

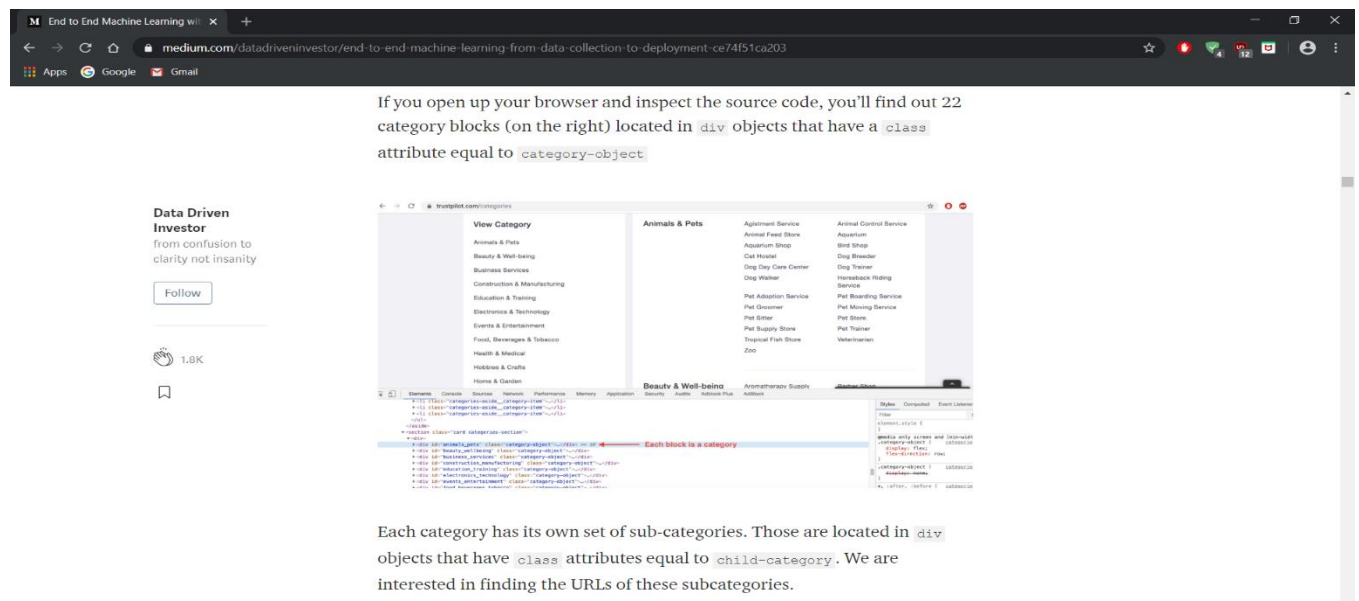
DAILY ASSESSMENT FORMAT

Date:	4 th June 2020	Name:	Soundarya NA
Course:	UDEMY	USN:	4AL16EC077
Topic:	PYTHON: Application 10: Build a data collector web app with postgresql and flask	Semester & Section:	8 th - B

FORENOON SESSION DETAILS

Image:

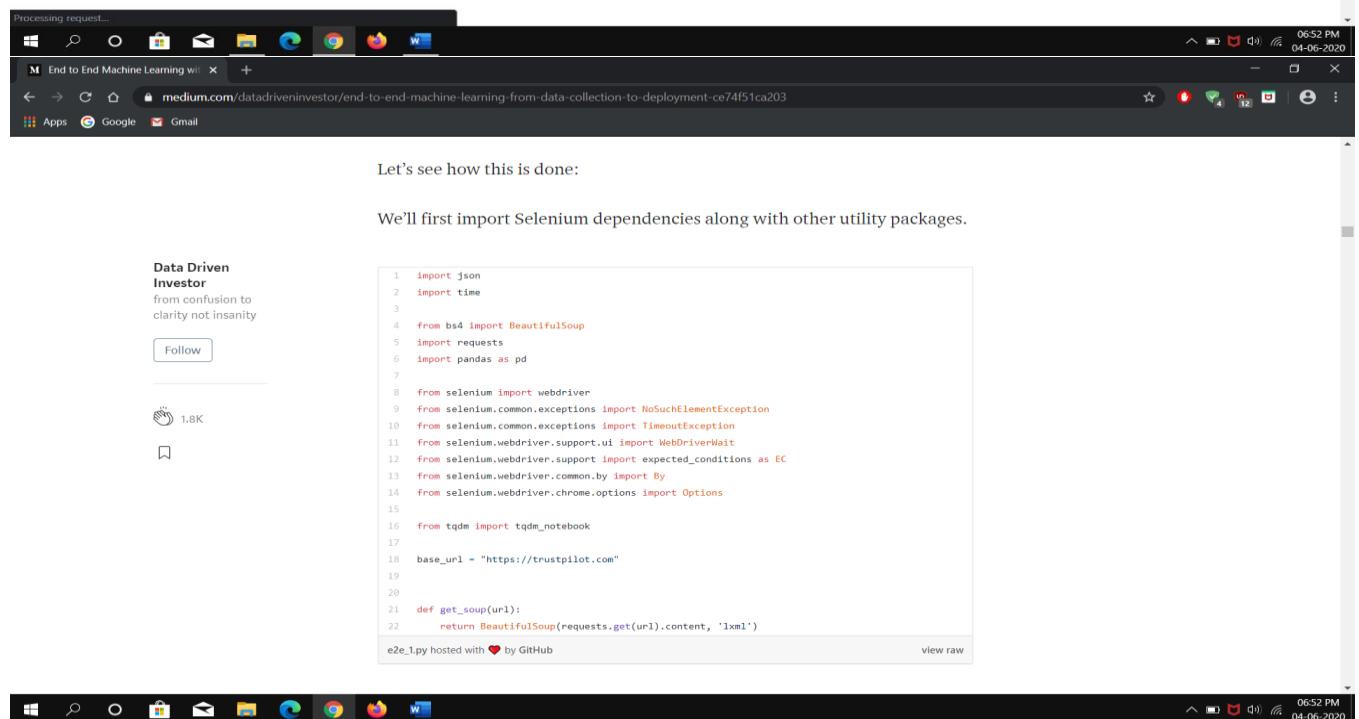
If you open up your browser and inspect the source code, you'll find out 22 category blocks (on the right) located in `div` objects that have a `class` attribute equal to `category-object`.



Each category has its own set of sub-categories. Those are located in `div` objects that have `class` attributes equal to `child-category`. We are interested in finding the URLs of these subcategories.

Let's see how this is done:

We'll first import Selenium dependencies along with other utility packages.



```
1 import json
2 import time
3
4 from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
5 import requests
6 import pandas as pd
7
8 from selenium import webdriver
9 from selenium.common.exceptions import NoSuchElementException
10 from selenium.common.exceptions import TimeoutException
11 from selenium.webdriver.support.ui import WebDriverWait
12 from selenium.webdriver.support import expected_conditions as EC
13 from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
14 from selenium.webdriver.chrome.options import Options
15
16 from tqdm import tqdm_notebook
17
18 base_url = "https://trustpilot.com"
19
20
21 def get_soup(url):
22     return BeautifulSoup(requests.get(url).content, 'lxml')
```

e2e_1.py hosted with ❤ by GitHub

Report:**Code:**

```
basedir = os.path.abspath(os.path.dirname(__file__))

class Config(object):

    DEBUG = False
    TESTING = False
    CSRF_ENABLED = True
    SECRET_KEY = 'this-really-needs-to-be-changed'
    SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI = os.environ['DATABASE_URL']

class ProductionConfig(Config):
    DEBUG = False

class StagingConfig(Config):
    DEVELOPMENT = True
    DEBUG = True

class DevelopmentConfig(Config):
    DEVELOPMENT = True
    DEBUG = True

class TestingConfig(Config):
    TESTING = True
```

Code:

```
from flask import Flask
from flask_sqlalchemy import SQLAlchemy
import os
app = Flask(__name__)
app.config.from_object(os.environ['APP_SETTINGS'])
app.config['SQLALCHEMY_TRACK_MODIFICATIONS'] = False
db = SQLAlchemy(app)
from models import Result
@app.route('/')
def hello():
    return "Hello World!"
```

```
@app.route('/<name>')
def hello_name(name):
    return "Hello {}!".format(name)
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run()
```

Data model:

```
from app import db
from sqlalchemy.dialects.postgresql import JSON
class Result(db.Model):
    __tablename__ = 'results'
    id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
    url = db.Column(db.String())
    result_all = db.Column(JSON)
    result_no_stop_words = db.Column(JSON)
    def __init__(self, url, result_all, result_no_stop_words):
        self.url = url
        self.result_all = result_all
        self.result_no_stop_words = result_no_stop_words
    def __repr__(self):
        return '<id {}>'.format(self.id)
```

Local Migration:

```
import os
from flask_script import Manager
from flask_migrate import Migrate, MigrateCommand
from app import app, db
app.config.from_object(os.environ['APP_SETTINGS'])
migrate = Migrate(app, db)
manager = Manager(app)
manager.add_command('db', MigrateCommand)
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
```

```
    manager.run()
```

SQL:

```
$ psql
```

```
# \c wordcount_dev
```

You are now connected to database "wordcount_dev" as user "michaelherman".

```
# \dt
```

List of relations

Schema	Name	Type	Owner
public	alembic_version	table	michaelherman
public	results	table	michaelherman

(2 rows)

```
# \d results
```

Table "public.results"

Column	Type	Modifiers
id	integer	not null default nextval('results_id_seq'::regclass)
url	character varying	
result_all	json	
result_no_stop_words	json	

Indexes:

"results_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (id)

Date:	4 th June 2020	Name:	Soundarya NA
Course:	Digital Design using HDL	USN:	4AL16EC077
Topic:	Interview FAQ on digital system and HDL	Semester & Section:	8 th - B

Image:

Introduction
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CMOS
(up to 22nm)

FinFET
(14nm)

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Introduction
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Simplistic View of Design Flow

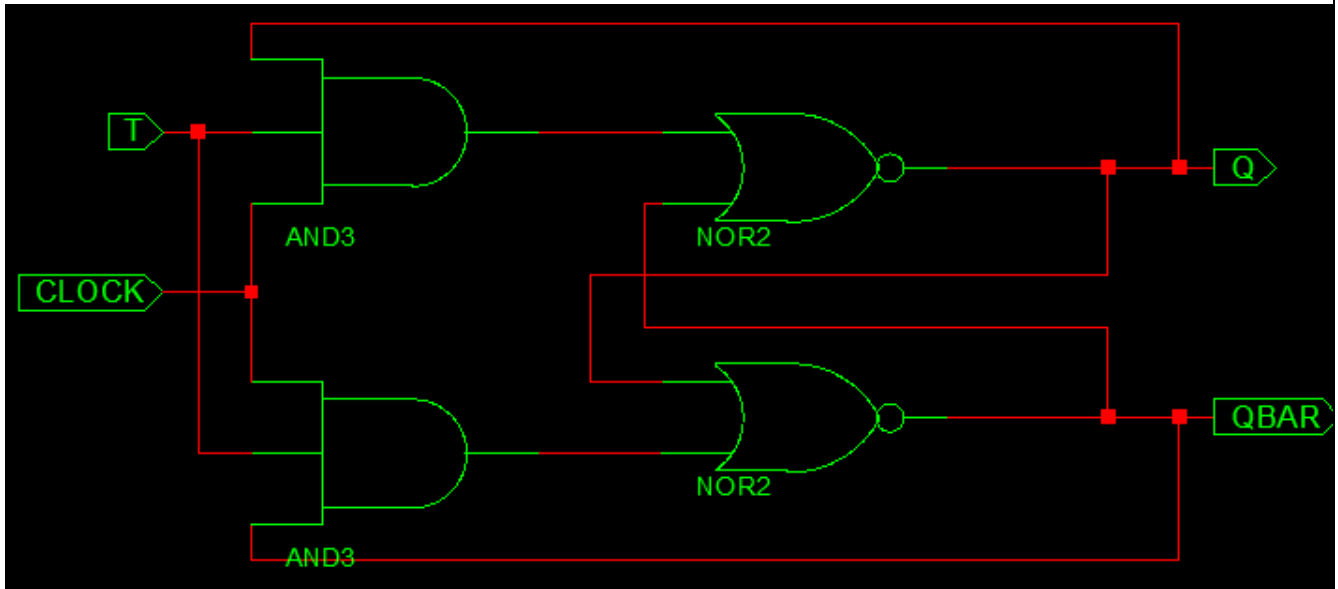
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Report:**Implement a simple T flipflop and test the module using a compiler:**

The T flip-flop is a single input version of the JK flip-flop. As shown in figure, the T flip-flop is obtained from the JK type if both inputs are tied together. The output of the T flip-flop “toggles” with each clock pulse.

**Truth table:**

Q	T	Q(T+1)
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

Code:

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;

entity t_trigger is
```

```

port (T,Reset,CLK,CLK_enable: in std_logic;
      Q: out std_logic);
end t_trigger;

architecture beh_t_trigger of t_trigger is

begin
  process (Reset,CLK)
    variable temp: std_logic;
  begin
    if (rising_edge(CLK)) then  --sometimes you need to include a package for rising_edge, you can
use CLK'EVENT AND CLK = '1' instead
      if Reset='1' then
        temp := '0';
      elsif CLK_enable ='1' then
        temp := T xor temp;
      end if;
    end if;
    Q <= temp;
  end process;
end beh_t_trigger;

```

Simulated Results:

