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## Output

```
length of string is 3  
the reversed string is mom  
string is palindrome
```

/\* String reversing without built in function strlen() and also it program to check whether string is palindrome or not \*/

#include <stdio.h>

void main()

{ char s1[20] = "mom", s2[20];  
int i=0, j, temp=0;

```
for (i=0; s1[i] != '\0'; i++)
```

```
{  
    l1++;  
}
```

```
printf("length of string is %d\n", l1);
```

```
for (i=0; s1[i] != '\0'; i++)
```

```
{  
    s2[i] = s1[l1-i-1];  
}
```

```
printf("the reversed string is %s\n", s2);
```

```
for (i=0; s1[i] != '\0'; i++)
```

```
{  
    if (s1[i] != s2[i])
```

```
{  
        temp=1;  
        break;
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{  
    temp=0;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
if (temp==1)
```

```
{  
    printf("string is not palindrome");
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{  
    printf("string is palindrome");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

output -

length of string is 3

the reversed string is morn

string is palindrome.

/\* without using built in function \*/

Algorithm -

Step 1 - Start

Step 2 - Input  $s1[20]$

Step 3 - for  $(i=0; s1[i] != '\0'; i++)$   
1  
     $l1 = i + 1$

Step 4 - 3 output  $l1$   
for  $(i=0; s1[i] != '\0'; i++)$

Step 5 - 1,  $s2[i] = s1[l1 - i - 1]$

Step 6 - output s2

```
Step 1 - for (int i = 0; i < s1.length(); i++)  
{  
    if (s1[i] == s2[i])  
    {  
        temp = 1  
        break  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        temp = 0  
    }  
}
```

Step 2 - if (temp == 1)  
output "string is not palindrome"  
else  
output "string is palindrome"

Flowchart

