

# Shaum series - Complex Variable - Problem 1.130

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prove that

$$\cos^n(\phi) = \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} \{ \cos n\phi + \cos(n-2)\phi + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} \cos(n-4)\phi + \dots + R_n \}$$

where

$$R_n = \begin{cases} \frac{n!}{[\frac{(n-1)}{2}]! [\frac{(n+1)}{2}]!} \cos(\phi) & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \\ \frac{n!}{2[(\frac{n}{2})!]^2} & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \end{cases}$$

**Proof**

We know,

$$\cos(\phi) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{i\phi} + e^{-i\phi})$$

so

$$\cos^n(\phi) = \frac{1}{2^n} (e^{i\phi} + e^{-i\phi})^n$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos^n(\phi) &= \frac{1}{2^n} (e^{i\phi} + e^{-i\phi})^n \\ &= \frac{1}{2^n} \{ {}^nC_0 e^{ni\phi} + {}^nC_1 e^{(n-1)i\phi} e^{-i\phi} + {}^nC_2 e^{(n-2)i\phi} e^{-2i\phi} + \dots \\ &\quad + {}^nC_{n-1} e^{\{n-(n-1)\}i\phi} e^{-(n-1)i\phi} + {}^nC_n e^{i\phi} e^{-ni\phi} \} \\ &= \frac{1}{2^n} \{ e^{ni\phi} + n e^{(n-2)i\phi} + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} e^{(n-4)i\phi} + \dots + n e^{-(n-2)i\phi} + e^{-in\phi} \} \\ &= \frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} e^{(n-2k)i\phi} \end{aligned}$$

so

$$\cos^n(\phi) = \frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} e^{(n-2k)i\phi} \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

from law of combination we know,

$${}^nC_r = {}^nC_{n-r}$$

so

$$\frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} e^{(n-2k)i\phi} = \frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{n-k} e^{(2k-n)i\phi}$$

which gives

$$\begin{aligned}
\cos^n(\phi) &= \frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{n-k} e^{(2k-n)i\phi} \\
&= \frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{n-k} e^{-(n-2k)i\phi} \\
&= \frac{1}{2^n} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} e^{-(n-2k)i\phi}
\end{aligned}$$

$\frac{(1)+(2)}{2}$  gives

$$\begin{aligned}
\cos^n(\phi) &= \frac{1}{2^n} \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{1}{2} \left( \binom{n}{k} e^{(n-2k)i\phi} + \binom{n}{k} e^{-(n-2k)i\phi} \right) \right\} \\
&= \frac{1}{2^n} \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} \cos(n-2k)\phi \right\} \\
&= \frac{1}{2^n} \left\{ \cos(n\phi) + n \cos(n-2)\phi + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} \cos(n-4)\phi + \dots + n \cos(n-2)\phi + \cos(n\phi) \right\} \\
&\dots\dots\dots(3)
\end{aligned}$$

if n is odd there will be n+1 even terms

Table 1: odd relationship

0	1	2	.....	$\frac{n-1}{2}$
n	n-1	n-2	...	$\frac{n+1}{2}$

from..(3) we get

$$\begin{aligned}
\cos^n(\phi) &= \frac{1}{2^n} \left\{ \cos(n\phi) + n \cos(n-2)\phi + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} \cos(n-4)\phi + \dots + \right. \\
&\quad \left( \binom{n}{\frac{n-1}{2}} \cos\left\{n-2\frac{(n-1)}{2}\right\} + \binom{n}{\frac{n+1}{2}} \cos\left\{n-2\frac{(n+1)}{2}\right\} + \right. \\
&\quad \left. \dots\dots + n \cos(n-2)\phi + \cos(n\phi) \right\} \dots\dots\dots(4)
\end{aligned}$$

Now

$$\binom{n}{(\frac{n-1}{2})} = \binom{n}{(\frac{n+1}{2})} = \frac{n!}{(\frac{n-1}{2})!(\frac{n+1}{2})!}$$

from ...(4) we get

$$\cos^n(\phi) = \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} \left\{ \cos(n\phi) + n \cos(n-2)\phi + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \cos(n-4)\phi + \dots\dots\dots + \frac{n!}{(\frac{n-1}{2})!(\frac{n+1}{2})!} \cos(\phi) \right\}$$

if n is even there will be n+1 odd terms

Table 2: even relationship

0	1	2	.....	$\frac{n}{2} - 1$	$\frac{n}{2}$
n	n-1	n-2	...	$\frac{n}{2} + 1$	

from ....(3) we get

$$\begin{aligned}
 \cos^n(\phi) &= \frac{1}{2^n} \left\{ \cos(n\phi) + n \cos(n-2)\phi + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} \cos(n-4)\phi + \dots + \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \frac{n!}{[(\frac{n}{2})!]^2} + \dots + n \cos(n-2)\phi + \cos(n\phi) \right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} \left\{ \cos(n\phi) + n \cos(n-2)\phi + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} \cos(n-4)\phi + \dots \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \dots + \frac{n!}{[(\frac{n}{2})!]^2} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

**[Proved]**