

DATABASES LAB01

Task 1.1 Employee

Superkeys

$\{\text{EmpID}\}, \{\text{SSN}\}, \{\text{Email}\}, \{\text{Phone}\}, \{\text{EmpID}, \text{Name}\}, \{\text{SSN}, \text{Department}\}$

Candidate Keys

$\{\text{EmpID}\}, \{\text{SSN}\}, \{\text{Email}\}, \{\text{Phone}\}$

Primary Key

EmpID, because it's short, numeric, and avoids privacy issues

Phone Uniqueness

No — phone number is unique based on the data and is a candidate key

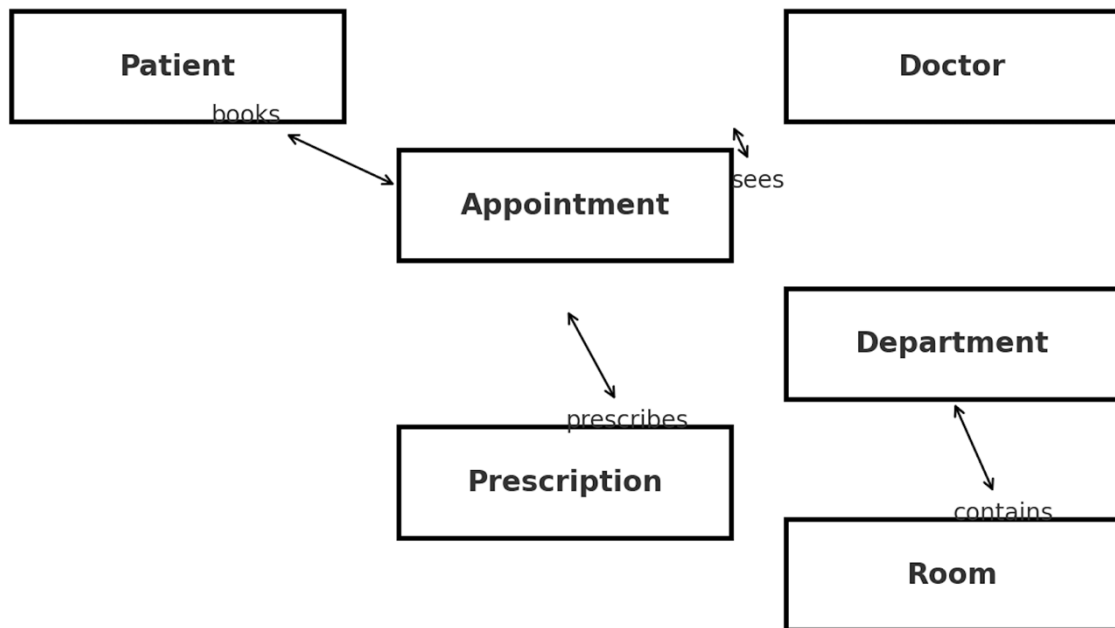
Task 1.1 Course Registration

Primary Key	$(\text{StudentID}, \text{CourseCode}, \text{Section}, \text{Semester}, \text{Year})$
Attribute Justification	Each attribute is needed to uniquely identify a registration instance and avoid duplicates (especially for courses repeated in different semesters or with multiple sections)
Additional Candidate Keys	None - this is the only minimal unique identifier based on the business rules

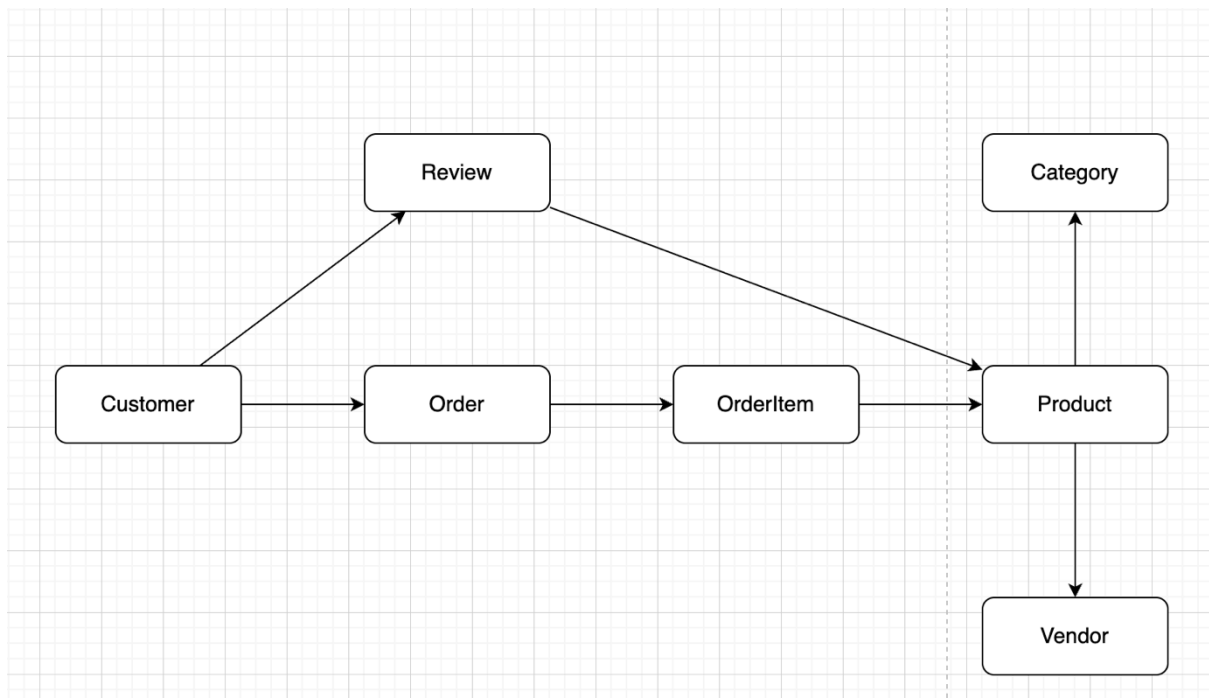
Task 1.2

- $\text{Student}(\text{AdvisorID}) \rightarrow \text{Professor}(\text{ProfID})$
- $\text{Course}(\text{DepartmentCode}) \rightarrow \text{Department}(\text{DeptCode})$
- $\text{Department}(\text{ChairID}) \rightarrow \text{Professor}(\text{ProfID})$
- $\text{Enrollment}(\text{StudentID}) \rightarrow \text{Student}(\text{StudentID})$
- $\text{Enrollment}(\text{CourseID}) \rightarrow \text{Course}(\text{CourseID})$

Task 2.1



Task 2.2



Tasks 4.1

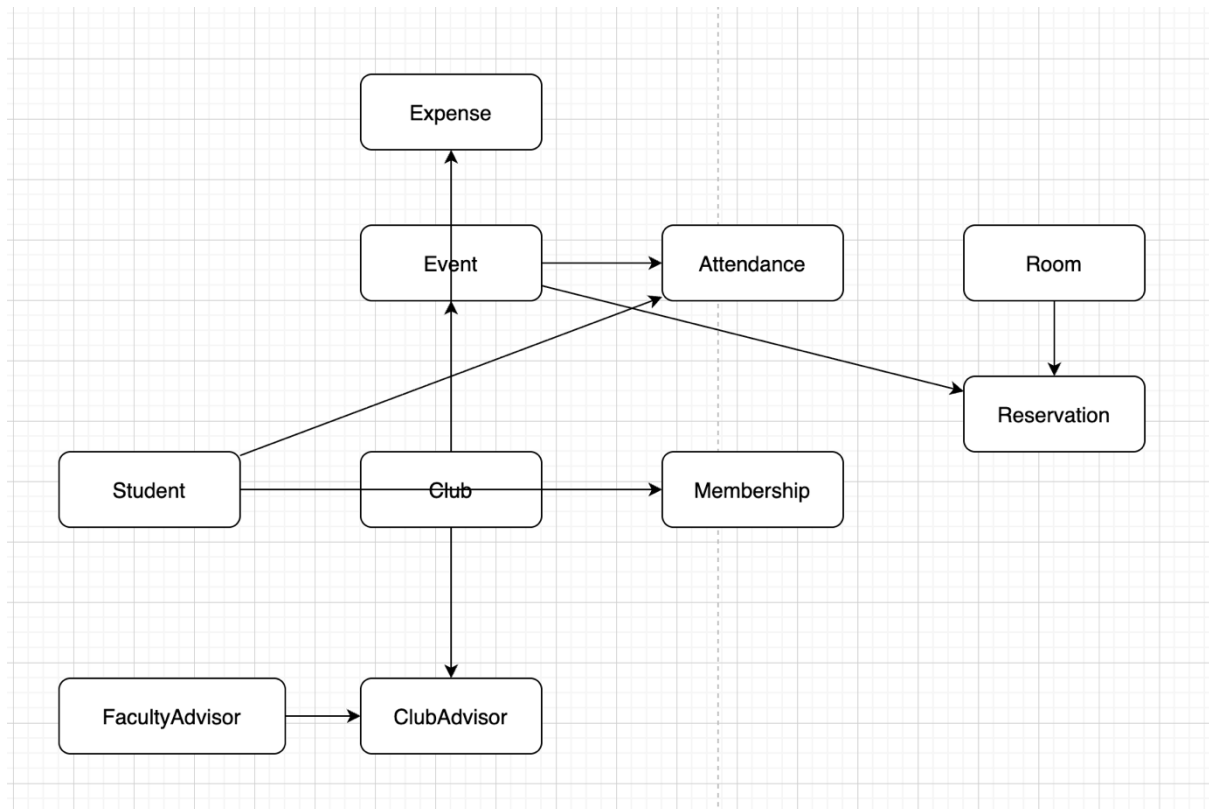
In the `StudentProject` table, data like student info and supervisor details are repeated, causing redundancy and anomalies. For example, updating a supervisor's name must be done in multiple rows. The primary key is $(StudentID, ProjectID)$. There are partial dependencies (e.g., $StudentID \rightarrow StudentName$), so it violates 2NF. Also, there are transitive dependencies (e.g., $ProjectID \rightarrow SupervisorID \rightarrow SupervisorName$), violating

3NF. After normalization, we get separate tables for Student, Project, Supervisor, and StudentProject, which removes redundancy and ensures data integrity.

Task 4.2

In CourseSchedule, the primary key is (StudentID, CourseID), but there are multiple FDs like $\text{StudentID} \rightarrow \text{StudentMajor}$, $\text{CourseID} \rightarrow \text{CourseName}$, and $\text{TimeSlot}, \text{Room} \rightarrow \text{Building}$. Since these don't have superkeys on the left side, the table is not in BCNF. Decomposing into BCNF gives us tables like Student, Course, Instructor, RoomAssignment, CourseOffering, and Enrollment. This eliminates redundancy while preserving all necessary information.

Task 5



Entities (brief): Student, Club, Membership, Event, Attendance, FacultyAdvisor, ClubAdvisor, Room, Reservation, Expense.