Lab 1 - RPC

1. What was the round-trip time (RTT) or latency of a message between one gRPC client and one gRPC server?

As shown by my screenshot of my terminal above, it seems that the latency between one gRPC client and one gRPC server on my machine varies between 1-2 milliseconds.

2. What was the throughput (i.e., requests/sec or messages/sec) of one gRPC server when one gRPC client is running and when two gRPC clients are running?

```
Command Prompt-docker esse-ti grpc_container bash

cottel_desief07380:/grpc/examples/cpp/helloworld# ./greeter_client

Provige_l_desief07380:/grpc/examples/cpp/helloworld# ./greeter_client

1] 2145

Greeter_received:

Throughput: 3297.24 messages/sec

Toott@cl_dealef27380:/grpc/examples/cpp/helloworld#

Provige_l_dealef27380:/grpc/examples/cpp/helloworld#
```

It seems that the throughput with one gRPC client running is about 3600 messages/sec, and the throughput with two gRPC clients running is about 3300 messages/sec.

3. A brief but detailed explanation of how you went about measuring the latency and throughput. You should include any decisions you made (e.g. wall clock vs. CPU clock, synchronous vs. asynchronous RPCs).

To measure the latency between one gRPC server and one gRPC client, I just used the C++ chrono library which is common for measuring execution time, and put the timepoints before and after the RPC function call within the greeter_client.cc file then printed the time duration to console. I believe this is a method of CPU clock since it directly measures the time of the execution process.

```
auto t1 = high_resolution_clock::now();
std::string reply = greeter.SayHello(user);
auto t2 = high_resolution_clock::now();

duration<double, std::milli> ms_double = t2 - t1;
std::cout << "Greeter received: " << reply << std::endl;
std::cout << "Latency: " << ms_double.count() << " ms" << std::endl;</pre>
```

To measure the throughput of one gRPC server and gRPC clients, I ran the RPC function call through a loop of 1000 to simulate multiple messages between the gRPC server and gRPC client. Since we have 1000 messages, we can calculate *messages per second* from dividing 1000 by the total amount of seconds it takes to finish executing the process of 1000 messages. Then we repeat this process with running two clients at the same time as shown with the terminal commands above for question #2.

```
auto t1 = high_resolution_clock::now();
for (int i = 0; i < 1000; ++i) {
    std::string reply = greeter.SayHello(user);
}

auto t2 = high_resolution_clock::now();

duration<double, std::milli> ms_double = t2 - t1;
double throughput = 1000 / (ms_double.count() / 1000); // convert ms to sec

std::cout << "Greeter received: " << reply << std::endl;
std::cout << "Throughput: " << throughput << " messages/sec" << std::endl;</pre>
```

To finish answering this prompt, we are using a synchronous RPC based on evidence that we could see from the greeter_server.cc file.

```
// Register "service" as the instance through which we'll communicate with
// clients. In this case it corresponds to an *synchronous* service.
builder.RegisterService(&service);
```