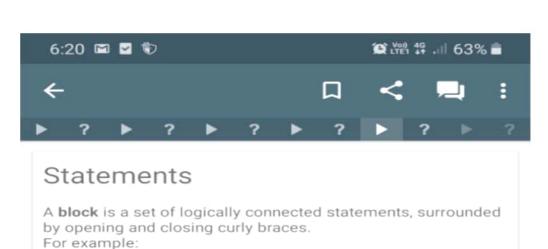
Date	22-06-2020	Name	PREETHAM S RAI
Course	C++ programming	USN	4AL18EC040
Topic	Basic concepts  Conditionals and loops	Semester and section	4 <sup>th</sup> sem A sec
GitHub Repository	Psraipreetham		

**Images** 



{
 cout << "Hello world!";
 return 0;
}

You can have multiple statements on a single line, as long as you remember to end each statement with a semicolon. Failing to do so will result in an error.

360 COMMENTS

CONTINUE

## **Basic Concepts**

What is C++

Hello, World!

**Getting the Tools** 

Integrated Development Environment (IDE).

Compiler

**Variables** 

Working with Variables

More on Variables

## Data types in c++

int: These type of variables holds integer value.

char: holds character

bool: holds boolean value true or false. double: double-precision floating point value. float: Single-precision floating point value.

**Basic Arithmetic Operations** 

**Assignment and Increment Operators** 

**Conditionals and Loops** 

if Statement

Syntax : If(TRUE)

Execute the next statement

else Statement

When if statement false else part will execute

while Loop



```
The syntax of a while loop is
              while(condition)
              { statement(s); }
    Using a while Loop
   For loop
              Syntax: for (initialization; condition; update)
                       body of the loop
do... while Loop
              This loop will execute the code block once, before checking if the condition is true, then
              it will repeat the loop as long as the condition is true.
              Syntax: do
                        code block to be executed
                       while (condition);
Switch Statement
Logical Operators
```