

Quiz 2

1. **What are the methods for Rest service and what 's the meaning of them? CURD methods including:**

Get: Retrieve/Read Data

Put: Update data

Post: Add new data

Delete: Delete existing data

2. **What is the difference between controller and rest controller?**

`@RestController = @Controller + @ResponseBody`

if we need to return json data, we use `@RestController`, otherwise, if we need to return jsp/html data, we use `@Controller`.

3. **How do you make sure your REST service can return both JSON and XML format data?**

`produces = ({ "application/xml" , "application/json" })`

4. **Explain what cookie and session is and when to use which one.**

Both cookie and session are used to store data.

Cookie is for front-end storage; size is small and it can be used with every http request

Session is for back-end storage; bigger size and it has an expiration time. It will expire if time is out without users interaction or the tab is closed.

5. **What is CORS issue and how do you resolve it?**

CORS is cross origin resource sharing. An individual running front-end and an individual running back-end are not on the same domain would raise a CORS issue. We can resolve this by using WebMvcConfigurer:

use @EnableWebMvc and override addCorsMappings to add domains, methods or headers should be allowed by using allowedOrigins(), allowedMethods() and allowedHeaders().

6. **List the meaning of http error code: 400, 404, 500**

400: User sent invalid request – syntax or parameter

404: User sent wrong request URL

500: Server has internal configure error

7. **What is the difference between ApplicationContext and BeanFactory?**

Both them are containers and interfaces, but ApplicationContext extends BeanFactory and contains more features, like Convenient MessageSource access for i18n(internationalization).

8. List the scopes of a spring bean and the meaning of each.

	scopes a single bean definition to a single singleton object instance for each Spring IoC container
prototype	scopes a single bean definition to any number of object instance
request	scopes a single bean definition to the lifecycle of a single HTTP request
session	scopes a single bean definition to the lifecycle of a single HTTP session
application	scopes a single bean definition to the lifecycle of a ServletContext
websocket of a websocket	scopes a single bean definition to the lifecycle

9. **What is the 4 properties in a “data source” configuration?**

driver, url, username, password

10. **Suppose there are two instances of “EmployeeUtils” in spring bean definitions, one is “publicUtil” and the other one is “privateUtil” . How to inject the “publicUtil” to controller?**

@Autowired

@Qualifier(“publicUtil”)

11. **What are the types of dependency injection?**

Constructor-based: injection happened at constructing time

Setter-based : injection happened when be used

Field-based : based on Java reflection

12. **What are the annotations to use on Service and DAO class so that Spring can recognize them?**

@Service, @Repository

13. **How do you create a brand new spring boot project that can do rest service and use jpa to connect to database? Describe the steps.**

1) go to website: spring initializer

2) choose spring version, maven, group id, artifact id

- 3) add dependencies: web, jpa
- 4) click the zip button and save zip file to local
- 5) unzip the project and import it into IntelliJ
- 6) when using jpa to connect, just use annotation

14. Following Problem 13, in the spring boot project, You are given URL: <http://catalog-es-service.prod.walmart.com/es-service/product/0212/search?sourceId=all&logloc=stack011> in which, 0212 is product sequence, sourceId is product source, logloc is production location

Write a controller ("ItemViewController") and retrieve the product information. Suppose the product class and service class have been created for you. Add all annotations.

@RestController

public class MainController {

@GetMapping(value=" /es- service/product/{sequence}/search")

public Product ItemViewController(@PathVariable int swquence,

@RequestParam(name=" sourceId") int id,

@RequestParam(name=" logloc") String loc) {

Product p = service.getProduct(id, loc);

retrun p;

}

}

15. Following Problem 14, Write the service(ItemViewService) class and delegate the logic to DAO (ItemDao) class method. You will need to inject the Dao class to this service. Add all annotations.

```
@Service

public class ItemViewService {

    @Autowired

    private ItemDao itemDao;

    public ItemDao itemDao() {

        return new ItemDao();

    }

}
```

16. Following Problem 15, suppose you are injecting a helper(ItemViewHelper) class into the service class. Use XML and annotation separately to define and inject the helper class into service class. Do not mix XML and annotation.

```
public class HelperManagement {

    @Bean

    public ItemViewHelper helper() {

        return new ItemViewHelper();

    }

}
```

```
<bean id=" helper" name=" helperBean"

    class=" com.service.

    ItemViewHelper" >

</bean>

<alias name=" helper" alias=" Helper" ></alias>
```

17. In spring boot application.properties, there is an entry defined as:

walmart.es.service=financial. Write a complete code to get the value "financial" in service class.

```
@Autowired
Environment env;

public void getFinalcial() {
    String financial = env.getProperty( "walmart.es.service" );
}
```