Reflections \_\_\_\_\_ / 30 pts

Total: \_\_\_\_\_ / 90 pts

Grade: \_\_\_\_\_

**Section I: Multiple Choice (30 points)**

- Number of questions: 30. Percent of total grade:  $33\frac{1}{3}$ .
- Decide which is the best of the choices given, and select the correct answer by placing an “X” in the corresponding box.

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **1.** Which of the following choices is a legal and legitimate Python variable name?

- 2bad4you  
 calvin&hobbes  
 year2000  
 #hammertime

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **2.** You would like to set up a variable called `ounces` that has the value 16. What simple Python statement will accomplish this?

- `ounces = 16`  
 `16 = ounces`  
 `def ounces(16):`  
 `ounces(16)`

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **3.** What does the following Python statement print out:

```
print("123" + "abc")
```

1 pt

- "123" + "abc"  
 This is a syntax error because you cannot add strings.  
 123+abc  
 123abc

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **4.** In Python, the `float` data type is used to store:

- booleans  
 decimal numbers  
 strings  
 integers

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **5.** What is the result of the following Python statement:

```
print(42%10)
```

1 pt

- 1042  
 420  
 4  
 2

5 pts

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **6.** Which of the following choices is the correct assignment statement for a **string** data type?

- greetings = [Hello]
- greetings = @Hello@
- greetings = "Hello"
- greetings = #Hello#

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **7.** What is the result of the following Python statement:

print(17/4)
1 pt

- 4
- 4.0
- 4.3
- 4.25

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **8.** What are the only values that are permissible in Python's **boolean** data type?

- Yes, No
- On, Off
- Right, Wrong
- True, False

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **9.** Which of the following is a comment in Python?

- /\* This is a test \*/
- // This is a test
- # This is a test
- % This is a test

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **10.** Which of the following elements of a mathematical expression in Python is evaluated first?

- Multiplication \*
- Addition +
- Parenthesis ()
- Subtraction -

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **11.** What will be the value of x when the following statement is executed: x = int(98.6)

- 99
- 6
- 98
- 100

1 pt

6 pts

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **12.** What does the Python function `input()` do?

- Pause the program and read data from the user.
- Take a screen shot from an area of the screen.
- Read the memory of the running program.
- Connect to the network and retrieve a web page.

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **13.** Which Python keyword indicates the start of a function definition?

- `sweet`
- `def`
- `continue`
- `return`

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **14.** Consider the following function definition:

```
def circleara(radius):
```

In this context, what is the formal name for the variable `radius`?

1 pt

- expression
- logical deduction
- parameter
- condition

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **15.** What does the following Python program print out?

```
str1 = "Hello"  
str2 = "there"  
greet = str1 + str2  
print(greet)
```

1 pt

- Hello there
- Hellothere
- there
- Hello

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **16.** How would you use the index operator to print out the letter "q" from the following string?

```
x = "From marquard@uct.ac.za"
```

1 pt

- `print(x[9])`
- `print(x[8])`
- `print(x[-1])`
- `print(x[q])`

5 pts

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 17. How would you use string slicing to print out "uct" from the following string?

```
x = "From marquard@uct.ac.za"
```

1 pt

- print(x[14+17])
- print(x[15:18])
- print(x[14:17])
- print(x[14:3])

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 18. What is the iteration variable in the following Python code?

```
for letter in "banana":  
    print(letter)
```

1 pt

- letter
- print
- in
- "banana"

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 19. How would you print out the following string in all upper case in Python?

```
greet = "Hello there"
```

1 pt

- puts greet.ucase;
- print(uc(\$greet))
- print(greet.upper())
- console.log(greet.toUpperCase());

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 20. What does the following Python program print out?

```
data = "From stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za"  
pos = data.find(".")  
print(data[pos:pos+3])
```

1 pt

- uct
- mar
- .ma
- ste

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 21. For the following list, how would you print out "Sally"?

```
friends = ["Joseph", "Glenn", "Sally"]
```

1 pt

- print(friends[3])
- print(friends["Sally"])
- print(friends[2])
- print(friends[2:1])

5 pts

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **22.** Which of the following Python statements would print out the length of a list stored in the variable `fruit`? 1 pt

`print(length(fruit))`  
 `print(fruit.length())`  
 `print(len(fruit))`  
 `print(strlen(fruit))`

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **23.** What type of data is produced when you call the `range()` function? For example, consider the statement: `nums = range(5)` 1 pt

A list of characters  
 A list of integers  
 A list of words  
 A string

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **24.** What does the following Python code print out? 1 pt

```
first = [1, 2, 3]
second = [4, 5, 6]
nums = first + second
print(len(nums))
```

[1, 2, 3]  
 [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]  
 [4, 5, 6]  
 6

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **25.** Which of the following slicing operations will produce the list [12, 3]? 1 pt

```
nums = [9, 41, 12, 3, 74, 15]
```

`nums[1:3]`  
 `nums[2:4]`  
 `nums[2:2]`  
 `nums[12:3]`

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **26.** Which list method adds a new item to the end of an existing list? 1 pt

`add()`  
 `append()`  
 `index()`  
 `push()`

5 pts

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **27.** What will the following Python code print out?

```
friends = ["Joseph", "Glenn", "Sally"]
friends.sort()
print(friends[0])
```

1 pt

- Glenn
- Joseph
- friends
- Sally

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **28.** Which of the following Python functions deletes an element from a list?

- push()
- pop()
- invalidate()
- split()

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **29.** Which of the following Python functions breaks a string into a list of words?

- split()
- join()
- remove()
- extend()

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>) **30.** What task does the following Python code perform?

```
for num in range(1, 10, 2):
    print(num)
```

1 pt

- It prints all the ODD numbers in the range [1, 9]
- It prints all numbers in the range [1, 9]
- This code fails with a traceback.
- It prints all the EVEN numbers in the range [1, 10]

4 pts

**Section II: Short Answer (30 points)**

- Number of questions: 30. Percent of total grade:  $33\frac{1}{3}$ .
- Answer each of the following questions in the space provided.

(1<sup>pt</sup>)

1. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
print(3 > 4 or (2 < 3 and 9 > 10))
```

Answer:

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>)

2. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
spice = "cinnamon"
print(len(spice))
```

Answer:

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>)

3. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
breakfast = "pineapple"
print(breakfast[0:4])
```

Answer:

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>)

4. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
flavor = "strawberry"
print(flavor[2:5])
```

Answer:

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>)

5. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
lunch = "cheeseburgers"
print(lunch[6:12])
```

Answer:

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>)

6. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
candy = "bubble" + "gum"
print(candy)
```

Answer:

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>)

7. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
triple = "hello" * 3
print(triple)
```

Answer:

1 pt

(1<sup>pt</sup>)

8. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
greeting = "Hello, world!"
newgreeting = "J" + greeting[1:]
print(newgreeting)
```

Answer:

1 pt

8 pts

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 9. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
print("cola" in "chocolate")
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 10. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
print("seed" in "banana")
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 11. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
fruit = "strawberry"  
bigfruit = fruit.upper()  
print(bigfruit)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 12. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
vegetable = "cauliflower"  
index = vegetable.find("u")  
print(index)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 13. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
line = "Please have a nice day"  
print(line.startswith("Please"))
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 14. What is the output of the following Python code:

```
meal = "fresh pizza is the best pizza"  
print(meal.replace("pizza", "salad"))
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 15. What is the output of the following code:

```
cheeses = ["Cheddar", "Edam", "Gouda"]  
print(cheeses[0])
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) 16. What is the output of the following code:

```
lunch = ["soup", "salad", "rice", "beans"]  
lunch[1:3] = ["fries", "noodles"]  
print(lunch)
```

Answer:

1 pt

8 pts

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **17.** What is the output of the following code:

```
food = ["chicken", "beef", "fish"]
supplies = ["soap", "detergent"]
groceries = food + supplies
print(groceries)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **18.** What is the output of the following code:

```
print([0] * 4)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **19.** What is the output of the following code:

```
snacks = ["pizza", "burger"]
snacks.append("fries")
print(snacks)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **20.** What is the output of the following code:

```
notes = ["do", "ray", "mi"]
melody = ["fa", "so", "la"]
notes.extend(melody)
print(notes)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **21.** What is the output of the following code:

```
breakfast = ["eggs", "juice", "toast"]
breakfast.insert(1, "bacon")
print(breakfast)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **22.** What is the output of the following code:

```
drinks = ["tea", "soda", "cola", "juice"]
drinks.sort()
print(drinks)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **23.** What is the output of the following code:

```
meals = ["breakfast", "lunch", "dinner"]
meals.reverse()
print(meals)
```

Answer:

1 pt

7 pts

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **24.** What is the output of the following code:

```
snacks = ["pizza", "wings", "soda", "chips"]
snacks.remove("soda")
print(snacks)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **25.** What is the output of the following code:

```
drinks = ["tea", "coffee", "cookie", "juice"]
pastry = drinks.pop(2)
print(pastry)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **26.** What is the output of the following code:

```
dinner = ["salad", "bread", "steak", "potato"]
del dinner[1]
print(dinner)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **27.** What is the output of the following code:

```
cheatcode = ["up", "up", "down", "down", "down", "left", "right"]
presses = cheatcode.count("down")
print(presses)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **28.** What is the output of the following code:

```
toppings = ["salt", "cheese", "vinegar", "bbq"]
position = toppings.index("bbq")
print(position)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **29.** What is the output of the following code:

```
lunch = "pizza"
letters = list(lunch)
print(letters)
```

Answer:

1 pt

- (1<sup>pt</sup>) **30.** What is the output of the following code:

```
favourite = "I like hamburgers"
words = favourite.split()
print(words)
```

Answer:

1 pt

7 pts

**Section III: Reflection Questions (30 points)**

- Number of questions: 3. Percent of total grade:  $33\frac{1}{3}$ .
- Answer each of the following questions in the space provided. These questions are based on material from the book, “Blown to Bits.”

**Reflections from Chapter 1: Digital Explosion**(10<sup>pts</sup>)

1. Consider the tragic case of Tanya Rider, who was involved in a serious car accident while driving alone on her way to work. Her car skidded off the side of the road, proceeded down a steep embankment, and came to rest at the bottom of a deep ravine. She was discovered several days later, as rescuers followed the electronic trail that she had left behind. List the several ways in which digital communication was involved in the discovery and ultimate rescue of Tanya. Describe how these aspects were either helpful or not, in solving the case.

10 pts

10 pts

**Reflections from Chapter 2: Naked in the Sunlight**

- (10<sup>pts</sup>) **2.** The concept of privacy has emerged as a major concern among users of popular search engines, and social media websites. Giant Internet companies, such as Google or Facebook, offer plenty of free tools and resources, in exchange for their users' personal information. Do you consider this to be an acceptable tradeoff? Explain.

10 pts

10 pts

**Reflections from Chapter 3: Ghosts in the Machine**(10<sup>pts</sup>)

- 3.** Consider the decision by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to adopt the “OpenDocument Format” (ODF) for all of their documents, rather than using the conventional Microsoft Office Format(DOC). What were some of the perceived benefits that the government administrators Kriss and Quinn cited in making this switch? Do you think that Microsoft’s lawyers made a compelling argument against this proposal? Explain.

10 pts

10 pts