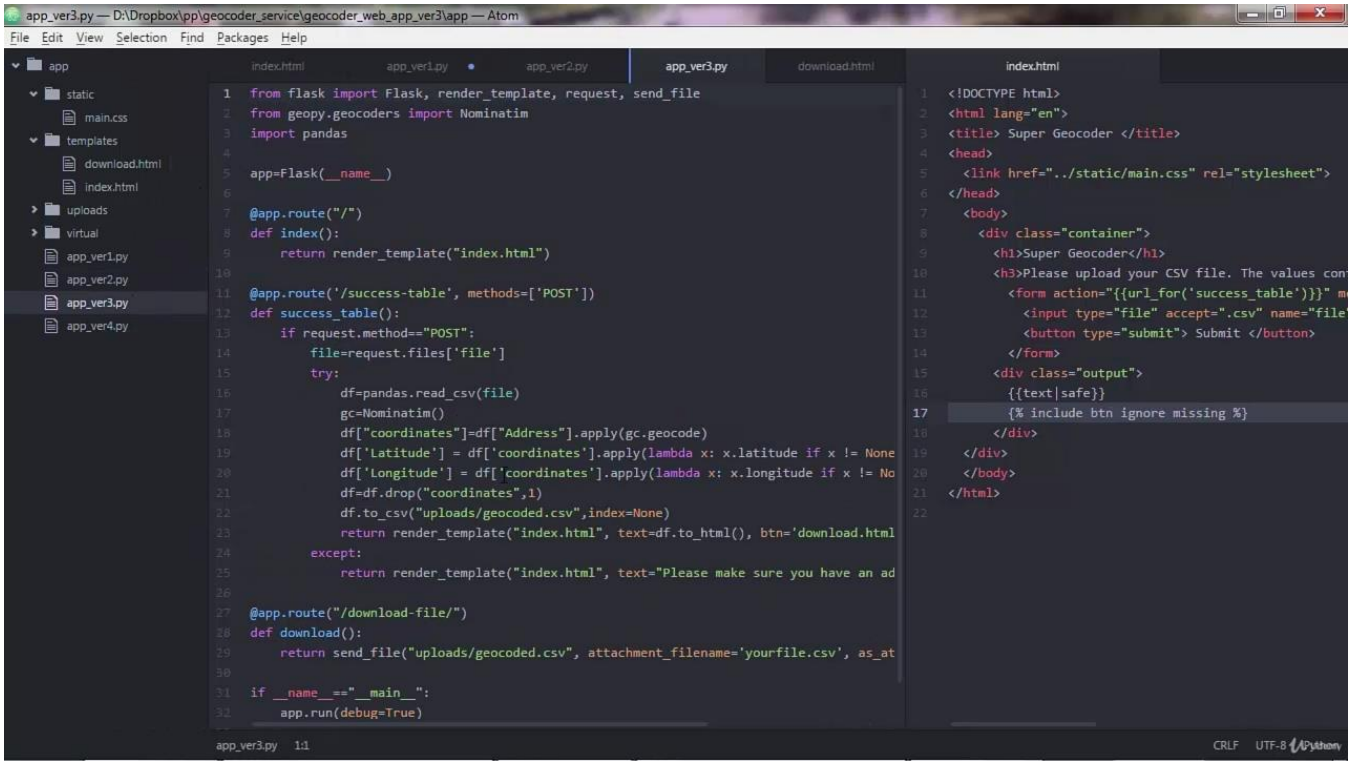
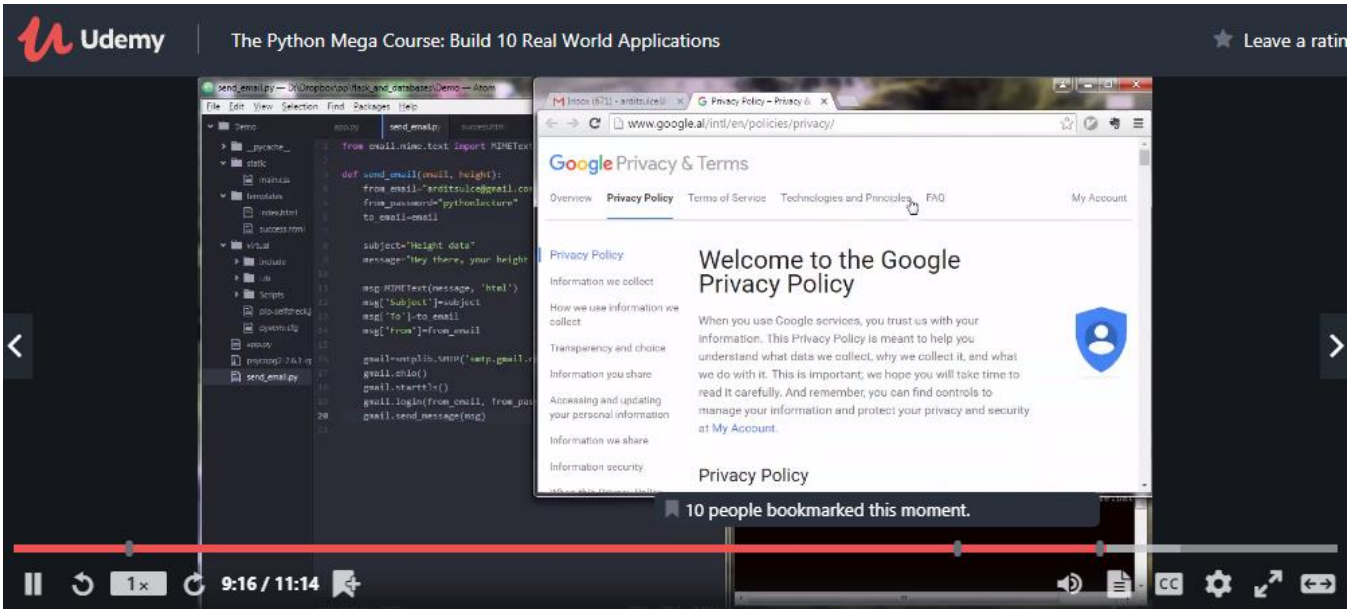
Date:	**06/06/2020**	**Name:**	**Soundarya NA**
Course:	**Udemy**	**USN:**	**4AL16EC077**
Topic:	**Python**	**Semester & Section:**	**8th B**

AFTERNOON SESSION DETAILS





Report:

The GeocoderRequest object literal contains the following fields:

{

address: string,

location: LatLng,

placeId: string,

bounds: LatLngBounds,

componentRestrictions: GeocoderComponentRestrictions,

region: string

}

Required parameters: You must supply one, and only one, of the following fields:

- address — The address which you want to geocode.

or

location — The LatLng (or LatLngLiteral) for which you wish to obtain the closest, human-readable address. The geocoder performs a reverse geocode. See Reverse Geocoding for more information.

or

placeId — The place ID of the place for which you wish to obtain the closest, human-readable address. See more about retrieving an address for a place ID.

Optional parameters:

- bounds — The LatLngBounds within which to bias geocode results more prominently. The bounds parameter will only influence, not fully restrict, results from the geocoder. See more information about viewport biasing below.
- componentRestrictions — Used to restrict results to a specific area. See more information about component filtering below.
- region — The region code, specified as a IANA language region subtag. In most cases, these tags map directly to familiar ccTLD ("top-level domain") two-character values. The region parameter will only influence, not fully restrict, results from the geocoder. See more information about region code biasing below.

The GeocoderResult object represents a single geocoding result. A geocode request may return multiple result objects:

results[]: {

```
 types[]: string,
 formatted_address: string,
 address_components[]: {
  short_name: string,
  long_name: string,
  postcode_localities[]: string,
  types[]: string
 },
 partial_match: boolean,
 place_id: string,
 postcode_localities[]: string,
 geometry: {
  location: LatLng,
  location_type: GeocoderLocationType
  viewport: LatLngBounds,
  bounds: LatLngBounds
 }
}
```

Code:

```
<html>
 <head>
 <meta name="viewport" content="initial-scale=1.0, width=device-width" />
 <script src="https://js.api.here.com/v3/3.1/mapsjs-core.js"type="text/javascript" charset="utf-8"></script>
 <script src="https://js.api.here.com/v3/3.1/mapsjs-service.js"type="text/javascript" charset="utf-8"></script>
 </head>
 <body style='margin: 0'>
 <div style="width: 100vw; height: 100vh" id="mapContainer"></div>
 <script>
```

```
  // Initialize the platform object:
  var platform = new H.service.Platform({
  'apikey': '{{apikey}}'
  });

        const lng = {{longitude}};
        const lat = {{latitude}};

// Obtain the default map types from the platform object
        var defaultLayers = platform.createDefaultLayers();

// Instantiate (and display) a map object:
var map = new H.Map(
  document.getElementById('mapContainer'),
  defaultLayers.vector.normal.map,
  {
    zoom: 10,
    center: { lat: lat, lng: lng }
  });

        const marker = new H.map.Marker({lat: lat, lng: lng});
        map.addObject(marker);
 </script>
 </body>
</html>
```