

PN_CODING_CHALLENGE_2—06/06/2020

1. Write a C++ Program to print right angled pyramid of numbers.

Solution:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int i, rows, j, k=1;

    cout<<"Enter the number of rows: ";

    cin>>rows;

    for(i=1; i<=rows; i++)
    {
        for(j=1; j<=i; j++)
        {
            cout<<k<<"\t";

            k++;
        }

        cout<<"\n";
    }

    return 0;
}
```

2. Write a C++ Program to Multiply Two Matrix Using Multi-dimensional Arrays.

Solution:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
```

```

int product[10][10], r1=2, c1=3, r2=3, c2=3, i, j, k;
int a[2][3] = { { 2, 4, 1 } , { 2, 3, 9 } };
int b[3][3] = { { 1, 2, 3 } , { 3, 6, 1 } , { 2, 9, 7 } };
if (c1 != r2)
{
    cout<<"Column of first matrix should be equal to row of second matrix";
}
else
{
    cout<<"The first matrix is:"<<endl;
    for(i=0; i<r1; ++i)
    {
        for(j=0; j<c1; ++j)
            cout<<a[i][j]<<" ";
        cout<<endl;
    }
    cout<<endl;
    cout<<"The second matrix is:"<<endl;
    for(i=0; i<r2; ++i)
    {
        for(j=0; j<c2; ++j)
            cout<<b[i][j]<<" ";
        cout<<endl;
    }
    cout<<endl;
    for(i=0; i<r1; ++i)
    for(j=0; j<c2; ++j)
    {
        product[i][j] = 0;
    }
    for(i=0; i<r1; ++i)
    for(j=0; j<c2; ++j)
    for(k=0; k<c1; ++k)
    {
        product[i][j]+=a[i][k]*b[k][j];
    }
    cout<<"Product of the two matrices is:"<<endl;
    for(i=0; i<r1; ++i)
    {
        for(j=0; j<c2; ++j)
            cout<<product[i][j]<<" ";
        cout<<endl;
    }
}

```

```
        return 0;
    }
```

.....

3. Write A C++ Program To Implement Queue Operations Using Switch Statement.

Solution:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int queue[100], n = 100, front = - 1, rear = - 1;

void Insert()
{
    int val;

    if (rear == n - 1)
        cout<<"Queue Overflow"<<endl;
    else
    {
        if (front == - 1)
            front = 0;

        cout<<"Insert the element in queue : "<<endl;

        cin>>val;

        rear++;

        queue[rear] = val;
    }
}

void Delete()
{
    if (front == - 1 || front > rear)
    {
        cout<<"Queue Underflow ";
```

```

        return ;
    }
    else
    {
        cout<<"Element deleted from queue is : "<< queue[front] <<endl;
        front++;
    }
}

void Display()
{
    if (front == - 1)
        cout<<"Queue is empty"<<endl;
    else
    {
        cout<<"Queue elements are : ";
        for (int i = front; i <= rear; i++)
            cout<<queue[i]<<" ";
        cout<<endl;
    }
}

int main()
{
    int ch;
    cout<<"1) Insert element to queue"<<endl;
    cout<<"2) Delete element from queue"<<endl;
    cout<<"3) Display all the elements of queue"<<endl;
    cout<<"4) Exit"<<endl;
    do
    {

```

```

        cout<<"Enter your choice : "<<endl;
        cin<<ch;
        switch (ch)
        {
                case 1: Insert();
                        break;
                case 2: Delete();
                        break;
                case 3: Display();
                        break;
                case 4: cout<<"Exit"<<endl;
                        break;
                default: cout<<"Invalid choice"<<endl;
        }
    }
    while(ch!=4);
    return 0;
}

*****

```

4. Write a C++ Program For Selection Sort

Solution:

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void swapping(int &a, int &b)
{
        //swap the content of a and b
        int temp;
        temp = a;
        a = b;
        b = temp;
}

```

```

}

void display(int *array, int size)
{
    for(int i = 0; i<size; i++)
        cout << array[i] << " ";
    cout << endl;
}

void selectionSort(int *array, int size)
{
    int i, j, imin;
    for(i = 0; i<size-1; i++)
    {
        imin = i; //get index of minimum data
        for(j = i+1; j<size; j++)
            if(array[j] < array[imin])
                imin = j;
        //placing in correct position
        swap(array[i], array[imin]);
    }
}

int main()
{
    int n;
    cout << "Enter the number of elements: ";
    cin >> n;
    int arr[n]; //create an array with given number of elements
    cout << "Enter elements:" << endl;
    for(int i = 0; i<n; i++)
    {

```

```

        cin >> arr[i];

    }

    cout << "Array before Sorting: ";

    display(arr, n);

    selectionSort(arr, n);

    cout << "Array after Sorting: ";

    display(arr, n);

}

*****

```

5. C++ Program to Find All Roots of a Quadratic Equation.

Solution:

```

#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    float a, b, c, x1, x2, discriminant, realPart, imaginaryPart;
    cout << "Enter coefficients a, b and c: ";
    cin >> a >> b >> c;
    discriminant = b*b - 4*a*c;
    if (discriminant > 0)
    {
        x1 = (-b + sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a);
        x2 = (-b - sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a);
        cout << "Roots are real and different." << endl;
        cout << "x1 = " << x1 << endl;
        cout << "x2 = " << x2 << endl;
    }
    else if (discriminant == 0)
    {
        cout << "Roots are real and same." << endl;
        x1 = (-b + sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a);

```

```
        cout << "x1 = x2 =" << x1 << endl;
    }
    else
    {
        realPart = -b/(2*a);
        imaginaryPart =sqrt(-discriminant)/(2*a);
        cout << "Roots are complex and different." << endl;
        cout << "x1 = " << realPart << "+" << imaginaryPart << "i" << endl;
        cout << "x2 = " << realPart << "-" << imaginaryPart << "i" << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
*****
```