

DAILY ASSESSMENT FORMAT

Date:	18-05-2020	Name:	Kishan shetty
Course:	TCSion	USN:	4AL17EC041
Topic:	Communication skills	Semester & Section:	6th A
Github Repository:	Kishan_courses		

FORENOON SESSION DETAILS

The screenshot displays the TCSion Digital Learning platform. The left sidebar shows a 'TABLE OF CONTENTS' with sections like 'DAY 1: Communicate to Impress' and 'DAY 2: Deliver Presentations with Impact'. The main content area is titled 'Career Edge - Knockdown the Lockdown : Batch 01' and shows the assessment 'Improve Interpersonal Skills for Better Results'. Below this, a table summarizes the assessment performance:

Total Marks	Pass Marks	Attempts Taken	Duration	Start Time	View Assessment Analysis	Already cleared assessment.
10.0	4.0	01	10 Mins	18 May 2020 12:00 AM TO 17 Jul 2020 12:00 AM	At the End of Assessment	

Below the summary table, there is a section titled 'My Attempts' with a table showing the attempt details:

Attempted On	Attempted Duration (Submission Time)	Marks Obtained	Status	Action
19 May 2020 02:43 PM	0:6:59 Hrs(02:50 PM)	7.0/10.0	Pass	View Result

Communication involves:

- Intonation
- Action
- Body language

- Facial expressions
- Non-verbal communication devices

Importance of communication:

- Communication is an act of sending information from one person to another. The definition may seem simple but actual process is complex.
- We communicate to give information, persuade, express need, for social bonds and to share feelings.
- Communication can be verbal non-verbal, visual and written

Barriers to communication:

1. Physical:

- Separation
- Distance
- Noise
- Time

2. Cultural:

- Greeting
- Stereotyping
- Behaviour
- Gestures

3. Psychological:

- Retention capability
- Inattentiveness
- Status
- Closed Mind
- Source of communication
- Emotional
- Attitude and opinion

4. Language barrier:

- Semantic
- Jargon
- Accent

Type of Communication:

- 1.Verbal
- 2.Non-verbal

Non-verbal communication:

- Paralanguage
- Gestures
- Posture
- Eye contact
- Appearance

Verbal communication:

- Face to face communication
- Written
- Telephonic

Both verbal and non-verbal together gives effective communication

Date:18may2020

Course: python

Topic: Basics

Name:Kishan_shetty

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Semester &

Section:6th A

AFTERNOON SESSION DETAILS

Image of session

Python and IDE tool is used. IDE is Integrated development environment (text editor).

Program in terminal:

```
>>>import datetime
>>>datetime.datetime.now()
```

Output:datetime.datetime 2020 5 18 6 18 52 256

But this is not saved when we clear the terminal.

So, when we want to save the program, we have to first select file->add folder to workspace then select any folder.

File->new file(give name)

Let the name given to file is basics.

This python3 basics.py is not accessible by python interactive shell.

```
Import datetime
Print(datetime.datetime.now())
```

In terminal window:

```
>>>python3 baiscs.py
2020.5.18 6:18:52:256
```

Variable:

Eg:

```
mynum=10
mytext= "hello"
print(mynum,mytext)
```

Here, mynum and mytext is variables

Output: 10 "hello"

Another example:

```
x=10
y= "10"
z=10.1
sum1=x+x
sum2=y+y // concatenation of string
sum3=z+z
printf(sum1,sum2,sum3)
```

```
print(type(x),type(y),type(z)) //to get data type of x,y,z
```

Compound data type:

Eg for calculating mean

```
student_grade=[9.1,8.8,7.5]
mysum=sum(student_grade)
length=len(student_grade)
mean = mysum/length
print(mean)
```

dir() function returns all the properties and methods of the specified objects, without values.

```
Monday_temp= [9.1, 8.1,7.5,6.6,9.9]
```

Every item in the list has 2 index number.

Indexing

	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1
Monday_temp=	9.1,	8.1,	7.5,	6.6,	9.9]
	0	1	2	3	4

In terminal window:

```
>>>Monday_temp[1]
8.8
>>>Monday_temp[1:5] or Monday_temp[1:]
[8.1,7.5,6.6,9.9]
>>> Monday_temp[0:2] or Monday_temp[:2]
[9.1, 8.1,7.5]
```

```
Monday_temp =['hello',1,2,3]
```

```
>>>Monday_temp[0]
'hello'
>>>Monday_temp[0][2]
'1'
```

```
Student_grade={"marry":9., "sim":8.8 , "john":7.5}
>>>student_grade["sim"]
8.8
```

Creating own function:

Def mean(mylist):

```
    the_mean=sum(mylist)/len(mylist)
```

```
    return the_mean  
print(mean([1,4,6]))
```

Thus, our function is created for finding an average.