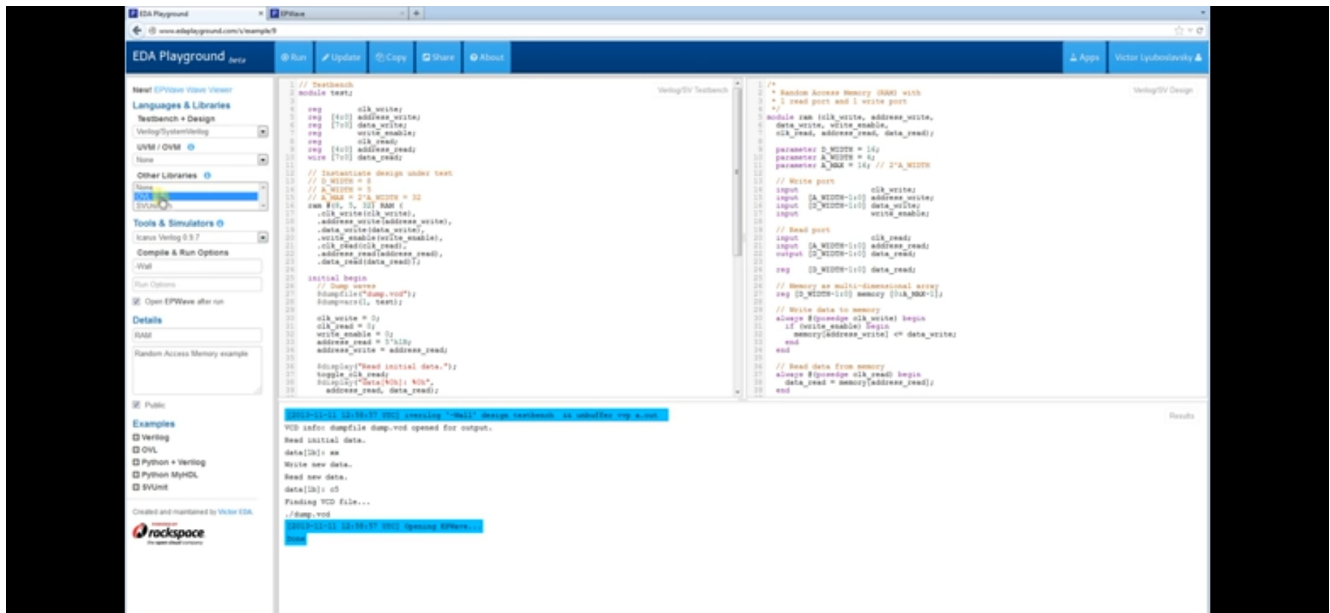


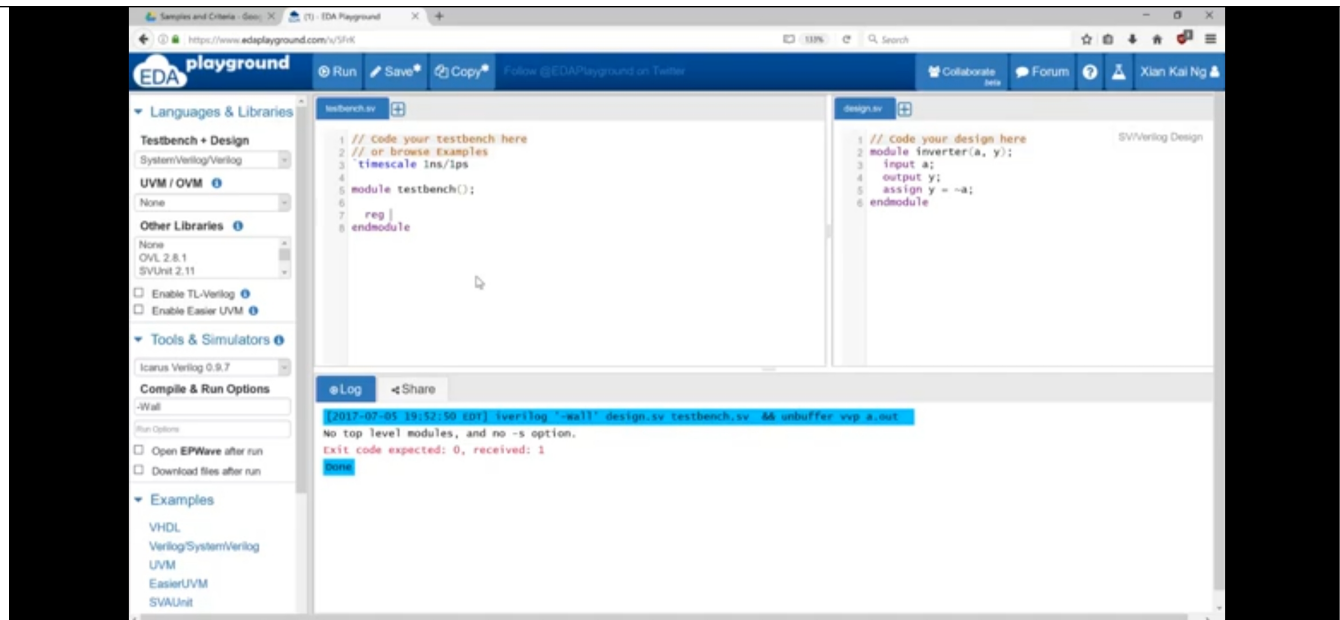
DAILY ASSESSMENT FORMAT

Date:	03-06-2020	Name:	Jagadeesha Hegde
Course:	Logic Design	USN:	4AL17EC036
Topic:	<p>EDA Playground Online complier</p> <p>EDA Playground Tutorial Demo Video</p> <p>How to Download And Install Xilinx Vivado Design Suite</p> <p>Vivado Design Suite for implementation of HDL code</p>	Semester & Section:	6th A-sec
Github Repository:	Jagadeesha-036		

FORENOON SESSION DETAILS

Image of session





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EDA Playground gives engineers immediate hands-on exposure to simulating SystemVerilog, Verilog, VHDL, C++/SystemC, and other HDLs. All you need is a web browser. The goal is to accelerate learning of design/testbench development with easier code sharing and simpler access to EDA tools and libraries. With a simple click, run your code and see console output in real time. View waves for your simulation using EPWave browser-based wave viewer. Save your code snippets ("Playgrounds"). Share your code and simulation results with a web link. Perfect for web forum discussions or emails. Great for asking questions or sharing your knowledge. Quickly try something out. Try out a language feature with a small example. Try out a library that you're thinking of using. Example Use cases: Quick prototyping – try out syntax or a library/language feature. When asking questions on Stack Overflow or other online forums, attach a link to the code and simulation results. Use during technical interviews to test candidates' SystemVerilog/Verilog coding and debug skills. Try verifying using different verification frameworks: UVM, SVUnit, plain Verilog, or Python. Tools & Simulators For settings and options documentation, see Tools & Simulators Options. Available tools and simulators are below. EDA Playground can support many different tools. Contact us to add your EDA tool to EDA Playground

Implement 4 to 1 MUX using two 2 to 1 MUX using structural modelling style:

```
module and_gate( output a,input b,c);  
assign a=b&c;  
endmodule
```

```
module not_gate(output d ,input e) ;  
assign d= ~e;  
endmodule
```

```
module or_gate(output l, input m,n);  
assign l=m | n;  
endmodule
```

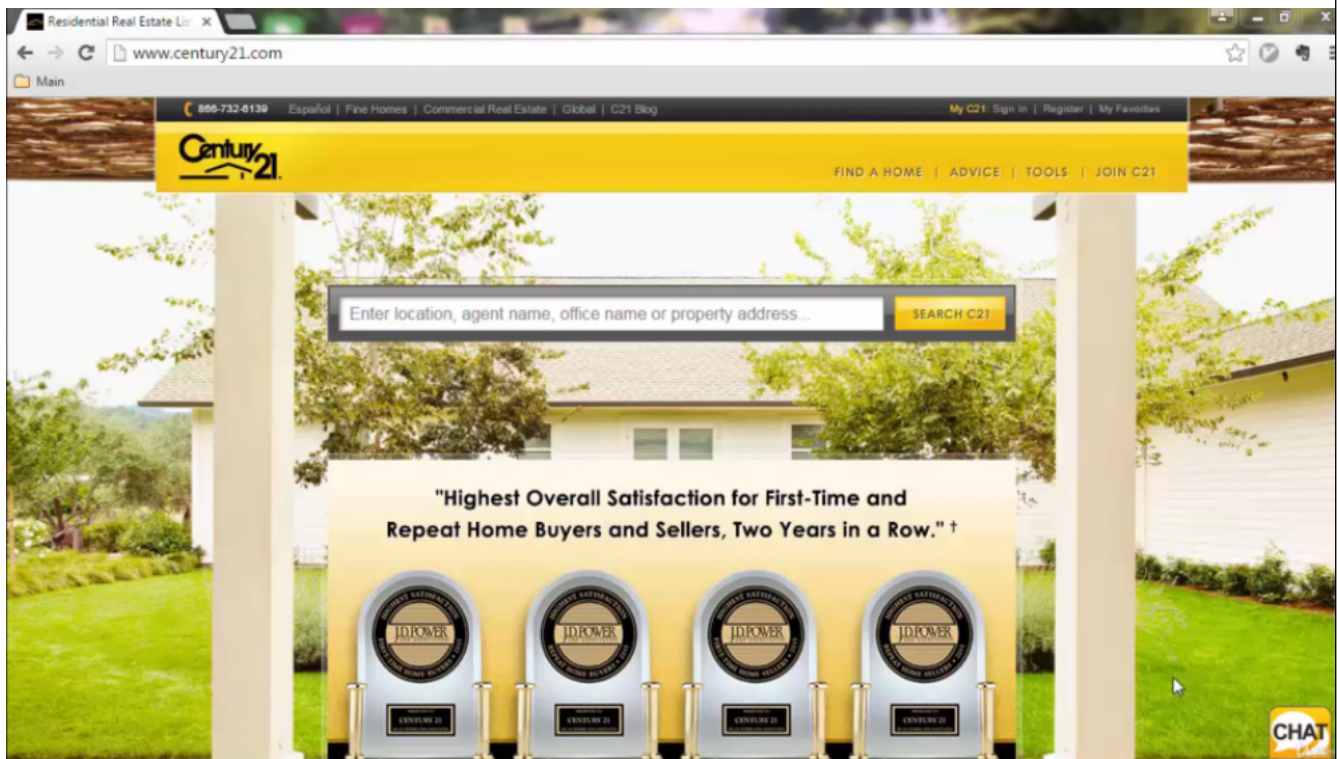
```
module m21(Y,D0,D1,S);
```

```
output Y;  
input D0,D1,S;  
wire T1,T2,T3;  
and_gate u1(T1,D1,S);  
not_gate u2(T2,S);  
and_gate u3(T3,D0,T2);  
or_gate u4(Y,T1,T3);  
endmodule
```

Date:	03-06-2020	Name:	Jagadeesha Hegde
Course:	The Python Mega Course	USN:	4AL17EC036
Topic:	Application 8: Scrape Real Estate	Semester & Section:	6th A-sec
	Property Data from the Web		

AFTERNOON SESSION DETAILS

Image of session



Home X century21 X Rock Springs Real Estate X

localhost:8888/notebooks/century21.ipynb

Main

jupyter century21 Last Checkpoint: 11 hours ago (unsaved changes)

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Help Python 3

Cell Toolbar: None

```
all=soup.find_all("div",{"class":"propertyRow"})
all[0].find("h4",{"class":"propPrice")).text.replace("\n","").replace(" ","")

In [20]: for item in all:
print(item.find("h4",{"class":"propPrice")).text.replace("\n","").replace(" ",""))
print(item.find_all("span",{"class":"propAddressCollapse"})[0].text)
print(item.find_all("span",{"class":"propAddressCollapse"})[1].text)
try:
    print(item.find("span",{"class":"infoBed"}).find("b").text)
except:
    print(None)

try:
    print(item.find("span",{"class":"infoSqFt"}).find("b").text)
except:
    print(None)

try:
    print(item.find("span",{"class":"infoValueFullBath"}).find("b").text)
except:
    print(None)

try:
    print(item.find("span",{"class":"infoValueHalfBath"}).find("b").text)
except:
    print(None)
for column_group in item.find_all("div",{"class":"columnGroup"}):
    #print(column_group)
    for feature_group, feature_name in zip(column_group.find_all("span",{"class":"featureGroup"}),column_group.find_all("span",{"class":"feature
        if "lot Size" in feature_group.text:
            print(feature_name.text)
print(" ")
```

Cache version:
<http://www.pythonhow.com/real-estate/rock-springs-wy/LCWYROCKSPRINGS/>

Report – Report can be typed or hand written for up to two pages.

Scrape real estate property data from the web :

There was a time when real estate dealings were discrete, paper-based operations done on a one to one basis. With the rise of the internet and every industry finding its way into it, real estate began to realize its true potential on the web. There is no denying the fact that the internet is the most useful tool at a seller's disposal. With a large number of potential buyers online, realtors find the internet an excellent source to advertise property listings, hereby automating the whole process. Statistics suggest that 40% of buyer's inquiries stem from internet advertisements and nine out of ten people use the internet to search for property. Moreover, the same property can be enlisted on numerous sites to increase traffic and the corresponding chance of a sale. This implies endless opportunities for a realtor. But harnessing relevant data out of big data to a non-technical realtor is like looking for a needle in a haystack. The web has a staggering amount of information leading to a plethora of choices and comparisons can lead to significant confusion, making it difficult to fathom and make sense of. Web Scraping in real estate to the rescue Web scraping is the process of sorting through overwhelming amounts of data, refine the user's searches and provide a list of relevant information. In a realtor's case, it is the go-to tool for organized property listings. Scraping the web provides parameters which the realtor can further study to determine sales and prospective buyers

