

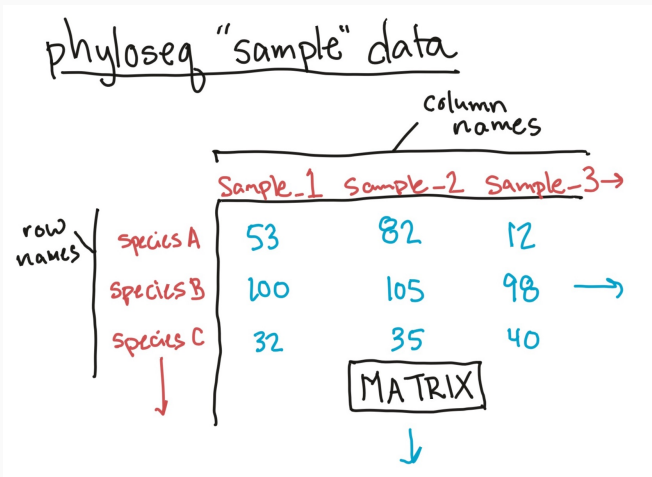
## Exploring data 2

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## Example data

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## phyloseq sample data



The “phyloseq” object class has a “sample” slot, with a matrix with prevalence for each bacteria in each sample.

You can use the `get_sample` accessor function to extract this data:

```
library("microbiome")  
data("atlas1006")  
atlas_sample_data <- atlas1006 %>%  
  get_sample()
```

## phyloseq sample data

You can check that this is a matrix, with column names giving sample number and rownames giving bacteria species:

```
atlas_sample_data %>% is.matrix()
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
atlas_sample_data %>% colnames() %>% head(n = 3)
```

```
## [1] "Sample-1" "Sample-2" "Sample-3"
```

```
atlas_sample_data %>% row.names() %>% head()
```

```
## [1] "Actinomycetaceae" "Aerococcus"  
## [3] "Aeromonas" "Akkermansia"  
## [5] "Alcaligenes faecalis et rel." "Allistipes et rel."
```

## phyloseq sample data

You can use square bracket indexing to check the top left corner of the sample data:

```
atlas_sample_data[1:6, 1:3]
```

##	Sample-1	Sample-2	Sample-3
## Actinomycetaceae	0	0	0
## Aerococcus	0	0	0
## Aeromonas	0	0	0
## Akkermansia	21	36	475
## Alcaligenes faecalis et rel.	1	1	1
## Allistipes et rel.	72	127	34

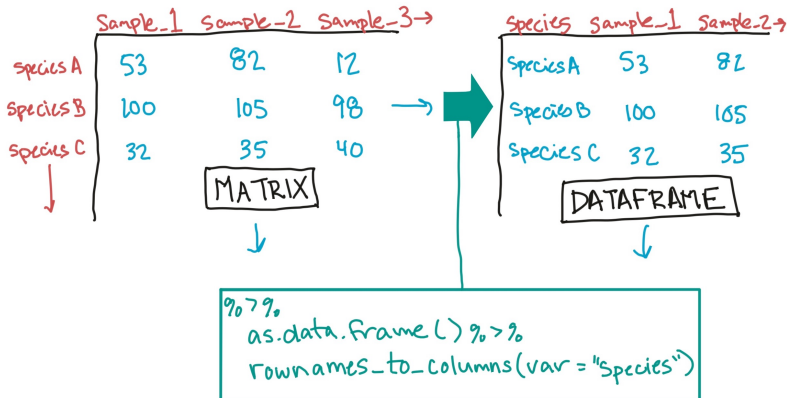
# Tidying phyloseq sample data

To tidy this data, we need to:

1. Change to a data frame
2. Move row names into a column
3. Pivot longer so that column names are in their own column as values

# Tidying phyloseq sample data

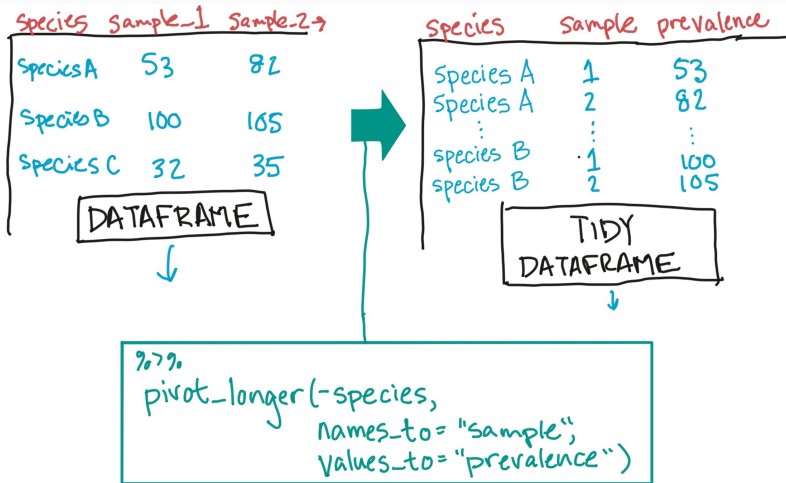
Change to a data frame and move row names into a column:





# Tidying phyloseq sample data

Pivot longer so that column names are in their own column as values:



# Tidying phyloseq sample data

Here is everything in code:

```
library(tibble)
library(tidyr)

tidy_samples <- atlas1006 %>%
  get_sample() %>%
  as.data.frame() %>%
  rownames_to_column(var = "species") %>%
  pivot_longer(-species,
               names_to = "sample",
               values_to = "prevalence")
```

# Tidying phyloseq sample data

Here's what the beginning of the tidy data looks like:

```
tidy_samples %>%  
  slice(1:5)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 3  
##   species      sample prevalence  
##   <chr>      <chr>      <dbl>  
## 1 Actinomycetaceae Sample-1      0  
## 2 Actinomycetaceae Sample-2      0  
## 3 Actinomycetaceae Sample-3      0  
## 4 Actinomycetaceae Sample-4      0  
## 5 Actinomycetaceae Sample-5      0
```