9η = Ομάδα cΑσκήσεων ΑνοιβλΑ: ομυν.μονΟ ΜΑΝΤΣΟ

Ομ. Aσκ. : 97

Ap. Mnzp. : 3200098

52. (Ano kolvoù ouvexeis T.M.)

$$f_{xy}(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{5}(x+2y), & (x,y) \in [0,1] \times [0,2] \\ 0, & \alpha \approx 0 \end{cases}$$

(a') Eival
$$E(x \cdot y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{x \cdot y} \cdot f_{x \cdot y}(x, y) dxdy = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{x \cdot y} \cdot \frac{1}{5} (x + 2y) dy dx = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{5} x^{2} \cdot y + \frac{2}{5} x \cdot y^{2} dy dx = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} x^{2} \cdot y^{2} + \frac{2}{15} x \cdot y^{3} dy dx = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{10} x^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{10} x^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{10} x^{2} dx = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{10} x^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{10} x^{2} dx = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{10} x^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{10} x^{2} dx = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{10} x^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{10} dx = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{10} x^{2} dx = \int_{0}^{1$$

(6) Flator
$$f_{x}(x)$$
 exorps:

-Av $x \neq [0,1]$ tots $f_{x}(x) = \int 0 dy = 0$

$$- \text{Av} \quad \text{xe}[0,1] \quad \text{rôte} \quad f_{x}(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_{xy}(x,y) \, dy = \int_{5}^{2} \frac{1}{5} (x+2y) \, dy = \int_{5}^{2} \frac{1}{5}$$

Fig thy
$$f_{Y}(y)$$
 exorpte:

-Av $y \notin [0,2]$ tote $f_{Y}(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} 0 \, dx = 0$

-Av $y \in [0,2]$ tote $f_{Y}(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_{XY}(x,y) \, dx = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{5}(x+2y) \, dx = \int_{$

$$f_{XY}(x,y) = \begin{cases} 6x^{c}y, & (x,y) \in [0,1] \times [0,1] \\ 0, & \delta Ladopertiká \end{cases}$$

(a') Tipènei
$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} (\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} fxy(x,y) dy) dx = 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{0}^{1} \left(\int_{0}^{1} 6x^{c}y \,dy \right) dx = 1 \Rightarrow \int_{0}^{1} \left(\int_{0}^{1} 3x^{c}y^{2} \right)' dy \,dx = 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{0}^{1} 3x^{c} dx = 1 \Rightarrow \int_{0}^{1} \left(\frac{3x^{c+1}}{c+1}\right)^{2} dx = 1 \Rightarrow \underbrace{3 \cdot 1}_{c+1} = 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$-Av \quad x \in [0,1] \quad \text{rote} \quad f_{x}(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_{xy}(x,y) \, dy = \int_{0}^{1} 6x^{2}y \, dy = \int_{0}^{1} (x,y)^{2} \, dy = \int_{0}$$

$$= \int (3x^2y^2)' dy = 3x^2$$

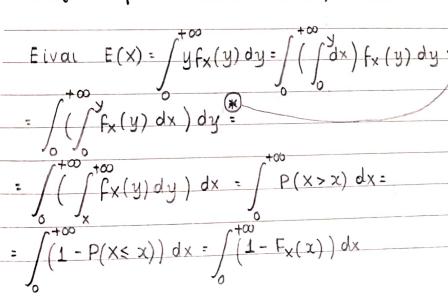
- Av
$$y \notin EO$$
, 1] roce $f_{y}(y) = \int_{\infty}^{+\infty} 0 dx = 0$

$$=\int_{0}^{1} (2yx^{3})' dx = 2y$$

Συγεπώς
$$f_{X}(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^{2}, & x \in [0,1] \\ 0, & x \notin [0,1] \end{cases}$$
 $f_{Y}(y) = \begin{cases} 2y, & y \in [0,1] \\ 0, & y \notin [0,1] \end{cases}$

Τελικά P(Y>2X) = 1-38 .

54. (Μη αρνητικές συνεχείς Τ.Μ.)



ιτα τα ωρχικά όρια ολοκλή-· pwons sixape: 0 < y < 00 0 < x < y Apa av OZXZOO Ba npenel

x < y < 00 x10 va peroupe στο σκιασμένο χωρίο

Σαρώθηκε με το CamScanner

55. (Θείχματα ρύπων)

Έστω η τυχαία μεταβλητή Χί χια την περιεκτικότητα σε ρύπους του δείχματος ί χια i=1,2,...,5

Eival 20100 $P(A) = P((X_1 < 3.5) \cap (X_2 < 3.5) \cap \dots \cap (X_5 < 3.5)) = P(X_1 < 3.5) \cdot P(X_2 < 3.5) \cdot \dots \cdot P(X_5 < 3.5) =$

= $F_{X_1}(3.5) \cdot F_{X_2}(3.5) \cdot \dots \cdot F_{X_5}(3.5)^{\bigcirc}$

Οι Χί ακολουθούν όλει την ομοιόμορφη κατανομή στο [0,12]

Kai owenús F(3.5) = 3.5-0 = 3.5 12-0 12

Άρα τελικά για το Ιπτούμενο έχουμε P(A) = 1-P(A') = 1-0.00211 = 0.99789

56. (Ομοιόμορφη Τ.Μ. με παράμετρο γεωμετρική Τ.Μ.)

(α΄) Με χρήση του κανόνα της ολικής πιθανότητας έχουμε

$$P(Y>3) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left[P(Y>3 \mid X=k) P(X=k) \right] = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left[1 - P(Y \le 3 \mid X=k)) \cdot P(X=k) \right]$$

=
$$(1-1) \cdot P(x=k) + \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[(1-P(y \leq \frac{3}{2} | x=k)) \cdot P(x=k) \right] =$$

$$= 0 + \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\left(1 - \frac{3}{2} + k \right) \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^{k-1} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{2k - 3/2 - k}{2k} \cdot \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] =$$

$$= \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{k - 3/2}{2k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^k}{4^k}, \frac{3}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^k}{4^k}, \frac{3}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^k}{4^k}, \frac{3}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^k}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^k}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right] = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k}, \frac{3^{k-1}}{4^k} \right]$$

$$= \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{6} \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^{k} \right] - \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^{k} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^{k} - \frac{1}{4} \left(-\log\left(1 - \frac{3}{4}\right) - \frac{3}{4} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{(3/4)^2}{1 - \frac{3}{4}} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{(\log 4 - 3)}{4} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{9}{16} \cdot \frac{4}{16} + \frac{3}{16} \cdot \frac{\log 4}{4} = \frac{9}{16} \cdot \frac{\log$$

