

Percona XtraBackup - New Features and Improvements

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Marcelo Altmann

- Software Developer @ Percona
 - Joined in 2016 as Senior Support Engineer
 - O PXB / PS / PXC
 - Member Bugs Escalation Committee







- Full Backup
 - Start Redo Follow
 - Discover InnoDB tablespaces to copy
 - Copy InnoDB tables
 - Copy Non-InnoDB Tables
 - Snapshot of all engines (log_status table)
 - Stop Redo Follow



- Incremental Backup
 - Start Redo Follow
 - Discover InnoDB tablespaces to copy
 - Copy Delta pages InnoDB tables
 - Copy Non-InnoDB Tables
 - Snapshot of all engines (log_status table)
 - Stop Redo Follow



- Full prepare
 - InnoDB crash recovery
 - Replay the records copied during the backup
- Incremental prepare
 - Directly apply delta pages to full backup
 - Innodb crash recovery







- --rsync for non-InnoDB tables
 - Reduces the time non-InnoDB tables remain under lock
 - Copies all non-InnoDB tables without lock to backup dir
 - Lock Non-InnoDB tables
 - Rsync copies only modified non-InnoDB tables



- --prepare --export
 - InnoDB Transportable Tablespaces
 - Allows users to <u>restore individual tables</u> into running MySQL instances

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE test.export_test (
a int(11) DEFAULT NULL
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;

$ xtrabackup --backup --target-dir=/backup
PERCONALIVE
```

```
$ xtrabackup --prepare --export --target-dir=/backup

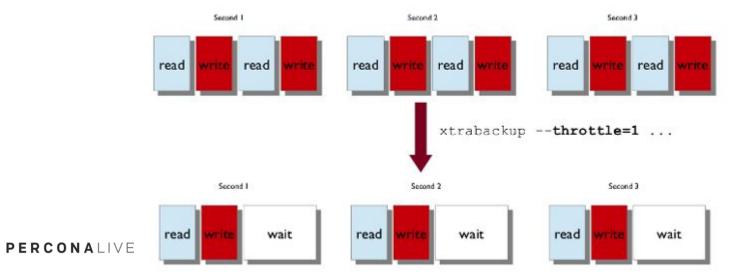
mysql> ALTER TABLE test.export_test DISCARD TABLESPACE;

$ cp /backup/test/export_test* /var/lib/mysql/test

mysql> ALTER TABLE test.export_test IMPORT TABLESPACE;
```



- --throttle let's the backup flow without saturating the disk
 - Limits the number of read / write chunk (10MB) done per second



- --dump-innodb-buffer-pool for provisioning new servers
 - Uses server <u>InnoDB Preload Buffer Pool</u>
 - PXB ask the server to create a new snapshot of BP
 - Space->page map file copied at --copy-back
 - Decreases the warm-up period
 - Useful for provisioning new slaves or PXC



xbcloud -Storage Class





xbcloud - Storage Class

- Added in 8.0.22 & 2.4.21
- Community contribution from Benoît Knecht PXB-2112
- By default xbcloud uploads to standard storage class
- Different storage class have time difference in regards to the availability of the files
- Meaning in different costs \$\$\$
- Controlled by parameter
 - --s3-storage-class
 - --google-storage-class
 - --azure-tier-class



xbcloud - Storage Class

Amazon S3:

- Standard Storage Class costs \$0.021 per GB * 500GB * 365 days = \$3,832.50
- Glacier Deep Archive Storage Class costs \$0.00099 per GB * 500GB * 365 days
 = \$180.68 (a difference of \$3,651.83)

Google Cloud:

- Standard Storage Class costs \$0.020 per GB * 500GB * 365 days = \$3,650.00
- Archive Storage Class costs \$0.0012 per GB * 500GB * 365 days = \$219.00 (a difference of \$3,431.00)



xbcloud - Azure Blob Storage





xbcloud - Azure Blob Storage

- Added in 8.0.27 & 2.4.25
- Increases current support providers S3 / Google cloud (s3 compatible) / MinIO
- New Cloud provider support into xbcloud Microsoft Azure Blob Storage
- --azure-storage-account
- --azure-container-name
- --azure-access-key
- --azure-endpoint
- --azure-tier-class



xbcloud - Exponential backoff



xbcloud - Exponential backoff

- Added in 8.0.26 & 2.4.24
- Make uploads/downloads more resilient on unstable networks
- Uses exponential backoff algorithm
- Pauses the upload of failed chunk and retry later
- If new error comes in, double the sleep time (+ random ms)
- Allow users to put a cap in sleep time
- Based on a list of pre-defined errors
- Allow users to add new errors to the list



xbcloud - Exponential backoff

- --max-retry number of retries for each chunk before giving-up
- --max-backoff Max number of seconds to sleep between retires
- --curl-retriable-errors Additional comma separated list of CURL errors
- --http-retriable-errors Additional comma separated list of HTTP errors





- MySQL TDE Transparent Data Encryption
- Each Entity (Table, redo, undo, binlog, doublewrite) has a set of keys on its header
- This key is used to encrypt the data inside the entity
- Entity key is stored encrypted by a Master Key
- Master Key is controlled by keyring component
- Up to 8.0.26 keyring file and vault (PS only)



- 8.0.27 Introduction of Key Management Interoperability Protocol KMIP
- open standard developed by OASIS (Organization for Advancement of Structured Information Standards) for the encryption of stored data and cryptographic key management.
- Hashicorp Vault Enterprise KMIP secrets
- IBM
- Others



- 8.0.28-21 (not yet released) Introduction of AWS Key Management Service KMS
- Available across other services from AWS
- https://aws.amazon.com/kms/
- Similar to keyring file, but master key is kept encrypted by the KMS key.







- Introduced in 8.0.28-20
- Extends server log formatting
- Better readability



```
xtrabackup: recognized client arguments: --user=root --host=127.0.0.1 --port=3310 --backup=1 --stream=xbstream --port=3306 --no-version-check=1
/slow/binaries/pxb/percona-xtrabackup-8.0.26-18-Linux-x86_64.qlibc2.17/bin/xtrabackup version 8.0.26-18 based on MySQL server 8.0.26 Linux (x86_6
4) (revision id: 4aecf82)
220514 15:06:33 Connecting to MySQL server host: 127.0.0.1, user: root, password: not set, port: 3306, socket: not set
Using server version 8.0.26-16
220514 15:06:33 Executing LOCK TABLES FOR BACKUP...
xtrabackup: uses posix_fadvise().
xtrabackup: cd to /tmp/data/
xtrabackup: open files limit requested 0, set to 65536
xtrabackup: using the following InnoDB configuration:
xtrabackup: innodb_data_home_dir = .
            innodb_data_file_path = ibdata1:12M:autoextend
xtrabackup:
            innodb_log_group_home_dir = ./
xtrabackup:
xtrabackup: innodb_log_files_in_group = 2
xtrabackup: innodb_log_file_size = 50331648
Number of pools: 1
xtrabackup: inititialize_service_handles suceeded
220514 15:06:33 Connecting to MySQL server host: 127.0.0.1, user: root, password: not set, port: 3306, socket: not set
xtrabackup: Redo Loa Archivina is not set up.
220514 15:06:33 >> log scanned up to (18198822)
xtrabackup: Generating a list of tablespaces
xtrabackup: Generating a list of tablespaces
Scanning './'
Completed space ID check of 2 files.
Allocated tablespace ID 1 for sys/sys_config, old maximum was 0
Using undo tablespace './undo_001'.
Using undo tablespace './undo_002'.
Opened 2 existing undo tablespaces.
220514 15:06:33 [01] Streaming ./ibdata1
220514 15:06:33 [01]
                           ...done
```

2022-05-14T15:08:49.460787-03:00 2 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Done: Streaming ./ibdata1

```
2022-05-14T15:08:48.842475-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] recognized client arguments: --user=root --host=127.0.0.1 --port=3310 --backup
=1 --stream=xbstream --port=3306 --no-version-check=1
xtrabackup version 8.0.28-20 based on MySQL server 8.0.28 Linux (x86_64) (revision id: c1634697765)
2022-05-14T15:08:48.842558-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Connecting to MySQL server host: 127.0.0.1, user: root, password: not set, por
t: 3306, socket: not set
2022-05-14T15:08:48.849206-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Using server version 8.0.26-16
2022-05-14T15:08:48.850882-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Executing LOCK TABLES FOR BACKUP ...
2022-05-14T15:08:48.852888-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] uses posix_fadvise().
2022-05-14T15:08:48.852925-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] cd to /tmp/data/
2022-05-14T15:08:48.852956-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] open files limit requested 0, set to 65536
2022-05-14T15:08:48.853008-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] using the following InnoDB configuration:
2022-05-14T15:08:48.853029-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] innodb_data_home_dir = .
2022-05-14T15:08:48.853044-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] innodb_data_file_path = ibdata1:12M:autoextend
2022-05-14T15:08:48.853103-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] innodb_log_group_home_dir = ./
2022-05-14T15:08:48.853123-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] innodb_log_files_in_group = 2
2022-05-14T15:08:48.853146-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] innodb_log_file_size = 50331648
2022-05-14T15:08:48.854066-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-013251] [InnoDB] Number of pools: 1
2022-05-14T15:08:48.854862-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] inititialize_service_handles suceeded
2022-05-14T15:08:49.054155-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Connecting to MySQL server host: 127.0.0.1, user: root, password: not set, por
t: 3306, socket: not set
2022-05-14T15:08:49.060419-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Redo Log Archiving is not set up.
2022-05-14T15:08:49.154855-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Starting to parse redo log at lsn = 18198584
2022-05-14T15:08:49.155290-03:00 1 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] >> log scanned up to (18199058)
```

2022-05-14T15:08:49.060419-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Redo Log Archiving is not set up.
2022-05-14T15:08:49.154855-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Starting to parse redo log at lsn = 18198584
2022-05-14T15:08:49.155290-03:00 1 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] >> log scanned up to (18199058)
2022-05-14T15:08:49.357300-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Generating a list of tablespaces
2022-05-14T15:08:49.357379-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Generating a list of tablespaces
2022-05-14T15:08:49.357421-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-012204] [InnoDB] Scanning './'
2022-05-14T15:08:49.358635-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-012208] [InnoDB] Completed space ID check of 2 files.
2022-05-14T15:08:49.359671-03:00 0 [Warning] [MY-012091] [InnoDB] Allocated tablespace ID 1 for sys/sys_config, old maximum was 0 2022-05-14T15:08:49.359797-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-013252] [InnoDB] Using undo tablespace './undo_001'.
2022-05-14T15:08:49.360191-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-013252] [InnoDB] Using undo tablespace './undo_002'.
2022-05-14T15:08:49.361009-03:00 0 [Note] [MY-012910] [InnoDB] Opened 2 existing undo tablespaces.
2022-05-14T15:08:49.361984-03:00 2 [Note] [MY-011825] [Xtrabackup] Streaming ./ibdata1

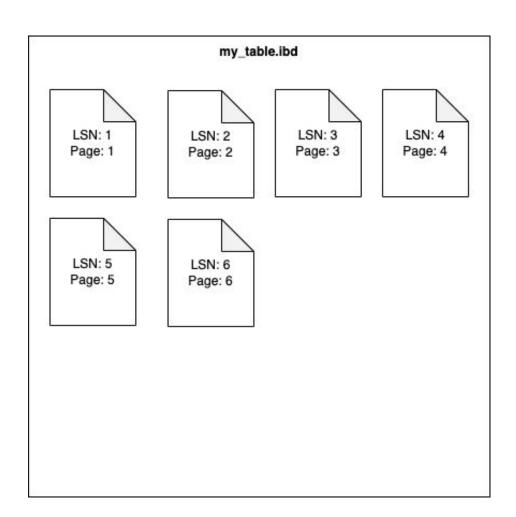




- 8.0.27-19 Introduction of Page tracking
- MySQL Added component in 8.0.18
- Percona had its own implementation
- Used in incrementals
- How it works:

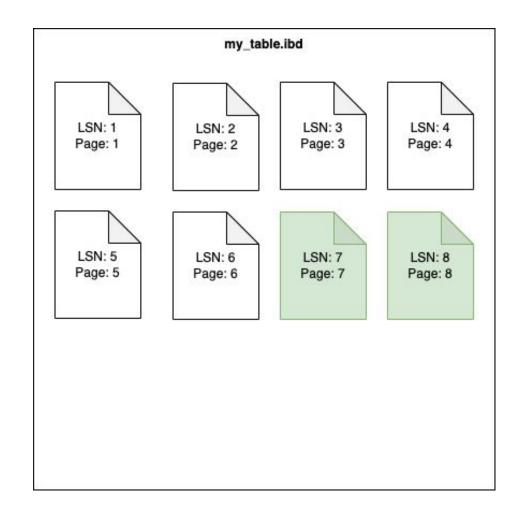


- After each backup checkpoint LSN Is noted
- LSN 6



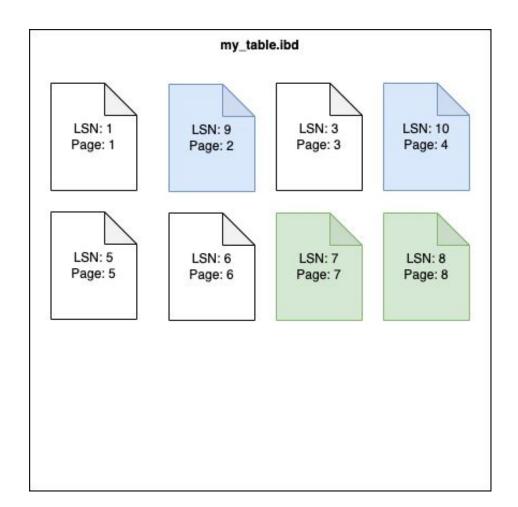


- After each backup checkpoint LSN Is noted
- LSN 6
- INSERT INTO my_table ...



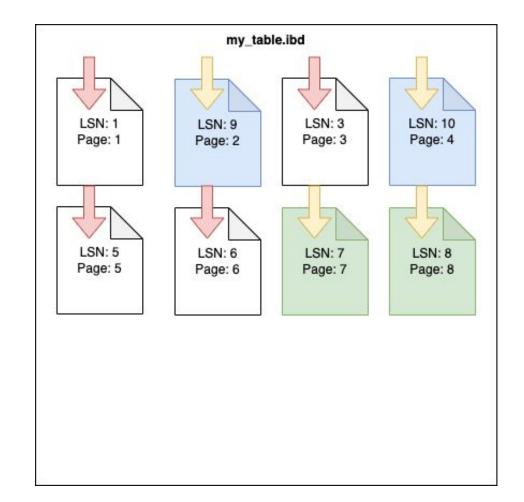


- After each backup checkpoint LSN Is noted
- LSN 6
- INSERT INTO my_table ...
- UPDATE my_table ...



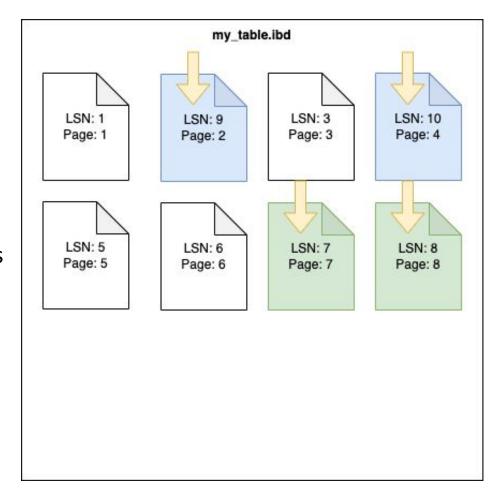


- Without page tracking
- Brutal force
- Full scan





- With page tracking
- PXB asks Page Tracking for pages
 Changed since last backup up to
 now
- Gets direct access to changed pages
- Useful for big dataset where only a small % of the data changes





- Tests:
- In our test where one percent of data was changed after the full backup of 100 GB, an incremental backup took 30 seconds compared to the 5 minutes duration without page tracking.
- Page tracking perform better when up to 50% of the data has changed from base backup
- Faster backups = less redo log to apply = page tracking also helps on −−prepare







- Not released yet (<u>PR 1317</u> / <u>PXB-2710</u>)
- Buffer pool at --prepare:
 - 512 pages for database pages
 - Remaining used for in memory hash records to be applied
 - If full, call it a batch, apply what we have by loading the pages, once done, evict all pages
 - Start a new batch and continue to parse
- By default, PXB only allocates 128MB (same as default innodb buffer pool size)
- Not a fit for most of workloads
- Can be adjusted via --use-memory



- PXB already parses redo log entries while copying them at --backup
- Memory will be calculated up-in-front while doing --backup operation
- Number of free frames will also be calculated
- New parameter added to control this functionality:
- --use-free-memory-pct Indicates the % of free memory PXB can use for
 --prepare operation.
- If enough memory is available whole prepare can be done in a single batch



- Test
- 2G of redo log
- Default config = 67 seconds to --prepare
- With predict memory = 44 seconds (~65% of time)
- Reduces 35%





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