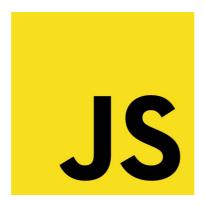
Web Technologies

Lab session 3



JavaScript

- JavaScript is the programming language of HTML and the Web
- Languages of the Web
 - HTML defines content
 - CSS defines layout
 - JavaScript defines behavior
- https://www.w3schools.com/js

JavaScript: Overview

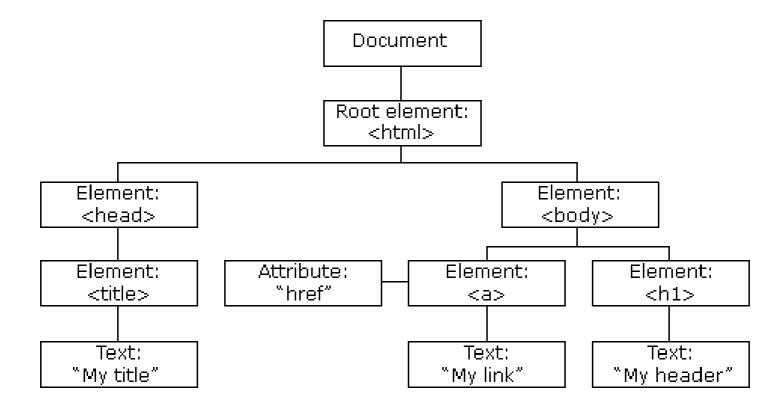
- General purpose programming language
 - Runs in browser
 - Runs in dedicated runtime environments (NodeJS, Deno)
- Manipulate HTML and CSS
 - Content
 - Attributes
 - Add/remove DOM nodes

JavaScript: Overview

- JS can be put anywhere in the HTML page
 - HTML element <script>
 - Recommended to place it at the end of <body>
 - improves page loading speed
 - Recommended to place it in external *.js files and include it in HTML
- JS sometime behaves differently as you expect
 - Running in strict mode reduces the probability of such quirks: "use strict"; Strict mode allows you to write better code: commands provided in bad syntax become errors
 - https://www.w3schools.com/js/js strict.asp

JavaScript: DOM

 When a web page is loaded, the browser creates a Document Object Model (DOM)



JavaScript: DOM and BOM

- DOM is a standard for how to get, change, add, or delete HTML elements
 - Global variable document represents the web page
- BOM: Browser Object Model
 - Means to access some browser functions from JS
 - Not standardized, but all browsers support it
 - Global variable window

JavaScript versions: ECMAScript

- JavaScript is evolving: ECMAScript standard
 - Now new version every year
 - Most recent version: ES13 (ECMAScript 2022)
 - https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_versions.asp
- Some newer features and language improvements
 - Variables: stop using var, use let and const instead of var
 - Arrow functions: [1, 2, 3].map(x => x*x)
 - String interpolation console.log(`\${1+1}`)
 - Class support, default function parameters, and more
- Features overview
 - http://es6-features.org
 - https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/es5-to-esnext-heres-every-featur e-added-to-javascript-since-2015-d0c255e13c6e
 - https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_es6.asp

JavaScript: jQuery

- jQuery is a JS library that simplifies DOM interactions
- jQuery uses selectors like CSS to select elements and perform actions on them
- Resources
 - https://www.w3schools.com/jquery
 - https://jquery.com, http://try.jquery.com/

JavaScript: jQuery

Including jQuery (https://code.jquery.com)

```
<script src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.4.1.slim.min.js"
integrity="sha256-pasqAKBDmFT4eHoN2ndd6lN370kFiGUFyTiUHWhU7k8="
    crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
```

Using jQuery

```
$("p").hide()
$(".myclass").hide()
$("#first").val("New value")
$("button").click(() => console.log("You clicked.")))
```

Assignment 1: Complete JS App

- When the user provides the first name, the last name and the role, the participant should be added to the list (table) of participants
- When the user double-clicks on a participant (row), the participant should be removed from the list
 - The user should be prompted to confirm the removal: use confirm to prompt the user

Web technologies

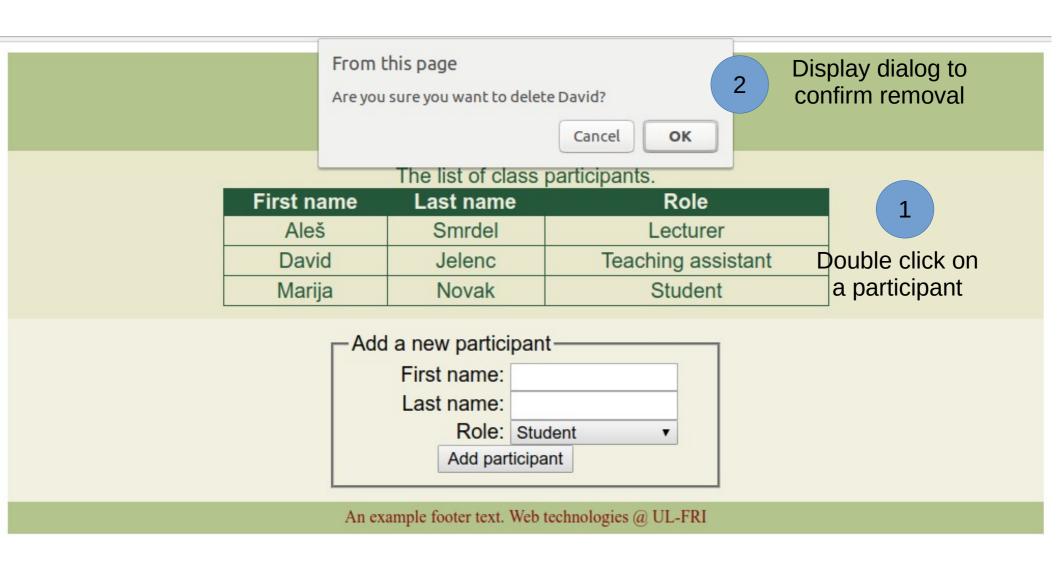
Added participants

The list of class participants.

First name	Last name	Role
Aleš	Smrdel	Lecturer
David	Jelenc	Teaching assistant
Marija	Novak	Student

Add a new participant————			
First name:			
First name.			
Last name:			
Role:	Student ▼		
Add participant			

An example footer text. Web technologies @ UL-FRI



Remove participant if confirmed

Assignment 2: Persistence

- Problem: When the page is refreshed, data is lost
- Solution: use HTML5 localStorage to save the contents
 - https://www.w3schools.com/html/html5_webstorage.asp
- Some hints
 - Represent each participant as an object with four properties:
 id, first, last, role
 - The id should be an integer that increases with each participant
 - Add participants to an array, and save the array to localStorage
 - Since localStorage cannot save arrays, encode the array as JSON and save the JSON to localStorage:
 - JSON.stringify([1, 2, 3])
 - JSON.parse(stringToBeParsed)