

Memoria Analizador Sintáctico

Ignacio Gómez Valverde
Paula Labandeira Campos
Óscar Martínez Garcés

Índice

- Gramática Analizador Sintáctico
- Demostración de gramática válida
- Tabla LL
- Anexo

Gramática

Terminales = { if let id input alert eof (;) , { : } entero number boolean function string return
cadena switch case default break = || |= == + - / }

NoTerminales = { E 1 R 2 U 3 G V 4 Z O S D L Q X B Y M N T F H A K C P }

Axioma = P

Producciones = {
E -> R 1
1 -> || R 1 | lambda
R -> U 2
2 -> == U 2 | lambda
U -> V 3
3 -> G V 3 | lambda
G -> + | -
V -> Z 4
4 -> / Z 4 | lambda
Z -> id O | (E) | entero | cadena
O -> lambda | (L)
S -> id D ; | alert (E) ; | input (id) ; | return X ;
D -> = E | |= E | (L)
L -> E Q | lambda
Q -> , E Q | lambda
X -> E | lambda
B -> if (E) S | let T id ; | S | switch (E) { Y }
Y -> case entero : C M
M -> break ; N | N
N -> Y | default : C | lambda
T -> number | boolean | string
F -> function H id (A) { C }
H -> T | lambda
A -> T id K | lambda
K -> , T id K | lambda
C -> B C | lambda
P -> B P | F P | eof | lambda
}

Demostración de gramática válida

Sabemos que es adecuada ya que es una gramática LL(1), no tiene recursividad por la izquierda en ninguno de sus estados, cumple la condición LL, está factorizada y no es ambigua en ningún caso.

Tabla LL

[illegible]

Anexo

Caso 1:

Código fuente:

```
-----  
let number a;  
let number b;  
let boolean bbb;  
a = 3;  
b = a;  
let boolean c;  
c = a == b;  
if (c) b = 1;  
if (b == a) b = 4;  
a = a / b;  
alert (a);  
alert(b);  
-----
```

Parse:

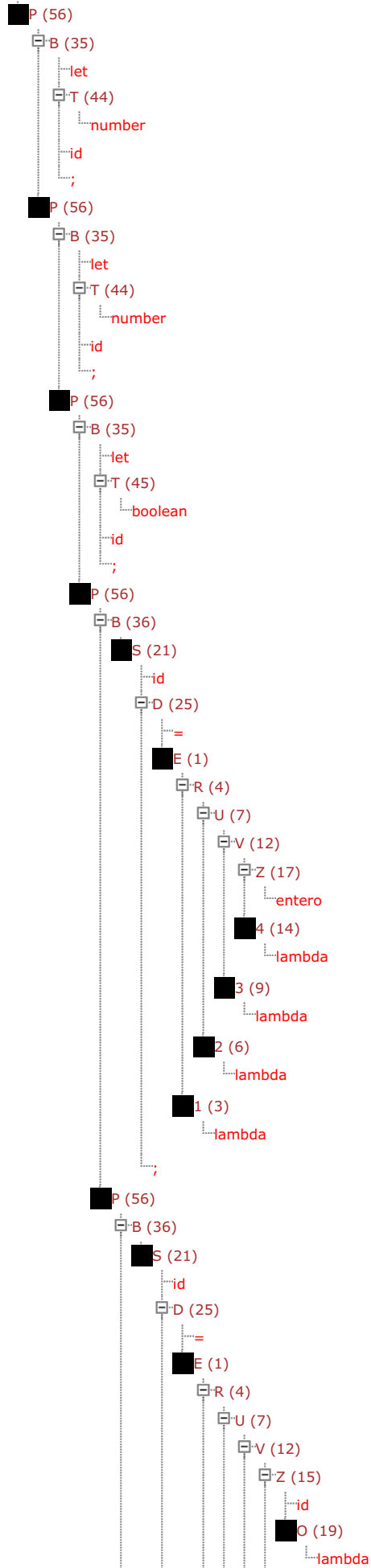
Descendente 56 35 44 56 35 44 56 35 45 56 36 21 25 1 4 7 12 17 14 9 6 3 56 36 21
25 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 56 35 45 56 36 21 25 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 5 7 12 15 19 14
9 6 3 56 34 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 21 25 1 4 7 12 17 14 9 6 3 56 34 1 4 7 12 15 19
14 9 5 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 21 25 1 4 7 12 17 14 9 6 3 56 36 21 25 1 4 7 12 15 19 13
15 19 14 9 6 3 56 36 22 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 56 36 22 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 59

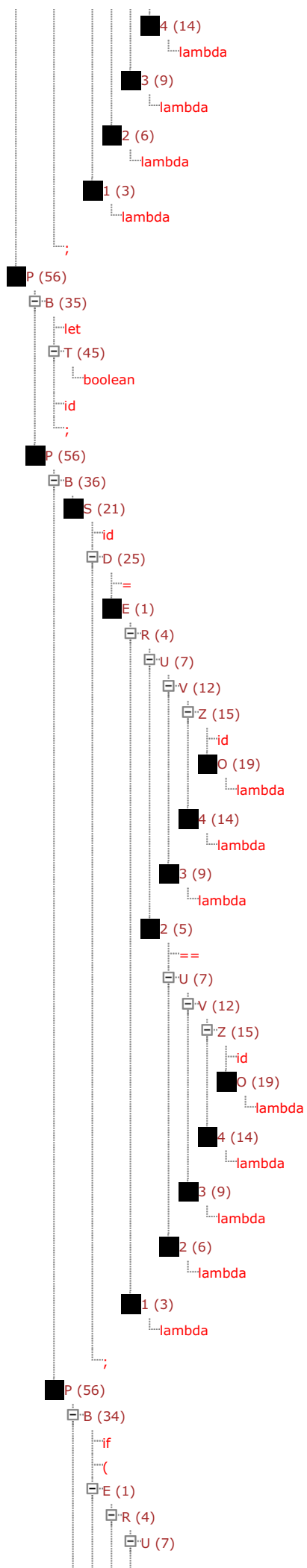
Árbol:

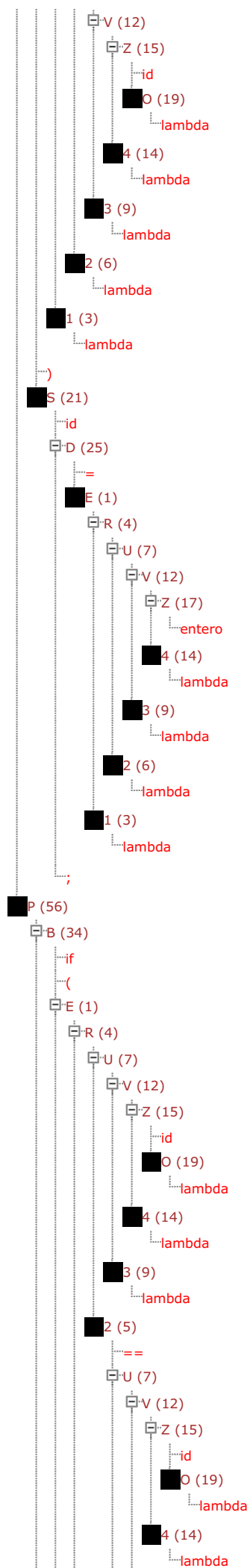
Árbol resultado de:

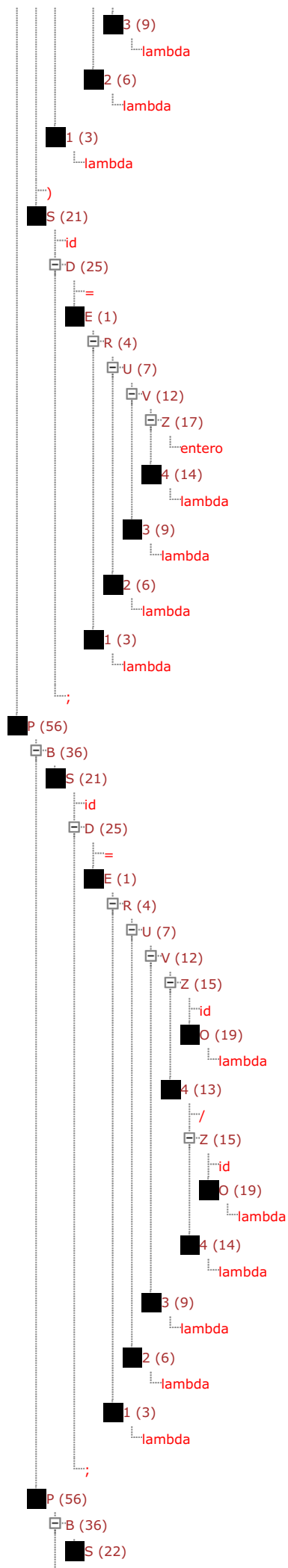
Gramática: C:\Users\inamo\Downloads\VisorArbSt\gramatica.txt

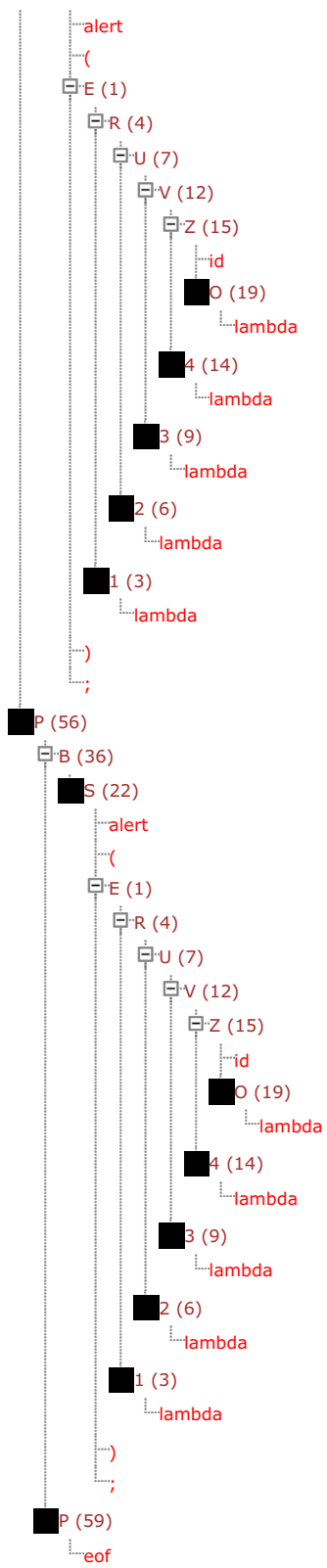
Parse: C:\Users\inamo\Downloads\VisorArbSt\parsep5.txt











Caso 2:

Código fuente:

```
let boolean b;let number x;
input (z);
alert (z);
x=z;
alert (z-1);
b=b||b;
alert ("PdL");
input (esto_es_un_nombre_de_variable_global_de_tipo_entero);
if (b) z =
  x - 6
  + z
  - (1
  - 2
  - y)
  / 8;
```

Parse:

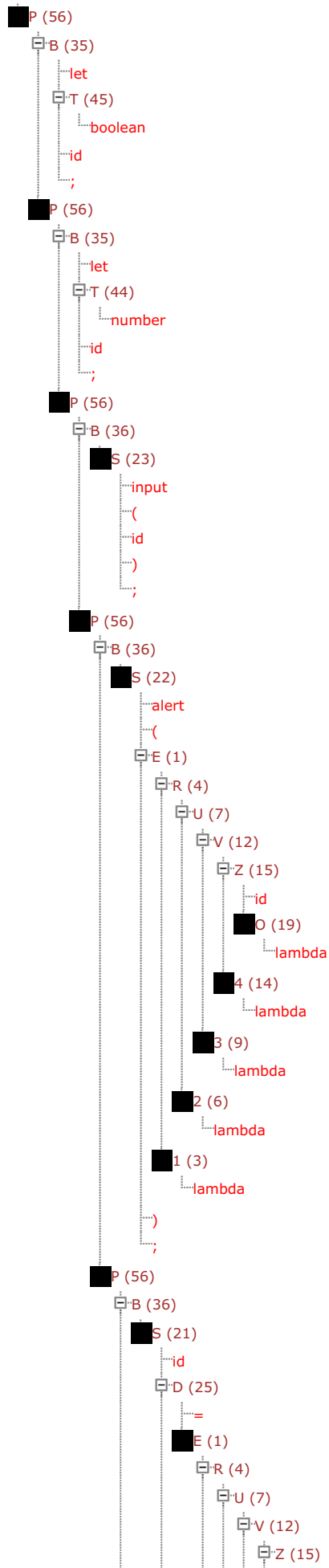
Descendente 56 35 45 56 35 44 56 36 23 56 36 22 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 56 36 21
25 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 56 36 22 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 8 11 12 17 14 9 6 3 56 36 21
25 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 2 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 56 36 22 1 4 7 12 18 14 9 6 3 56 36
23 56 34 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 21 25 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 8 11 12 17 14 8 10 12 15
19 14 8 11 12 16 1 4 7 12 17 14 8 11 12 17 14 8 11 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 13 17 14 9 6 3
59

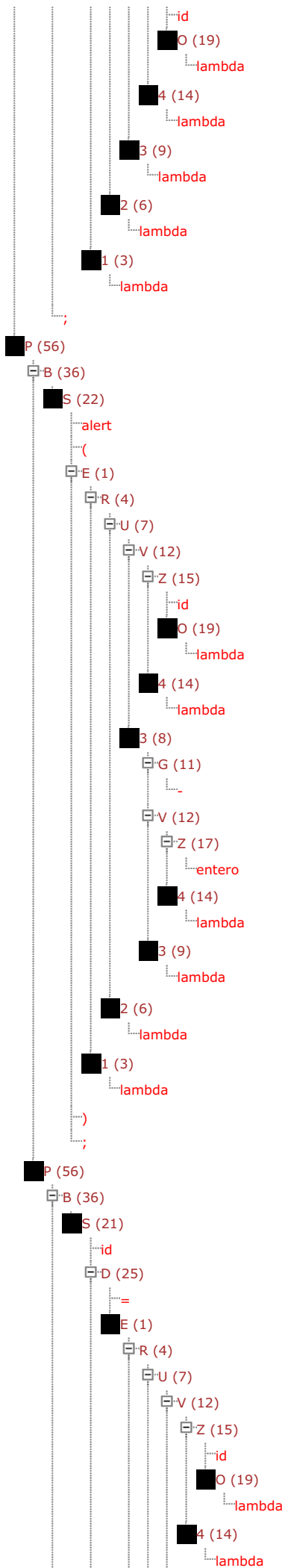
Árbol:

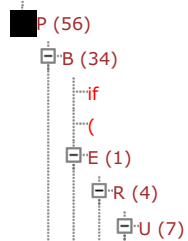
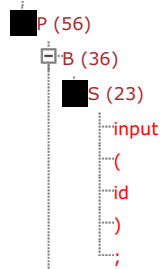
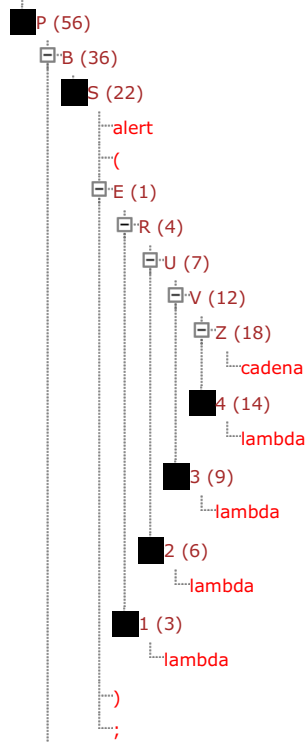
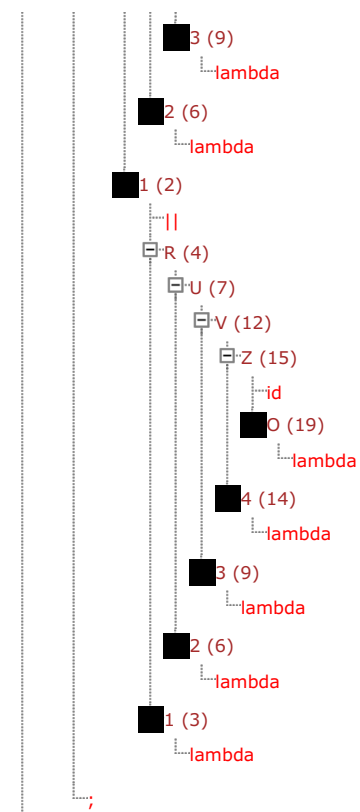
Arbol resultado de:

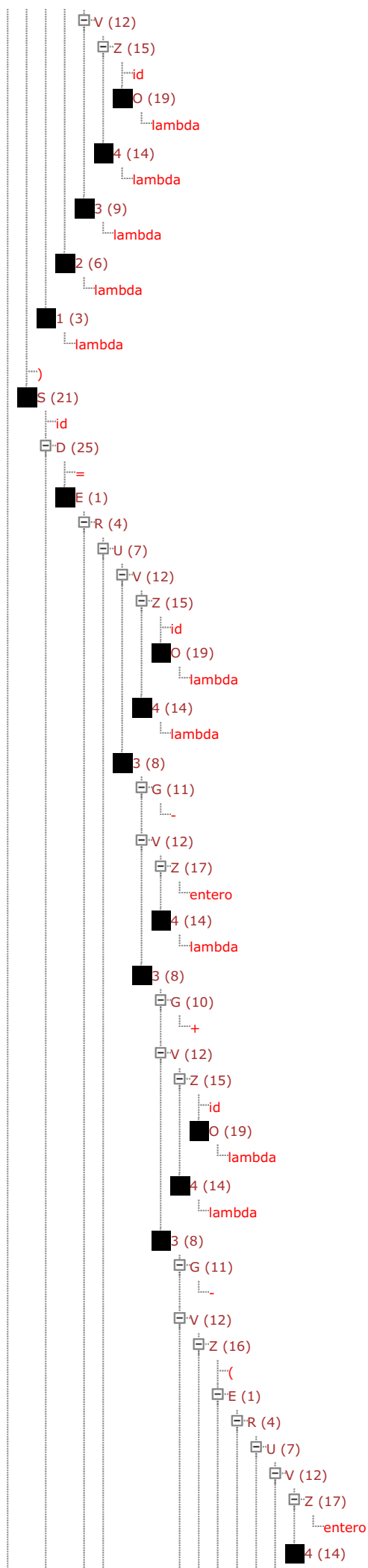
Gramática: C:\Users\inamo\Downloads\VisorArbSt\gramatica.txt

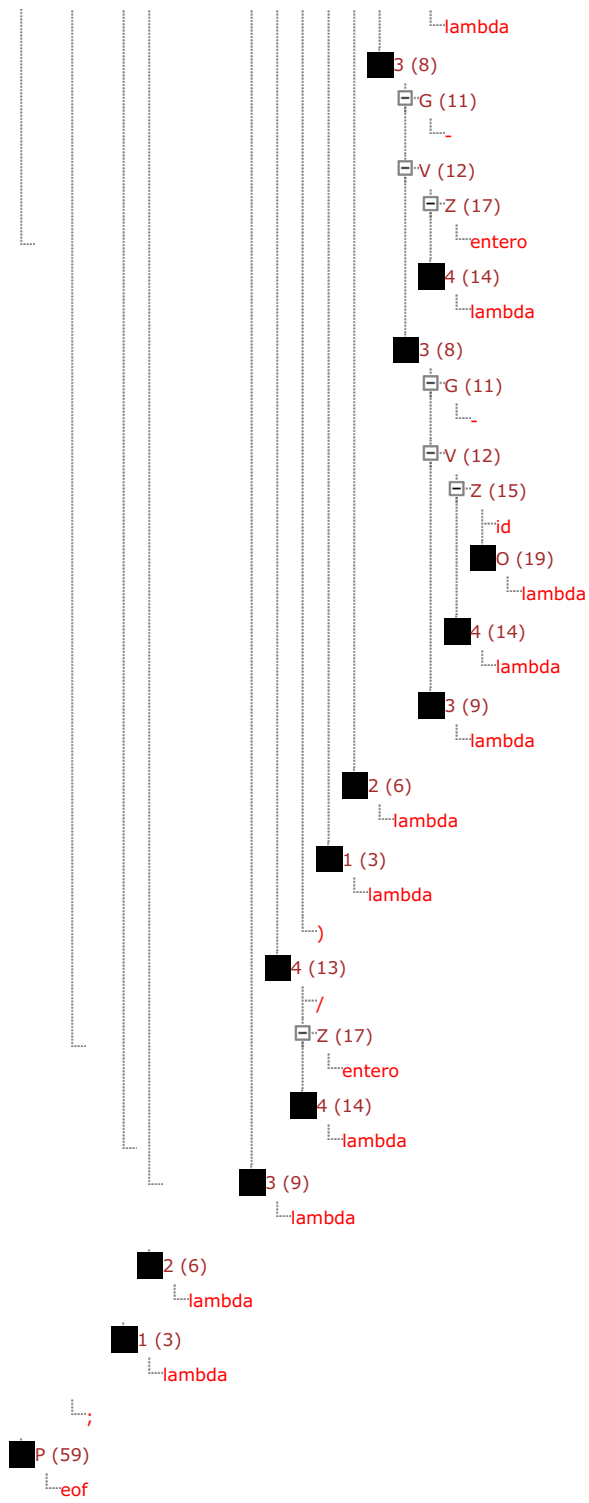
Parse: C:\Users\inamo\Downloads\VisorArbSt\parsep6.txt











Caso 3:

Código fuente:

```
-----  
let number number1;  
let string cadena;input(cadena);  
let boolean logico1;let boolean logico2;  
  
number1 = 873;  
  
number2 = 378;  
if (logico1|| logico2) cadena = "hello";  
  
function string ff(string ss)  
{  
    global = 33;  
    logico1 = logico2;  
    if (logico1) ss = ff (cadena);  
    return ss;  
}  
  
function string funcion (string logico2)  
{    let number var;  
  
    switch (number1){  
        case 0:    logico1 = number1 == number2;break;  
        case 8888: alert(1234);  
        case 3333: logico2="";  
    }  
  
    return logico2;  
}  
  
alert(cadena);  
cadena = ((ff(funcion(cadena))));  
  
-----
```

Parse:

```
Descendente 56 35 44 56 35 46 56 36 23 56 35 45 56 35 45 56 36 21 25 1 4 7 12 17  
14 9 6 3 56 36 21 25 1 4 7 12 17 14 9 6 3 56 34 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 2 4 7 12 15 19  
14 9 6 3 21 25 1 4 7 12 18 14 9 6 3 57 47 48 46 50 46 53 54 36 21 25 1 4 7 12 17 14  
9 6 3 54 36 21 25 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 54 34 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 21 25 1 4 7  
12 15 20 28 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 31 14 9 6 3 54 36 24 32 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3  
55 57 47 48 46 50 46 53 54 35 44 54 37 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 38 54 36 21 25 1 4
```

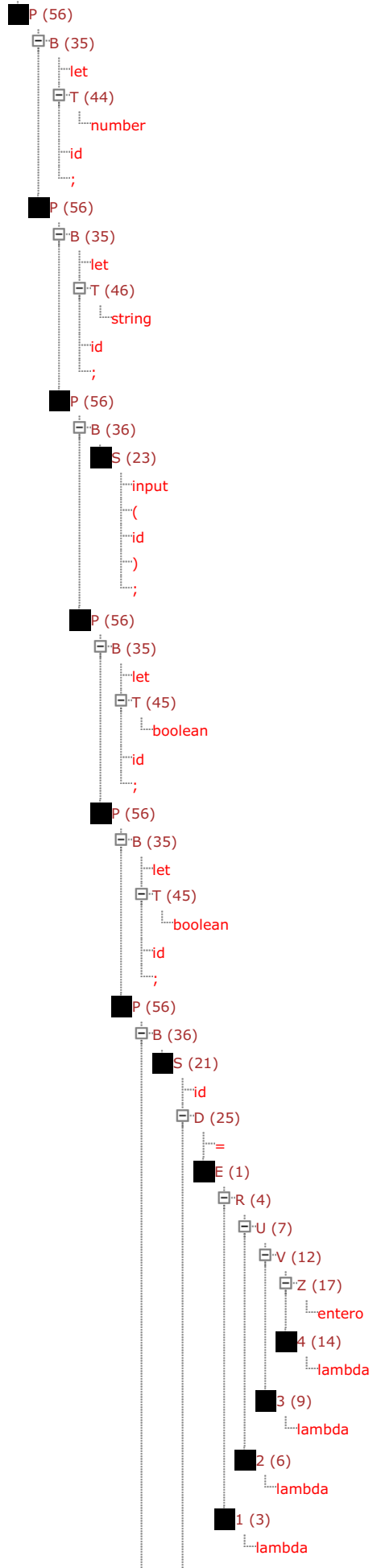
7 12 15 19 14 9 5 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 55 39 41 38 54 36 22 1 4 7 12 17 14 9 6 3 55
40 41 38 54 36 21 25 1 4 7 12 18 14 9 6 3 55 40 43 54 36 24 32 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9
6 3 55 56 36 22 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 56 36 21 25 1 4 7 12 16 1 4 7 12 16 1 4 7 12
15 20 28 1 4 7 12 15 20 28 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 31 14 9 6 3 31 14 9 6 3 14 9 6 3
14 9 6 3 59

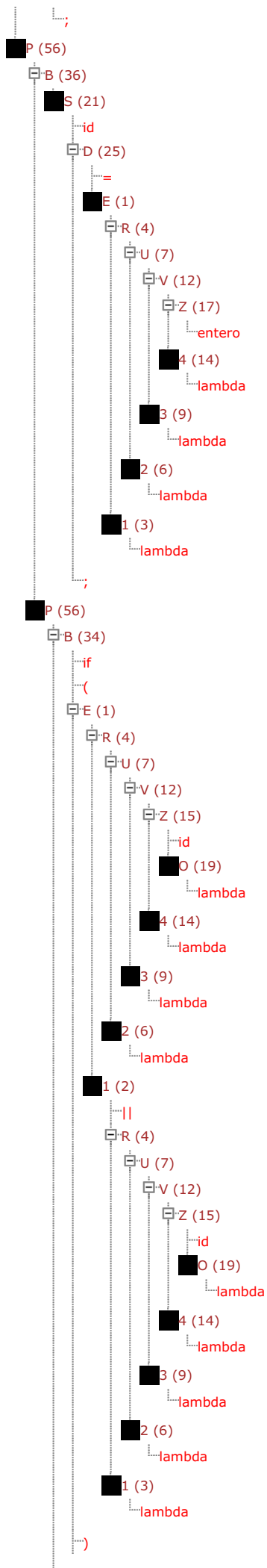
Árbol:

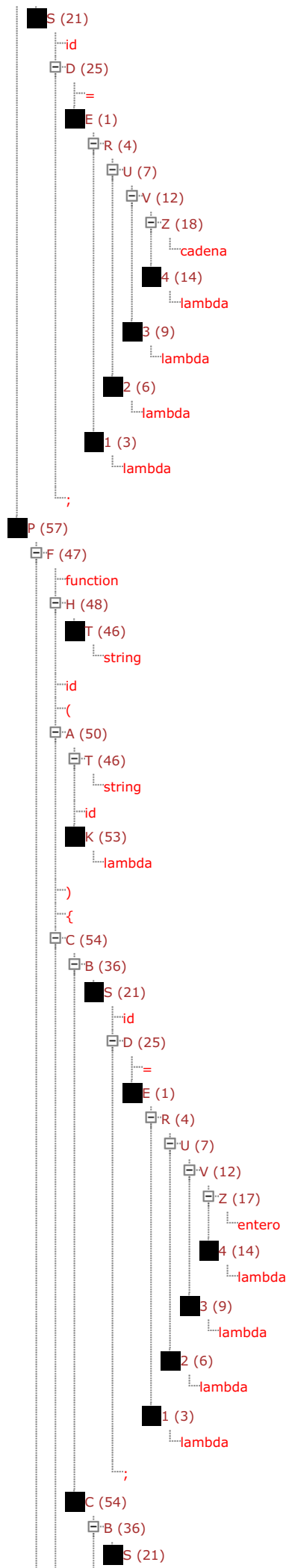
Árbol resultado de:

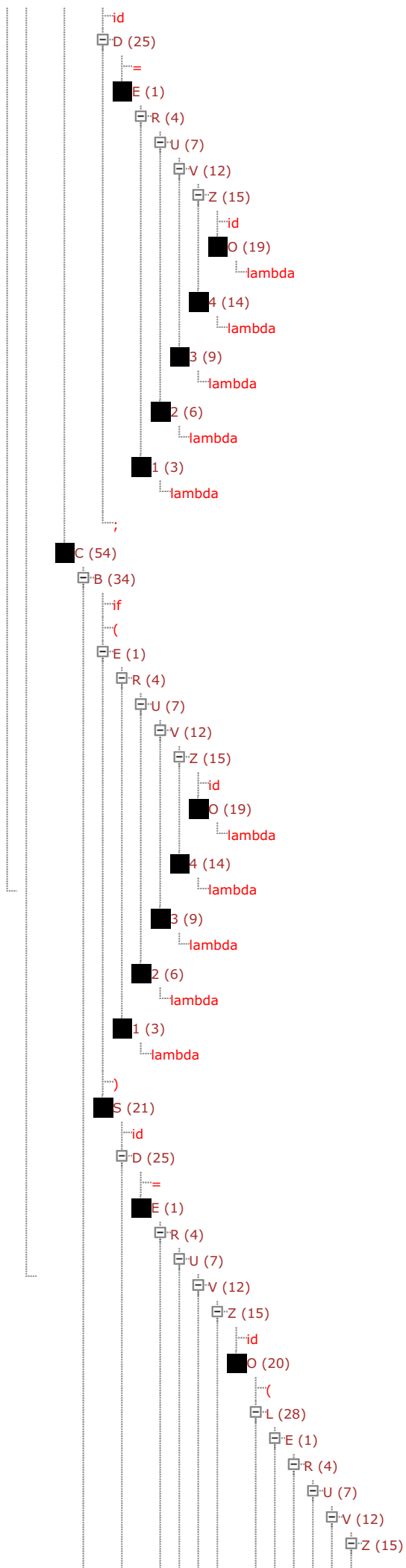
Gramática: C:\Users\inamo\Downloads\VisorArbSt\gramatica.txt

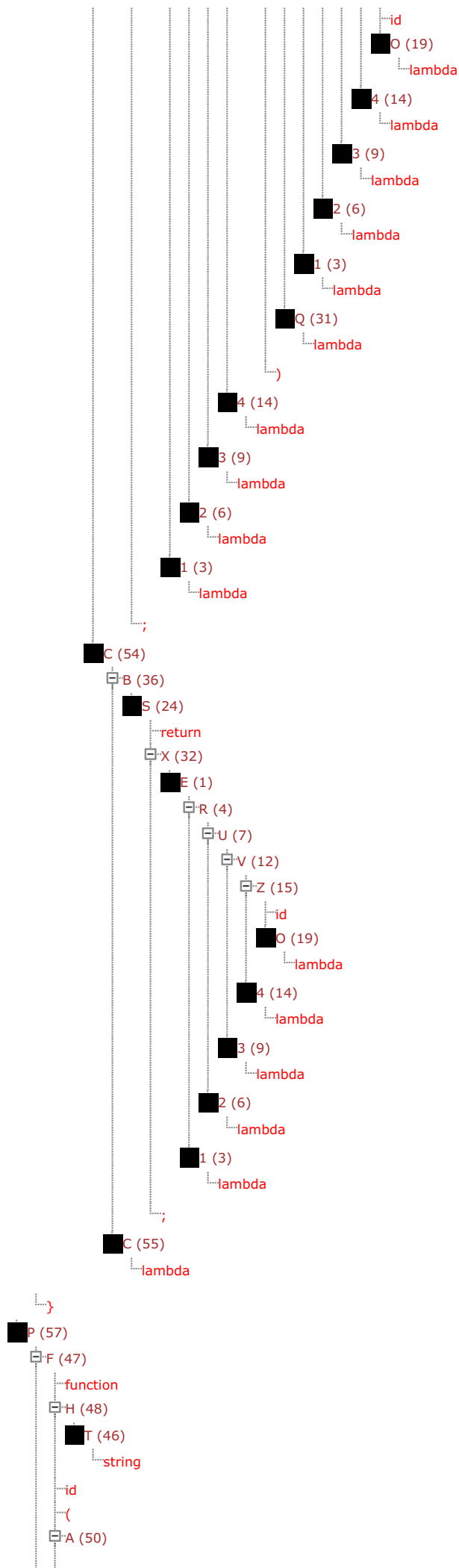
Parse: C:\Users\inamo\Downloads\VisorArbSt\parsep7.txt

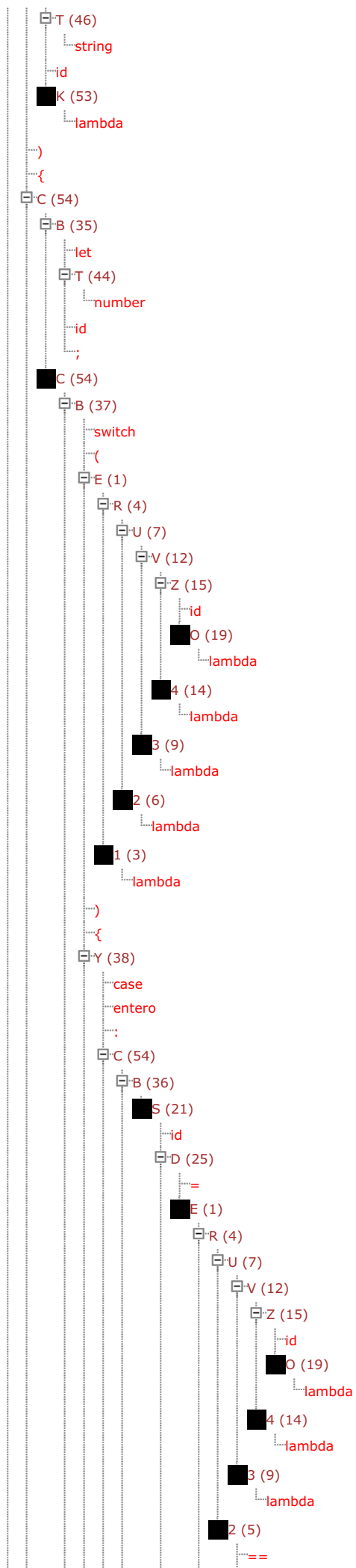


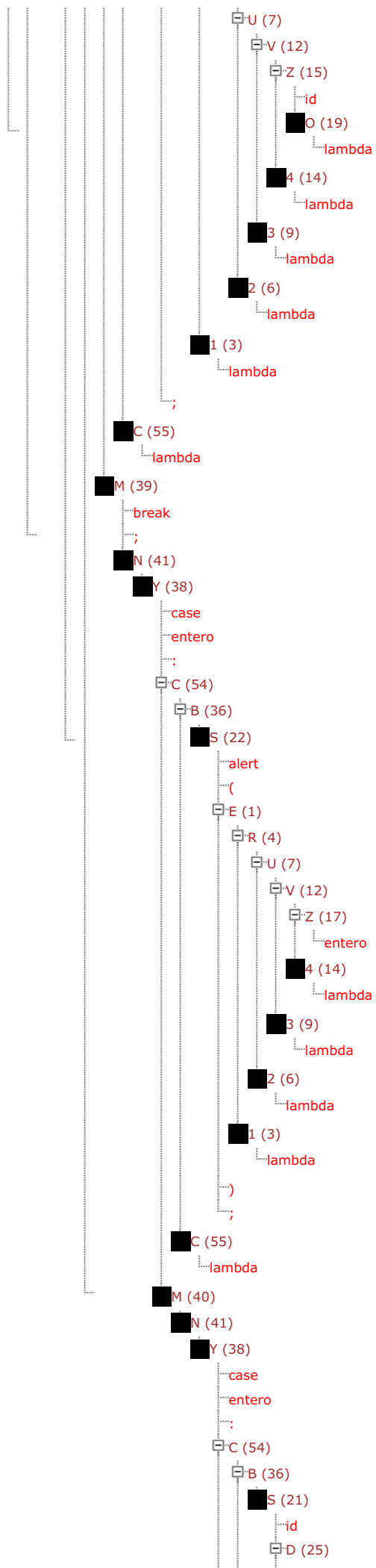


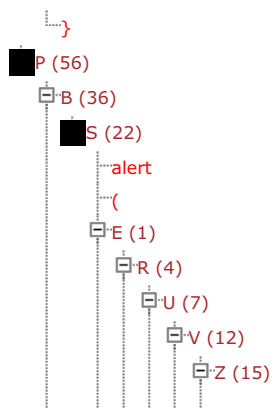
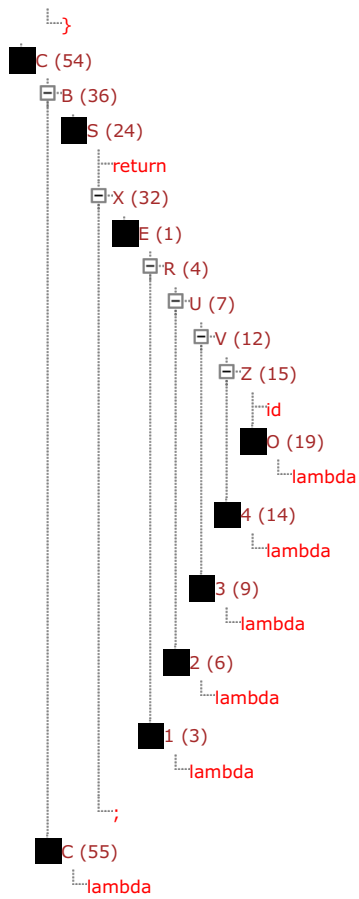
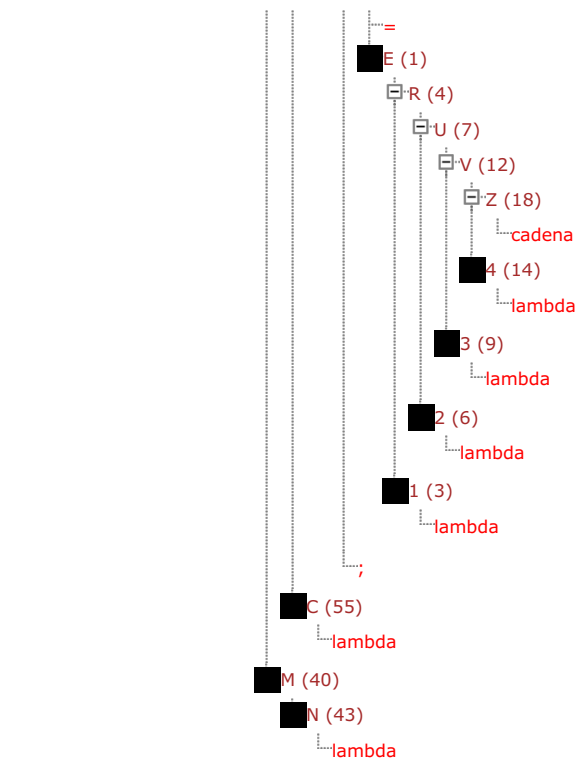


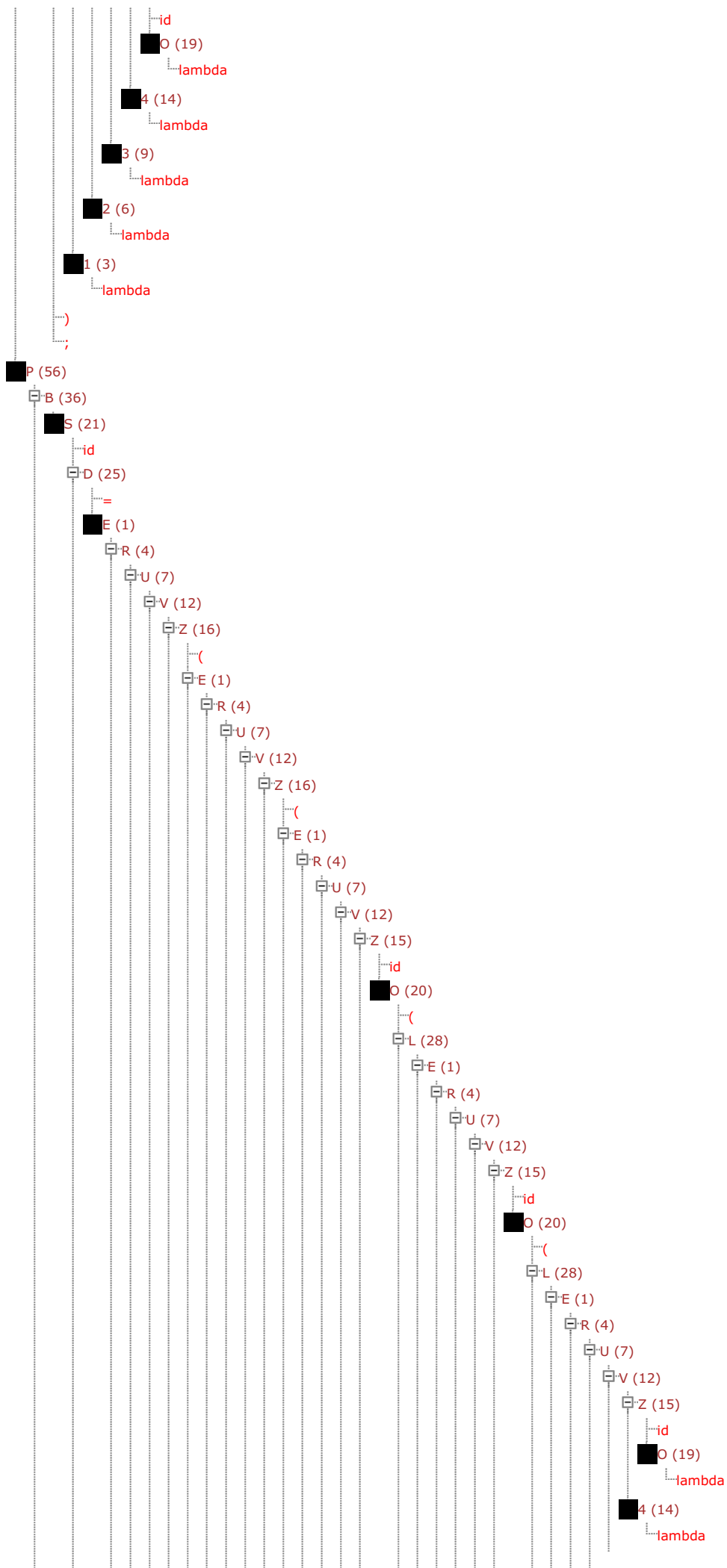


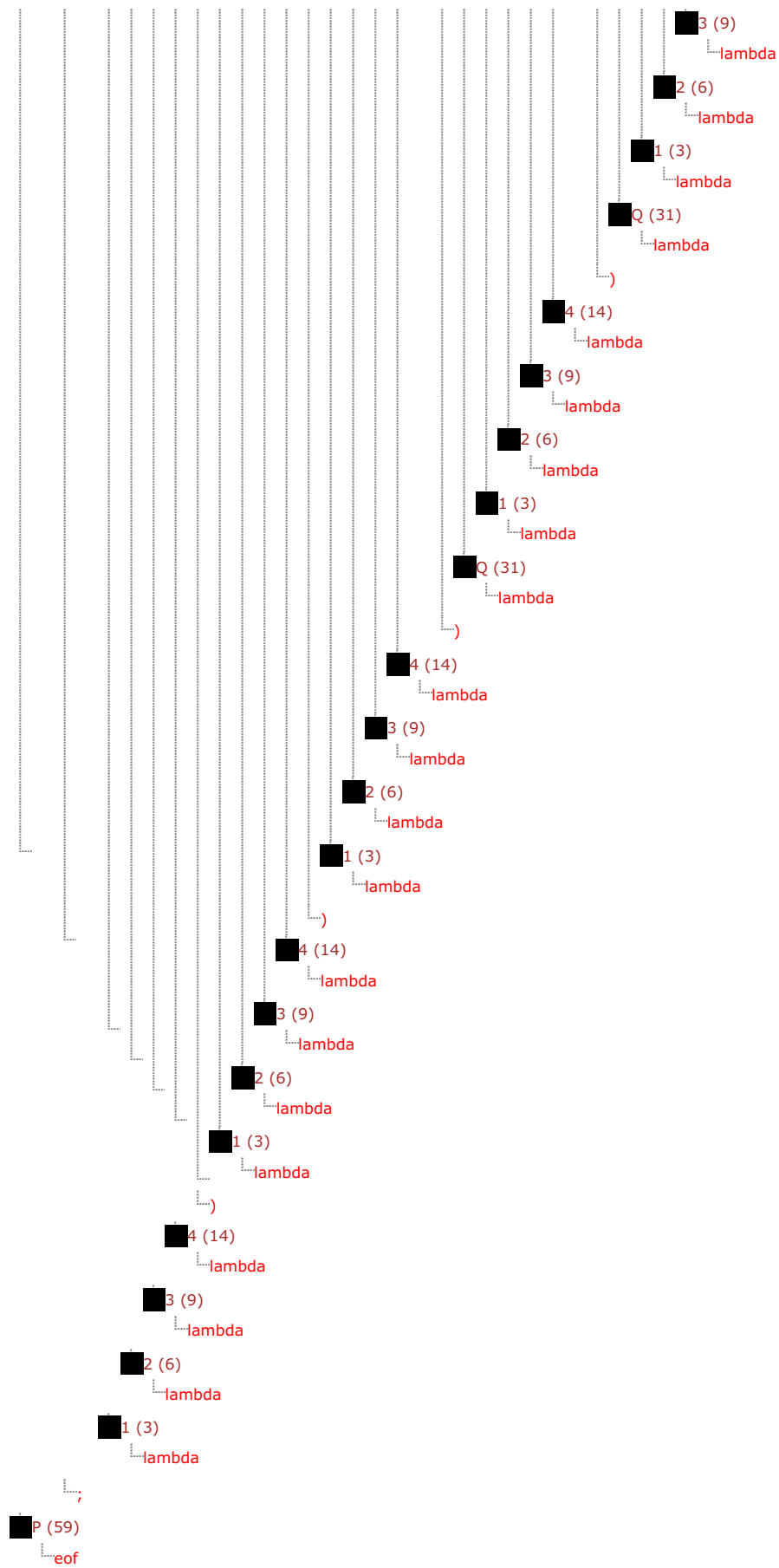












Caso 4:

Código fuente:

```
-----  
let number a;  
let number b;  
let number int;  
alert ("Introduce el primer operando")  
input (a);  
alert ("Introduce el segundo operando");  
input (b);  
function number operacion (number num1, number num2)  
{  
    return num1+num2;  
}  
  
int = operacion (a, b);  
alert (int);  
  
-----
```

Parse:

Descendente 56 35 44 56 35 44 56 35 44 56 36 22 1 4 7 12 18 14 9 6 3

Errores: Falta punto y coma en el alert de la 4 línea.

Caso 5:

Código fuente:

```
let number x;  
let number z;  
let boolean b;  
input (z);  
alert (z);  
x=z;  
alert (z/1; //falta un paréntesis  
b=b||b;if (b) z =  
    x / 6  
    + z  
    / (1  
    - 2  
    - y)  
    / 8;
```

Parse: Descendente 56 35 44 56 35 44 56 35 45 56 36 23 56 36 22 1 4 7 12 15 19
14 9 6 3 56 36 21 25 1 4 7 12 15 19 14 9 6 3 56 36 22 1 4 7 12 15 19 13 17 14 9 6 3

Errores:

Falta) en la 8 línea.

Caso 6:

Código fuente:

let number a;
let number b;
let number int;
alert ("Introduce el primer operando");
input (a);
alert ("Introduce el segundo operando");
input (b);
function number (number num1, number num2)
{
 return num1-num2;
}

int = 0;
alert (operacion (a, b));

Parse:

Descendente 56 35 44 56 35 44 56 35 44 56 36 22 1 4 7 12 18 14 9 6 3 56 36 23 56
36 22 1 4 7 12 18 14 9 6 3 56 36 23 57 47 48 44

Errores: Falta el id de la función al declararla.