18: The Normal Distribution

Stat 120 | Fall 2025

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Suppose weights of newborn babies in one community are normally distributed with a mean
of 7.7 pounds and a standard deviation of 1.25 pounds
1. Use the 95% rule to sketch a graph of this normal density curve. Include a scale with at
least three values on the horizontal axis.

The margin for error, according to standards customarily used by statisticians, is no more than \pm 3.5 percentage points. This means that there is a 95% probability that the "true" figure would fall within that range if all voters were surveyed. The margin for error is higher for any subgroup, such as a gender or age grouping.

They reported 48.4% in support of the Harris/Walz ticket, and 43.3% in support of the

	p/Vance ticket.
(a)	How do you feel about this summary of a confidence interval (for a public/non-statistician audience)?
(b)	What is the standard error for each of these estimates?
(c)	Build a 95% confidence interval for one of these proportions

(d) Use the normal distribution to instead build a 99% confidence interval for one of these

proportions

The report also says:

Overall margin of error = 3.5 percentage points (and therefore approximately 7 percentage points for the difference between two data points)

(e) Use this information to build a 90% confidence interval for the difference in proportions between the Harris/Walz supporters and the Trump/Vance supporters.

5. True or False?

- (a) The central limit theorem says that the population distribution is approximately normal if the population is big enough.
- (b) The central limit theorem says that the sampling distribution for the mean of a random sample is approximately normal if the sample is big enough.
- (c) The central limit theorem says that the sampling distribution for the mean is only normal if the population distribution is normal.
- (d) The central limit theorem says that any statistic is normally distributed if the sample size is big enough.
- (e) The central limit theorem applies to proportions and means
- **5.** Using pnorm or qnorm, find the following quantities.
 - (a) P(Z < .25)
 - (b) P(Z > 1.5)
 - (c) P(-.5 < Z < 1.5)
 - (d) z^* where $P(Z < z^*) = .33$
 - (e) z^* where $P(Z > z^*) = .33$
 - (f) P(X < 10) where $X \sim N(15, 22)$
 - (g) P(X > 40) where $X \sim (15, 22)$

When you're done...

Please make sure that 1 person submits your group answers to gradescope, and includes all folks on the submission