

There isn't a built-in data structure in Python that looks like a linked list. Thankfully, it's easy to make classes that represent data structures in Python!

Here's the code for an Element, which will be a single unit in a linked list:

```
class Element(object):
def __init__(self, value):
    self.value = value
    self.next = None
```

Make sure you understand this code before moving on! We use \_\_init\_\_ to initialize a new Element. An Element has some value associated with it (which could be anything—a number, a string, a character, et cetera), and it has a variable that points to the next element in the linked list.

Now, let's set up a LinkedList class:

```
class LinkedList(object):
def __init__(self, head=None):
    self.head = head
```

This code is very similar—we're just establishing that a LinkedList is something that has a head Element, which is the first element in the list. If we establish a new LinkedList without a head, it will default to None.

Great! Let's add a method to our LinkedList to make it a little more useful. This method will add a new Element to the end of our LinkedList.