

## **Assignment Cover Letter**

## (Individual Work)

Student Information: Surname Given Names Student ID Number

1. Wijaya Alvian 2301891595

Course Code : COMP6510 Course Name : Programming Language

Class : L2AC Name of Lecturer : Jude Joseph Lamug Martinez

Major : CS

**Title of Assignment** : Point of Sale And (if any) Inventory

Management

Type of Assignment : Final Project

**Submission Pattern** 

Due Date : 20 – 06 - 2020 Submission Date : 20 – 06 - 2020

The assignment should meet the below requirements.

- 1. Assignment (hard copy) is required to be submitted on clean paper, and (soft copy) as per lecturer's instructions.
- 2. Soft copy assignment also requires the signed (hardcopy) submission of this form, which automatically validates the softcopy submission.
- 3. The above information is complete and legible.
- 4. Compiled pages are firmly stapled.
- 5. Assignment has been copied (soft copy and hard copy) for each student ahead of the submission.

### Plagiarism/Cheating

BiNus International seriously regards all forms of plagiarism, cheating and collusion as academic offenses which may result in severe penalties, including loss/drop of marks, course/class discontinuity and other possible penalties executed by the university. Please refer to the related course syllabus for further information.

#### **Declaration of Originality**

By signing this assignment, I/we\* understand, accept and consent to BiNus International terms and policy on plagiarism. Herewith I/we\* declare that the work contained in this assignment is my/our\* own work and has not been submitted for the use of assessment in another course or class, except where this has been notified and accepted in advance.

Signature of Student: (Name of Student)

# **Table of Contents**

I.	Project Specification	1
	1. Problem	1
	2. Solution	1
II.	Solution Design	2
III.	Discussion	
	1. Implementation	4
	2. How It Works	4
	3. Code Explanation	5
IV.	Evidence	14
V.	Conclusion	19
VI.	References	19

# **Project Specification**

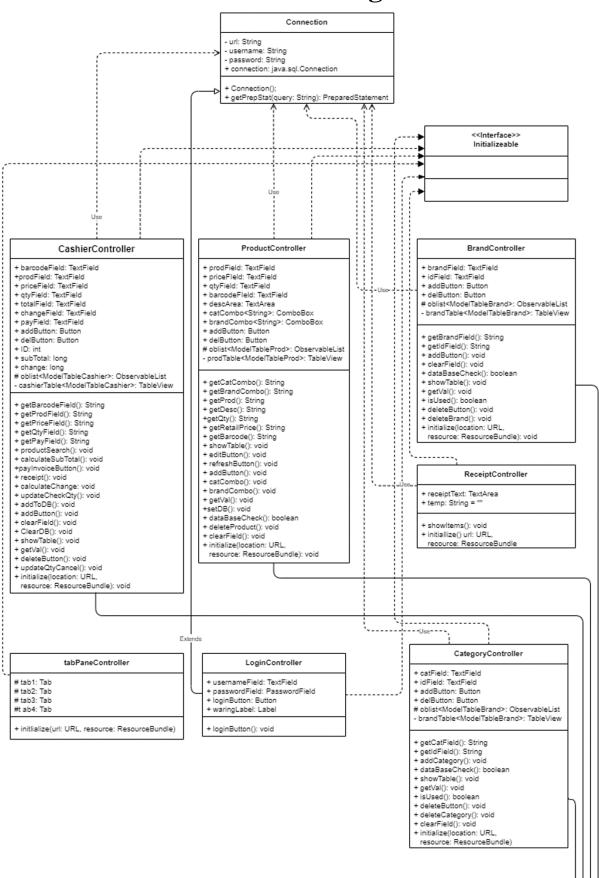
### **Problem**

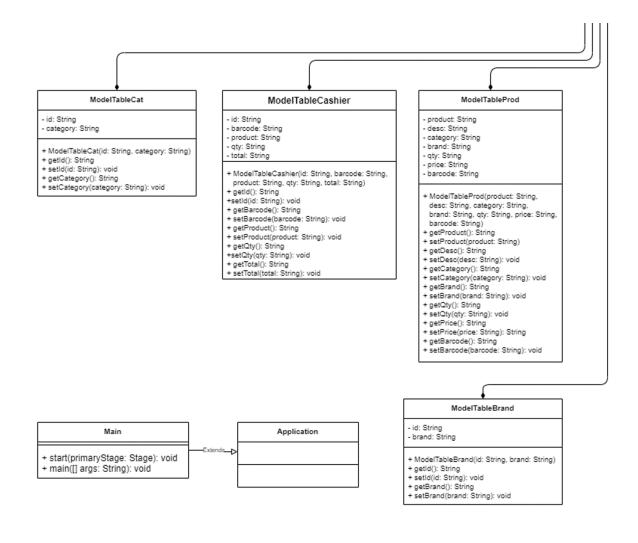
In this modern era, there is a lot of company (especially supermarket) use computer for their inventory system and also their cashier. Cashier can easily check the quantity of each product and they can calculate the receipt faster by using Point of Sale. So, it is very important now days to create a simple inventory management and POS program.

### **Solution**

To solve the problem above, I am making a Point of Sale and Inventory Management System program that will answer those problem. This system use database and GUI. The database is used to store the inventory management data so when the program is closed, the data that has been already stored doesn't disappear. And, the GUI is used for simpler user interaction with the program.

# **Solution Design**





### **Discussion**

### **Implementation**

This project is made possible by using variety of built-in libraries in Java. This project use a lot of libraries, for example:

- javafx To make the GUI.
- java.net Use for initlializeable interface.
- java.util Use for initilaizeable interface.
- java.sql To help the program access data from and to the database.
- java.io. IOException Use to control the try and catch in the program.

```
import javafx.collections.FXCollections;
import javafx.collections.ObservableList;
import javafx.fxml.FXML;
import javafx.fxml.Initializable;
import javafx.scene.control.*;
import javafx.scene.control.cell.PropertyValueFactory;

import java.net.URL;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.util.*;
import java.io.IOException;
```

### **How It Works**

- First, user have to input a valid credential(username and password) to log in. If user input a wrong username and/or password, it will show a label that inform the user for invalid credential. If the credential is correct, it will automatically pop up a new window with cashier, product, brand, and category tab.
- In cashier tab(POS), user can input the item that the consumer buy. It will automatically calculate the total price and how much the change that the user will get. It also update the quantity of the product in the database. If the program closed by accident and the "cart" is still full of product that consumer will buy, it will access the database and show the product again. After that, if user want to delete a product in the "cart", it can remove it. If user want to pay and it's smaller than Subtotal of the product, it will pop up a message window. If not, it will show a new window with "receipt" inside it.
- In Product Tab, user can add new, edit, and remove a product from the inventory system. It also check if the barcode is not duplicated from another product. If not, it will insert the product to the database.
- In Brand and Category tabs, user can add new brand/category of product and check for duplicate data(either {brand/category} or ID). If there is no duplicate in the database. It will insert the data to the database.

### **Code Explanation**

Connection class

This class is specifically made to connect the java code to the database and also to prevent code duplication in other classes.

```
private String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/pos_system?useSSL=false";
    private String username = "root";
    private String password = "nlvianWijaya";
    public java.sql.Connection connection = null;

// Class constructor of Connection class
public Connection() {
        try {
            Class.forWame("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
            connection = DriverManager.getConnection(url, username, password);
        } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } catch (SQLException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

// Function that return prepStat
public PreparedStatement getPrepStat(String query) {
        try {
            PreparedStatement prepStat = connection.prepareStatement(query);
            return prepStat;
        } catch (SQLException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
        return null;
    }

// Function that return value of username
public String getUsername() {
        return username;
    }

// Function that return value of username
public String getUsername() {
        return password;
    }

// Function that return value of username
public String getBassword() {
        return password;
    }
}
```

Brand Controller, Cashier Controller, Category Controller, Product Controller
 All of this class is pretty much have the same basic function. This class is made to
 control the FXML file of the GUI. It also control all input and output of the program.
 It is also connected to the database via Connection Class. Here is an example of the
 code from ProductController class:

```
public class ProductController implements Initializable {
    Connection connect = new Connection();
    public TextField prodField, priceField, qtyField, barcodeField;
    public TextArea descArea;
    public ComboBox<String> catCombo;
    public ComboBox<String> brandCombo;
    public Button addButton, delButton;
    ObservableList<ModelTableProd> oblist = FXCollections.observableArrayList();

// ProductController class associated with ModelTableProd class
@FXML
private TableView<ModelTableProd> prodTable;
```

```
prepStat.setString(1, getProd());
prepStat.setString(2, getDesc());
prepStat.setString(3, getCatCombo());
```

```
prepStat.setString(4, getBrandCombo());
            prepStat.setString(5, getQty());
prepStat.setString(6, getRetailPrice());
public void refreshButton() {
    barcodeField.setEditable(true);
```

```
prepStat.setString(1, getProd());
prepStat.setString(2, getDesc());
prepStat.setString(3, getCatCombo());
prepStat.setString(4, getBrandCombo());
prepStat.setString(5, getQty());
prepStat.setString(6, getRetailPrice());
prepStat.setString(7, getBarcode());
```

```
data is already inside database
```

### Receipt Contoller

This class made to "print out" a receipt from the cashier tab. It also access the same database table as the CashierController Class.

• tabPaneController Class

This class is made to combine 4 FXML files into one FXML. It creates 4 tabs, each tab is accessed one of the FXML file.

• LoginController class

This calss control the GUI of Login.fxml file. It is also extends Connection class for the credentials(username and password)

```
// Login class which extends Connection class
public class LoginController extends Connection {
    public TextField usernameField;
    public PasswordField passwordField;
    public Button loginButton;
    public Label warningLabel;
```

```
// Function that "loginButton" execute
public void loginButton() {

    // Check if user input a correct credential
    if (usernameField.getText().equals(getUsername()) &&
passwordField.getText().equals(getPassword())) {
        Parent root = null;
        try {
            root = FXMLLoader.load(getClass().getResource("tabPane.fxml"));
        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.out.println("File not found!");
        }
        assert root != null;
        Scene scene = new Scene(root);
        Stage stage = new Stage();
        stage.setScene(scene);
        stage.setScene(scene);
        stage.show();
        Stage closeWindow = (Stage) loginButton.getScene().getWindow();
        closeWindow.close();
        warningLabel.setVisible(false);

        // If not correct
        // It will show a message to the user
    } else {
        warningLabel.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

• ModelTableBrand, ModelTableCashier, ModelTableCat, ModelTableProd This class basically support the corresponding class for "ObservableList" which is "A list that enables listeners to track changes when they occur". It also provide the data that will be inserted to the "TableView". Here is an example from ModelTableProd

```
public class ModelTableProd {
    private String product, desc, category, brand, qty, price, barcode;

    public ModelTableProd(String product, String desc, String category, String brand, String qty,

String price, String barcode) {
        this.product = product;
        this.desc = desc;
        this.category = category;
        this.loand = brand;
        this.s.qty = qty;
        this.price = price;
        this.barcode = barcode;
}

public String getProduct() {
        return product;
}

public void setProduct(String product) {
        this.product = product;
}

public String getDesc() {
        return desc;
}

public void setDesc(String desc) {
        this.desc = desc;
}

public String getCategory() {
        return category;
}

public void setCategory(String category) {
        this.category = category;
}
```

```
public String getBrand() {
    return brand;
}

public void setBrand(String brand) {
    this.brand = brand;
}

public String getQty() {
    return qty;
}

public void setQty(String qty) {
    this.qty = qty;
}

public String getPrice() {
    return price;
}

public void setPrice(String price) {
    this.price = price;
}

public String getBarcode() {
    return barcode;
}

public void setBarcode(String barcode) {
    this.barcode = barcode;
}
```

# **Evidence**

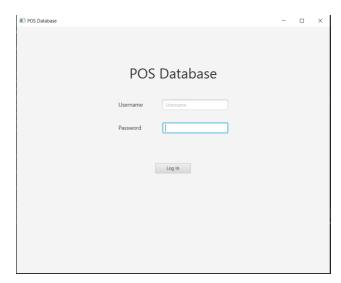


Figure 1.1, Login window

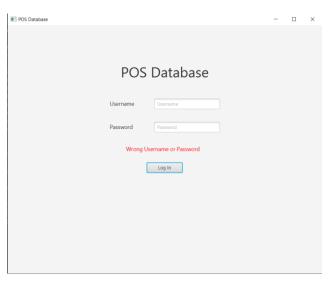


Figure 1.2, Login window, when user input wrong username or password

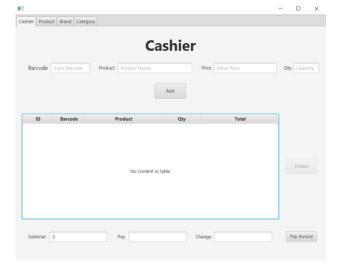


Figure 2.1, Cashier Tab

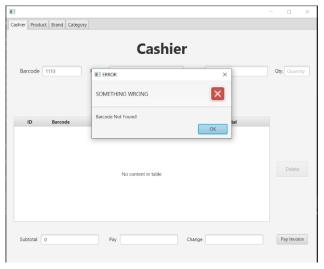


Figure 2.2, Cashier Tab, when user input wrong Barcode

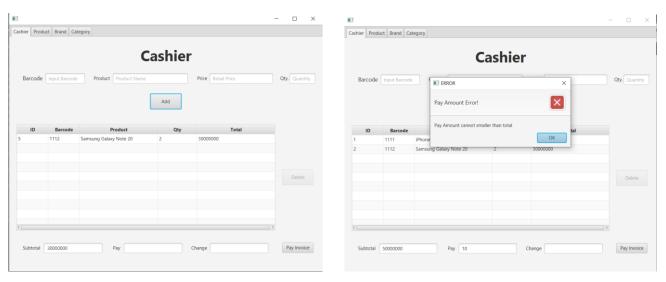


Figure 2.3, Cashier Tab, If user input valid barcode and press "Add" button

Figure 2.4, Cashier Tab, If user input "pay" textfield smaller than "subtotal" textfield

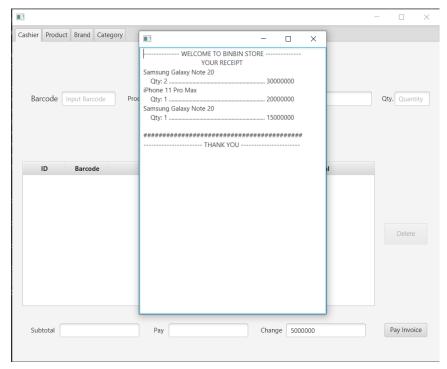


Figure 2.5, Cashier Tab, If user press "Pay Invoice" Button, it will pop up a new window with the receipt.

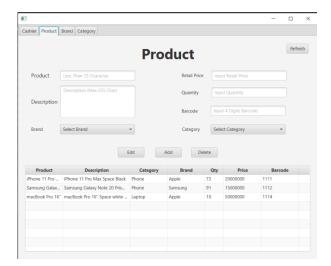


Figure 3.1, Product Tab

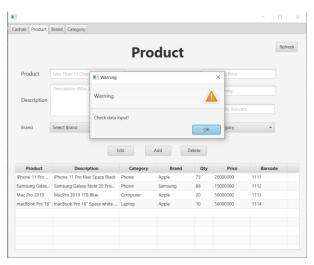


Figure 3.2, Product Tab, If user don't fill the data

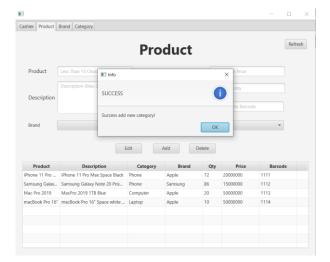


Figure 3.3, Product Tab, If user input all valid data

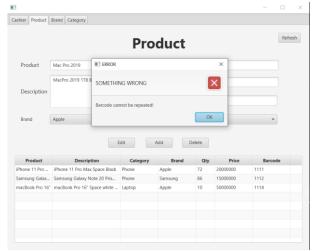


Figure 3.4, Product Tab, If user type the same barcode

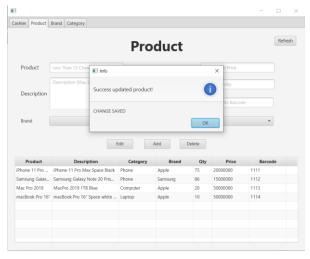


Figure 3.5, Product Tab, If user edit a product

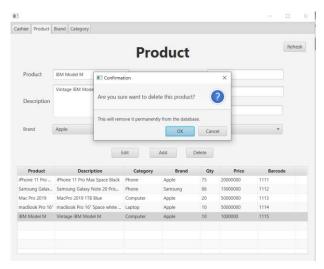
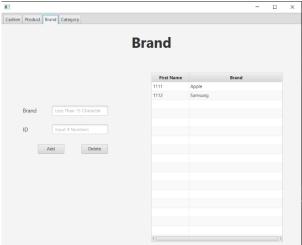


Figure 3.6, Product Tab, If user want to delete a product



TITI Apple
TITI Semsung

Brand Less Than 15

All Data Must be Filled!

OK

Delete

Cashier Product Brand Category

Figure 4.1, Brand Tab

Figure 4.2, Brand Tab, If user don't input all data

**Brand** 

■ Warning

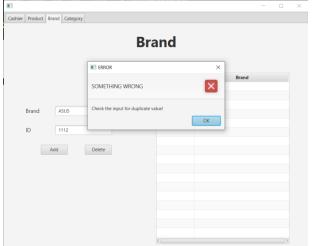


Figure 4.3, Brand Tab, If input the same brand and/or ID

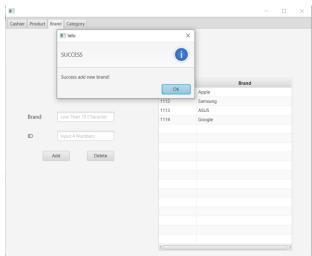


Figure 4.3, Brand Tab, If user input all valid data

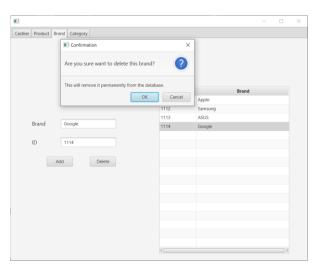


Figure 4.4, Brand Tab, If user want to delete a brand

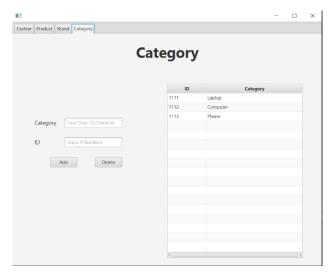


Figure 5.1, Category Tab

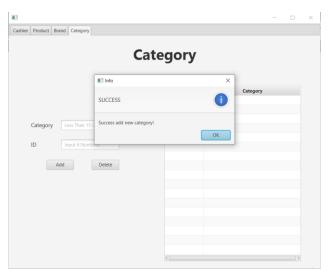


Figure 5.2, Category Tab, If user input all valid data

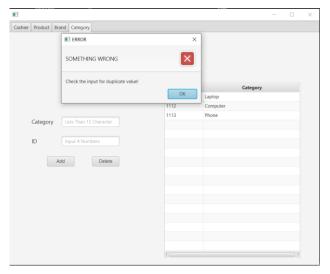


Figure 5.3, Category Tab, If user input the same category and/or ID

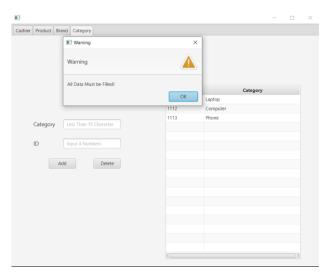


Figure 5.4, Category Tab, If user don't fill all data

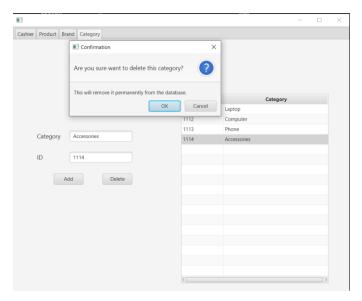


Figure 5.5, Category Tab, If user want to delete a category

Link for Demo Video: https://youtu.be/rFESCvfLvdq

## **Conclusion**

To conclude, creating program that use database is not easy. It takes some times for me to understand how to access and use database. I think this program is very useful for small store like minimarket to manage their inventory system and cashier system. I am pretty satisfied with this project because it push me to the limit and use all of the material that I know about java programming.

## Reference

- <a href="https://youtu.be/2i4t-SL1VsU">https://youtu.be/2i4t-SL1VsU</a>
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ksf0383Hhdc&feature=youtu.be&list=PLuji25yj7oIKWUxnb3GeRf ql9s5C26CyD
- https://noblecodemonkeys.com/javafx-tab-pane-and-nested-fxml-files/
- https://youtu.be/m\_dH8rQ4\_Bc