

### Department of Computing

# **COMP125** Fundamentals of Computer Science Workshop - Workshop - Classes and Objects 1, JUnit

## **Learning outcomes**

By the end of this session, you will know some of Java basics. In particular, you will be able to design and write simple Java classes.

# **Questions**

#### 1. Import-Export

It is important to know how to import Java projects from archive files (.jar/ .zip).

For this exercise, download the file week3.zip from iLearn but DO NOT unzip/open it.

- a. Click "File" -> "Import" -> "Existing Projects into Workspace" and NOT "Archive file".
- b. Select option "Select Archive file" and click on "Browse"
- c. Choose the archive file ("week3.zip") that contains project(s) you want to open. Please note an archive file may contain multiple projects and click "ok"
- d. Check all projects you want to import
- e. Click "Finish"

You should see a project week3workshop if correctly imported.

- 2. Design classes (no implementation) that encapsulate the following real life entities. Add up to three instance variables for each class. Select the three most important attributes if you think a class has more than three attributes. Describe your design in terms of a UML class diagram as shown in the lecture.
  - a. Person
  - b. Cylinder
  - c. Book (Take-home exercise)
- 3. (a) Consider the following class definition,

```
public class Date {
    public int day, month, year;
}
```

In a client code (outside the class Date), create an object to represent 13th April, 2011.

(b) For the same class definition (Date), draw the memory diagram that represents the following objects. Please refer to the lecture notes to see the representation scheme we have established.

```
Date bday = new Date();
bday.day = 31;
bday.month = 7;
bday.year = 1980;
Date anniversary = null;
```

(c) (Take-home exercise) Consider the following class definition,

```
public class Car {
    public String model;
    public int price;
}
```

In a client code (outside the class Car), create an object to represent a Toyota Corolla priced at \$21,999.

4. (a) Consider the following class definition,

```
public class Person {
    public String name;
    public int age;
}
```

With the help of an example, explain why it's a bad idea for the instance variables to be public.

- (b) Solve the problem of public instance variables in the previous part by first changing visibility of the instance variables of class Person to private and then adding getters and setters. Age of a person cannot be negative. If the user tries to assign a negative value to a person's age, the person's age should be set to 0.
- (c) Declare and instantiate an object baddy of class Person written in the previous part, representing a person named "Tom Marvolo Riddle" aged 71.
- (d) Declare and instantiate an object goody of class Person written in the previous part, representing a person named "Luna Lovegood". Try and assign the value -6 to her age. Display the values of the instance variables on the console.
- (e) List the mistakes (syntactical and logical) in the following constructor for class Person -

```
public void person(String s, int a) {
    name = s;
    age = a;
}
```

- (f) Add a constructor to class Person with a single parameter for the instance variable name. The instance variable age should be set to 21.
- (g) Assuming the constructor have been added to class Person according to previous part. Will the following program run successfully, or result in a compilation error? Explain your answer. Also, if there is a compilation error, what should be done to fix it?

```
Person p = new Person();
```

#### 5. **JUnit Testing**

We can test the correctness of individual methods through running JUnit tests on them.

In the project that you imported, open file RectangleTest.java and run it. You will see a green bar and a message that 5 out of 5 tests have passed (0 errors and 0 failures).

Now open the file AllInOneTest.java and run the tests. You will see that two tests pass while one fails. The tests that pass are:

- a. testIsSquare: This tests the method isSquare from class AllInOne
- $b.\$ testAllSquares: This tests the method allSquares from class AllInOne

The test that fails is testCountPositiveEvens: This tests the method countPositiveEvens from class AllInOne.

Your job is to complete the method countPositiveEvens so the test testCountPositiveEvens passes. **IMPORTANT:** note that the method should return 0 if the array passed is null. This is the first thing you should check in the method.

#### 6. compareTo method

Consider the class GoalScoringRecord in the project imported. Complete the method compareTo so the corresponding test supplied in class GoalScoringRecordTest passes.