**DAILY ASSESSMENT FORMAT**

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| **Date:** | **21-05-2020** | **Name:** | **BHOOMIKA HEBBAR** |
| **Course:** | **TCS ION** | **USN:** | **4AL17EC010** |
| **Topic:** | **Corporate telephone etiquette** | **Semester & Section:** | **6th & A** |
| **Github Repository:** | **bhoomika\_python** |  |  |

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| **FORENOON SESSION DETAILS** |
| **Image of session** |
| **Report – Report can be typed or hand written for up to two pages.**  Telephone Etiquette. Telephone etiquette means being respectful to the person you are talking with, showing consideration for the other person's limitations, allowing that person time to speak, communicating clearly and much, much more. Your voice must create a pleasant visual impression over the telephone.  Business Phone Etiquette Don'ts:  Don't answer the phone too casually in a business setting. A “Hello!” is fine but consider including your name as you pick up a call. State the name of the business when you're answering the phone, too. Don't leave people on hold for a long period of time.   * Answer the call within three rings. * Immediately introduce yourself. * Speak clearly. * Only use speakerphone when necessary. * Actively listen and take notes. * Use proper language. * Remain cheerful. * Ask before putting someone on hold or transferring a call.   people are very confident speaking on the phone while others become a big ball of nerves at the thought.Whichever type of phone user you are, it is important to learn proper phone etiquette so you can give others a good impression of you or the business you represent, and also make it a pleasant experience for the other person on the line. |

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| **Date:** | **19-05-2020** | **Name:** | **BHOOMIKA HEBBAR** | |
| **Course:** | **UDEMY PYTHON MEGA\_COURSE** | **USN:** | **4AL17EC010** | |
| **Topic:my** | **Mysql,python project** | **Semester & Section:** | **6th &A** | |
| **AFTERNOON SESSION DETAILS** | | | |
| **Image of session** | | | |
| **Report – Report can be typed or hand written for up to two pages.**  **Today I have learnt :**  In the example you just saw we used the following SQL statement in our Python code:   1. query = cursor.execute("SELECT \* FROM Dictionary WHERE Expression = 'rain'")   That statement retrieved all the rows of the Dictionary table where the value of the column Expression was rain. The string inside cursor.execute() is SQL code that Python sends to the database. That kind of language is understood by the database.  Here are some more examples of SQL queries that you can try out from within your Python script just like we did previously:   * Get all rows where the value of the column Expression starts with r:  1. "SELECT \* FROM Dictionary WHERE Expression  LIKE 'r%'"  * Get all rows where the value of the column Expression starts with rain:  1. "SELECT \* FROM Dictionary WHERE Expression  LIKE 'rain%'"  * All rows where the length of the value of the column Expression is less than four characters:  1. "SELECT \* FROM Dictionary WHERE length(Expression) < 4"  * All rows where the length of the value of the column Expression is four characters:  1. "SELECT \* FROM Dictionary WHERE length(Expression) = 4"  * All rows where the length of the value of the column Expression is greater than 1 but less than 4 characters:  1. "SELECT \* FROM Dictionary WHERE length(Expression) > 1 AND length(Expression) < 4"  * All rows of column Definition where the value of the column Expression starts with r:  1. **Panda rules:**   Make sure you have pandas installed. You can install it with pip:  pip install pandas  or  pip3 install pandas  Also, in the next lecture, we will use an enhanced Python interactive shell called IPython.  IPython is just like the normal shell you get when you run python, but IPython provides better printing for large text. This ability makes IPython suitable for data analysis because the program prints data in a well-structured format. You can install IPython with pip:  pip install ipython  or  pip3 install ipython | | | |