

## 1) Introduction:-

### Python course:- a) Tools you Need

The Tools that you need for the python course is that

- \* The first thing you need is python tool is installed.
- \* Second you need an IDE. (Integrated Development Environment).
- \* IDE is Basically a Text Editor but with some functionalities Designed for programming
- \* We are going to use python 3.
- \* python is a cross platform. It will be worked on Any platform such as Windows, linux, or Mac.

## b) Installation of python 3 and IDE:-

- i) On Windows:- First go to python.org (the official web page of python) and then go to downloads and there you find a file of python. so just run, that will download the file in your PC and next run it. Make sure that you python 3.7 and then go to install now & just wait for the installation process. Next go to command prompt & type python. If the python is not working, type py -3 and check. Next step is to install visual studio code IDE, first go to the website (<https://code.visualstudio.com/>) and press that "Download for windows" button, Run, next go to the "I accept the agreement", next to click all these options and go next, & Install, After Installation, click on finish.

## 2) The Basics :- small program

First python code:- `import datetime`  
`print(datetime.datetime.now())`

and save the code. For Executing the code, Type "python 3 basics.py", and the code is executed in the Terminal Window.

- \* `import datetime`
- \* `print("the date & time is")`
- \* `print(datetime.datetime.now())`

Output:- 2019-08-31 18:55:12.399607.

### 3) Basic data types:-

- \* Variables:- are Names that you can create in python to store values. We can't use Numbers (or) Any symbols as variables. It leads to an error. We can store Numbers, Text etc:-

Ex:-  $x = 20$

$y = "50"$

$sub1 = x - x$

$sum1 = y + y$

$print(sub1, sum2)$

~~O/p:- {x/2, y}~~

O/p:- 0 5050

- \* We can create a list of Numbers using 'range'

Ex:-  $List(range(1, 10))$

O/p:- {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10}

"hello".upper  $\rightarrow$  "HELLO"

"hello".title  $\rightarrow$  "Hello"

- \* Tuples:- by using a Tuple We can add the value to the Variable.

Ex:-  $x = \{1, 2, 3\}$

$x.append(5)$

O/p:- {1, 2, 3}

- \* Lists:- Members = { "mary", "Joseph", "Karthik" }  
Numbers = {1, 3, 4, 8}

- \* Dictionaries:-

phone\_numbers = { "mary": 87648, "Karthik": 90353 }

key: phone\_number.key()

O/p: Monday - temp = [ ]

#### Section 4:- Operation With Data types

Monday-temp = {19.0, 16.8, 8.6}

Monday-temp.clear()

O/p: Monday-temp = {}

#### Indexing & slicing

days = { 'mon', 'tue', 'wed', 'thu', 'fri', 'sat', 'sun' }

day[2:4]

O/p: [ 'Wed', 'thur' ]

#### Section 5:- functions & conditionals:-

def mean(mylist):

the-mean = sum(mylist) / len(mylist)

return the-mean

print(mean([1, 4, 6]))

O/p: 3.666

def cube\_volume(a)

return a \* a \* a

#### Section 6:- Processing user input

message = "hello %s" % user-input

or message = { "hello {user-input}" }

print message

O/p:- enter your name: Raviteja

hello Raviteja.

## Section 7:- Loops

```
Monday - temp = { 16.4, 5.9, 45.5 }  
for temperature in monday - temp:  
    print(round(temp)).
```

## Section 8:-

```
Def sentence - masker (phrase):
```

```
    interrogatives = ("how", "what", "Why")
```

```
    capitalize = phrase.capitalize()
```

```
    if phrase.startswith(interrogatives):
```

```
        Return "{3}" format(capitalize)
```

```
    else
```

```
        Return "{3}" . format(capitalize)
```

```
Result = []
```

```
While True:
```

```
    user_input = input: ("say something")
```

```
    if user_input == "end":
```

```
        break
```

```
    else:
```

```
        results.append(sentence_masker(user_input))
```

```
    print(),
```

