MovieLens Capstone Report

Yvonne Kirschler

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Introduction

This capstone project is part of the HarvardX Data Science Professional Certificate. The goal is to build a model that predicts movie ratings based on the MovieLens 10M dataset. Model performance is evaluated using RMSE.

The final model is tested only once on final_holdout_test in accordance with project rules.

Data Preparation

```
if(!require(tidyverse)) install.packages("tidyverse", repos = "http://cran.us.r-project.org")
if(!require(caret)) install.packages("caret", repos = "http://cran.us.r-project.org")
library(tidyverse)
library(caret)
dl <- "ml-10M100K.zip"</pre>
if(!file.exists(dl)) {
  download.file("https://files.grouplens.org/datasets/movielens/ml-10m.zip", dl)
if(!file.exists("ml-10M100K/ratings.dat")) {
  unzip(dl)
ratings <- as.data.frame(str_split(read_lines("ml-10M100K/ratings.dat"), fixed("::"), simplify = TRUE),
                          stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
colnames(ratings) <- c("userId", "movieId", "rating", "timestamp")</pre>
ratings <- ratings %>%
  mutate(userId = as.integer(userId),
         movieId = as.integer(movieId),
         rating = as.numeric(rating),
         timestamp = as.integer(timestamp))
movies <- as.data.frame(str_split(read_lines("ml-10M100K/movies.dat"), fixed("::"), simplify = TRUE),</pre>
                         stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
colnames(movies) <- c("movieId", "title", "genres")</pre>
movies <- movies %>%
  mutate(movieId = as.integer(movieId))
```

```
movielens <- left_join(ratings, movies, by = "movieId")
set.seed(1)
test_index <- createDataPartition(y = movielens$rating, times = 1, p = 0.1, list = FALSE)
edx <- movielens[-test_index,]
temp <- movielens[test_index,]

final_holdout_test <- temp %>%
    semi_join(edx, by = "movieId") %>%
    semi_join(edx, by = "userId")

removed <- anti_join(temp, final_holdout_test)
edx <- rbind(edx, removed)

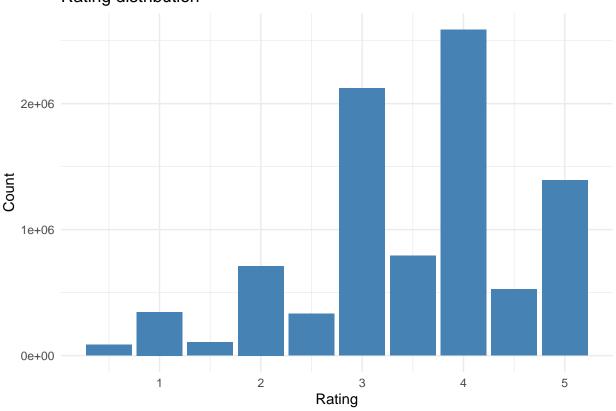
rm(dl, ratings, movies, test_index, temp, movielens, removed)</pre>
```

Exploratory Data Analysis

```
glimpse(edx)
## Rows: 9,000,061
## Columns: 6
## $ userId
            ## $ movieId <int> 122, 185, 231, 292, 316, 329, 355, 356, 362, 364, 370, 377, ~
## $ rating
            ## $ timestamp <int> 838985046, 838983525, 838983392, 838983421, 838983392, 83898~
## $ title
            <chr> "Boomerang (1992)", "Net, The (1995)", "Dumb & Dumber (1994)~
            <chr> "Comedy|Romance", "Action|Crime|Thriller", "Comedy", "Action~
## $ genres
dim(edx)
## [1] 9000061
n_users <- n_distinct(edx$userId)</pre>
n movies <- n distinct(edx$movieId)</pre>
print(n users)
## [1] 69878
print(n_movies)
## [1] 10677
plot_rating_dist <- edx %>%
 count(rating) %>%
 arrange(desc(n)) %>%
```

```
ggplot(aes(x = rating, y = n)) +
geom_col(fill = "steelblue") +
labs(title = "Rating distribution", x = "Rating", y = "Count") +
theme_minimal()
print(plot_rating_dist)
```

Rating distribution



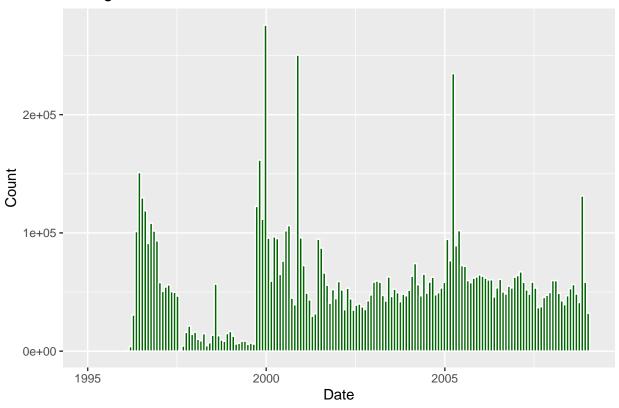
```
top_movies <- edx %>%
  group_by(title) %>%
  summarize(count = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(count)) %>%
  slice(1:10)

print(top_movies)
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 2
##
      title
                                                                    count
##
      <chr>
                                                                    <int>
## 1 Pulp Fiction (1994)
                                                                    31336
## 2 Forrest Gump (1994)
                                                                    31076
## 3 Silence of the Lambs, The (1991)
                                                                    30280
## 4 Jurassic Park (1993)
                                                                    29291
## 5 Shawshank Redemption, The (1994)
                                                                    27988
## 6 Braveheart (1995)
                                                                    26258
## 7 Terminator 2: Judgment Day (1991)
                                                                    26115
```

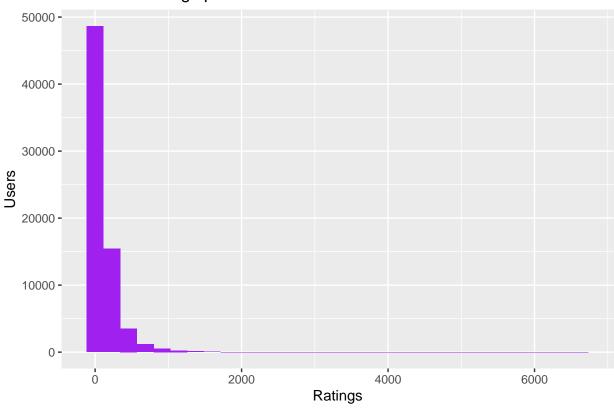
```
## 8 Fugitive, The (1993)
                                                                26050
## 9 Star Wars: Episode IV - A New Hope (a.k.a. Star Wars) (1977) 25809
## 10 Batman (1989)
                                                                24343
top_genres <- edx %>%
  separate_rows(genres, sep = "\\|") %>%
  count(genres, sort = TRUE) %>%
 slice(1:10)
print(top_genres)
## # A tibble: 10 x 2
##
     genres
##
     <chr>
                <int>
## 1 Drama
             3909401
## 2 Comedy 3541284
## 3 Action 2560649
## 4 Thriller 2325349
## 5 Adventure 1908692
## 6 Romance 1712232
## 7 Sci-Fi 1341750
## 8 Crime 1326917
## 9 Fantasy 925624
## 10 Children 737851
plot_time <- edx %>%
 mutate(date = as_datetime(timestamp)) %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = date)) +
 geom_histogram(binwidth = 30*24*60*60, fill = "darkgreen", color = "white") +
 labs(title = "Ratings over time", x = "Date", y = "Count")
print(plot_time)
```

Ratings over time



```
plot_user_activity <- edx %>%
  count(userId) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = n)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 30, fill = "purple") +
  labs(title = "Number of ratings per user", x = "Ratings", y = "Users")
print(plot_user_activity)
```

Number of ratings per user



Movie Effect Model

```
mu <- mean(edx$rating)
movie_avgs <- edx %>%
    group_by(movieId) %>%
    summarize(b_i = mean(rating - mu))

predicted_ratings <- final_holdout_test %>%
    left_join(movie_avgs, by = "movieId") %>%
    mutate(pred = mu + b_i)

rmse_movie_effect <- sqrt(mean((predicted_ratings$rating - predicted_ratings$pred)^2))

print(rmse_movie_effect)</pre>
```

[1] 0.9437046

Movie + User Effect Model

```
movie_avgs <- edx %>%
  group_by(movieId) %>%
  summarize(b_i = mean(rating - mu))

user_avgs <- edx %>%
  left_join(movie_avgs, by = "movieId") %>%
  group_by(userId) %>%
  summarize(b_u = mean(rating - mu - b_i))

predicted_ratings <- final_holdout_test %>%
  left_join(movie_avgs, by = "movieId") %>%
  left_join(user_avgs, by = "userId") %>%
  mutate(pred = mu + b_i + b_u)

rmse_user_effect <- sqrt(mean((predicted_ratings$rating - predicted_ratings$pred)^2))

print(rmse_user_effect)</pre>
```

Regularized Model

[1] 0.8655329

```
lambdas \leftarrow seq(0, 10, 0.25)
RMSE <- function(true_ratings, predicted_ratings) {</pre>
  sqrt(mean((true_ratings - predicted_ratings)^2))
}
rmse_results <- sapply(lambdas, function(lambda) {</pre>
  b_i <- edx %>%
    group_by(movieId) %>%
    summarize(b_i = sum(rating - mu) / (n() + lambda), .groups = "drop")
  b_u <- edx %>%
    left_join(b_i, by = "movieId") %>%
    group_by(userId) %>%
    summarize(b_u = sum(rating - mu - b_i) / (n() + lambda), .groups = "drop")
  predicted_ratings <- final_holdout_test %>%
    left_join(b_i, by = "movieId") %>%
    left_join(b_u, by = "userId") %>%
    mutate(
     b_i = coalesce(b_i, 0),
     b u = coalesce(b u, 0),
     pred = mu + b_i + b_u
    ) %>%
    pull(pred)
```

```
RMSE(final_holdout_test$rating, predicted_ratings)
}, simplify = TRUE)
rmse_results_df <- data.frame(lambda = lambdas, rmse = rmse_results)</pre>
print(rmse_results_df)
##
      lambda
                  rmse
## 1
        0.00 0.8655329
## 2
        0.25 0.8654680
## 3
        0.50 0.8654111
## 4
        0.75 0.8653602
## 5
        1.00 0.8653141
## 6
        1.25 0.8652723
## 7
        1.50 0.8652344
## 8
        1.75 0.8652000
## 9
        2.00 0.8651688
## 10
        2.25 0.8651406
## 11
        2.50 0.8651153
## 12
        2.75 0.8650927
        3.00 0.8650725
## 13
## 14
        3.25 0.8650548
## 15
        3.50 0.8650394
## 16
        3.75 0.8650261
## 17
        4.00 0.8650149
## 18
        4.25 0.8650056
## 19
        4.50 0.8649982
## 20
        4.75 0.8649926
        5.00 0.8649887
## 21
## 22
        5.25 0.8649864
## 23
        5.50 0.8649857
## 24
        5.75 0.8649865
## 25
        6.00 0.8649888
## 26
        6.25 0.8649924
## 27
        6.50 0.8649974
        6.75 0.8650036
## 28
## 29
        7.00 0.8650111
## 30
        7.25 0.8650197
## 31
        7.50 0.8650294
## 32
        7.75 0.8650403
## 33
        8.00 0.8650522
## 34
        8.25 0.8650651
## 35
        8.50 0.8650789
## 36
        8.75 0.8650937
## 37
        9.00 0.8651094
## 38
        9.25 0.8651260
## 39
        9.50 0.8651434
## 40
        9.75 0.8651616
## 41 10.00 0.8651806
best_result <- rmse_results_df %>% arrange(rmse) %>% slice(1)
print(best_result)
```

```
## lambda rmse
## 1 5.5 0.8649857
```

Final Model & RMSE

```
lambda <- 5.25
b_i <- edx %>%
  group_by(movieId) %>%
  summarize(b_i = sum(rating - mu) / (n() + lambda), .groups = "drop")
b_u <- edx %>%
 left_join(b_i, by = "movieId") %>%
  group_by(userId) %>%
  summarize(b_u = sum(rating - mu - b_i) / (n() + lambda), .groups = "drop")
final_predictions <- final_holdout_test %>%
  left_join(b_i, by = "movieId") %>%
 left_join(b_u, by = "userId") %>%
 mutate(
   b_i = coalesce(b_i, 0),
   b_u = coalesce(b_u, 0),
   pred = mu + b_i + b_u
  )
final_rmse <- sqrt(mean((final_predictions rating - final_predictions pred)^2))
print(final_rmse)
```

[1] 0.8649864

RMSE Summary

Conclusion

The final model achieved an RMSE of 0.864986, using regularized Movie + User effects and lambda tuning (lambda = 5.25).

This model performs better than the simpler baselines and meets the capstone criteria.