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The token validation filter looks for the token in the request and then tries to validate it using the configured token storage implementation.

If the validation is successful, the principal object is stored in the security context. This allows you to use in your application @Secured, springSecurityService.principal and so on.



springSecurityService.currentUser expects a grails.plugin.springsecurity.userdetails.Grai lsuser to perform a DB query. However, this plugins stores in the security context just a principal Object, because it does not assume you are using domain classes to store the users. Use

springSecurityService.principal instead.

This plugin supports RFC 6750 Bearer Token specification out-of-thebox.

Sending tokens in the request

The token can be sent in the Authorization request header:

Listing 1. Accessing a protected resource using Authorization *request header*

GET /protectedResource HTTP/1.1 Host: server.example.com Authorization: Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJleHAiOjEOMjI5OTU5MjIsInN1YiI6ImppbWkiLCJyb2x lcyI6WyJST0xFX0FETUl0IiwiUk9MRV9VU0VSIl0sImlhdCI6MTQyMjk5MjMyMn0.rA7 A2Gwt14LaYMpxNRtrCdO24RGrfHtZXY9fIjV8x8o

Or using form-encoded body parameters:



Listing 2. Accessing a protected resource using body parameters

POST /protectedResource HTTP/1.1

Host: server.example.com

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

access_token=eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJleHAiOjEOMjI5OTU5MjIsInN1YiI6Im ppbWkiLCJyb2xlcyI6WyJST0xFX0FETUlOIiwiUk9MRV9VU0VSIl0sImlhdCI6MTQyMj k5MjMyMn0.rA7A2Gwt14LaYMpxNRtrCdO24RGrfHtZXY9fIjV8x8o



If you need to use the GET HTTP method (to render images in an img tag, for example), you can also send the access token in a query string parameter named access_token:

If you disable the bearer token support, you can customise it further:

```
grails.plugin.springsecurity.rest.token.validation.useBearerToken =
grails.plugin.springsecurity.rest.token.validation.headerName = 'X-
Auth-Token'
```

If you still want to have full access and read the token from a different part of the request, you can implement a TokenReader and register it in your resources.groovy as tokenReader.



You must disable bearer token support to register your own tokenReader implementation.



Anonymous access

If you want to enable anonymous access to URL's where this plugin's filters are applied, you need to:

- 1. Configure enableAnonymousAccess = true (see table below).
- 2. Make sure that the anonymous Authentication Filter is applied before restTokenValidationFilter. See how to configure filters for more details.

For example, with this configuration:

Sample configuration to allow anonymous access

```
grails {
                    plugin {
                                          springsecurity {
                                                               filterChain {
                                                                                    chainMap = [
                                                                                                         '/api/guest/**':
 'anonymousAuthenticationFilter,restTokenValidationFilter,restExcepti
 onTranslationFilter, filterInvocationInterceptor',
                                                                                                         '/api/**': 'JOINED_FILTERS,-
an onymous \verb|AuthenticationFilter|, -exception \verb|TranslationFilter|, -exception \verb|TranslationFilt
authenticationProcessingFilter,-securityContextPersistenceFilter',
                                                                                                          '/**': 'JOINED_FILTERS,-
restTokenValidationFilter, -restExceptionTranslationFilter'
                                                                }
                                                                //Other Spring Security settings
                                                                //...
                                                               rest {
                                                                                    token {
                                                                                                         validation {
                                                                                                                               enableAnonymousAccess = true
                                                                                     }
                                                              }
                                          }
                     }
 }
```



The following chains are configured:

- 1. /api/guest/** is a stateless chain that allows anonymous access when no token is sent. If however a token is on the request, it will be validated.
- 2. /api/** is a stateless chain that doesn't allow anonymous access. Thus, the token will always be required, and if missing, a Bad Request reponse will be sent back to the client.
- 3. /** (read: everything else) is a traditional stateful chain.

Validation Endpoint

There is also an endpoint available that you can call in case you want to know if a given token is valid. It looks for the token in a HTTP header as well, and if the token is still valid, it renders guide:authentication[its JSON representation]. If the token does not exist, it will render a

grails.plugin.springsecurity.rest.login.failureStatusCode response (401 by default).

The relevant configuration properties for the validation endpoint are:

Table 1. Validation endpoint configuration options

Config key	Default value
grails.plugin.springsecurity.r est.token.validation.active	true
grails.plugin.springsecurity.r est.token.validation.headerNam e	X-Auth-Token
grails.plugin.springsecurity.r est.token.validation.endpointUrl	/api/validate

Note that headerName is only considered if

grails.plugin.springsecurity.rest.token.validation.useBearerTo ken is set to false. Otherwise (the default approach), as per RFC 6750, the header name will be Authorization and the value will be Bearer TOKEN_VALUE.