

# ELASTIC SEARCH, LOGSTASH, KIBANA & BEATS



What is the Elastic Stack?

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# What is the Elastic Stack?



Elasticsearch



Logstash



Beats



Kibana

- ✓ Free
- ✓ Open Source
- ✓ Great at full-text searching

Previously Known as the ELK Stack

**E**lasticsearch

**L**ogstash

**K**ibana



# Elasticsearch Useful for Many Cases



Highly scalable

Built in search, aggregation, and sharding

Used by Microsoft Azure, Wordpress, and Stack Exchange

# Your Role Today



DevOps / IT



GLOBOMANTICS







Take monitoring situation from non-existent to fully-fledged enterprise-ready

Web-based monitoring and historical searching

Proactive alerting solution

# Elasticsearch



**Distributed, fast, highly scalable document database**

**Created by Shay Banon in 2010**

**We'll use a simple single node cluster**

# Logstash



Aggregates, filters, and supplements log data

Forwards altered logs to Elasticsearch

Sending logs directly to Elasticsearch without Logstash can lead to inconsistent data

# Kibana



Web-based front-end

Works easily with Elasticsearch for charts, graphs, and visualizing data

Free from the Elastic company



# Beats

Small, lightweight utilities for reading logs from a variety of sources. Usually sends data to Logstash

Filebeat: Text log files

Metricbeat: OS and applications

Packetbeat: Network monitoring

Winlogbeat: Windows Event log

Libbeat: Write your own

# Alerting



Helps track conditions based on Elasticsearch data

Continually monitors log data for pre-configured conditions

Send notifications to email, Slack, Hipchat, and PagerDuty out of the box

# Globomantics Is Worldwide



Disk



CPU & RAM



Applications



Network



Email &  
Database

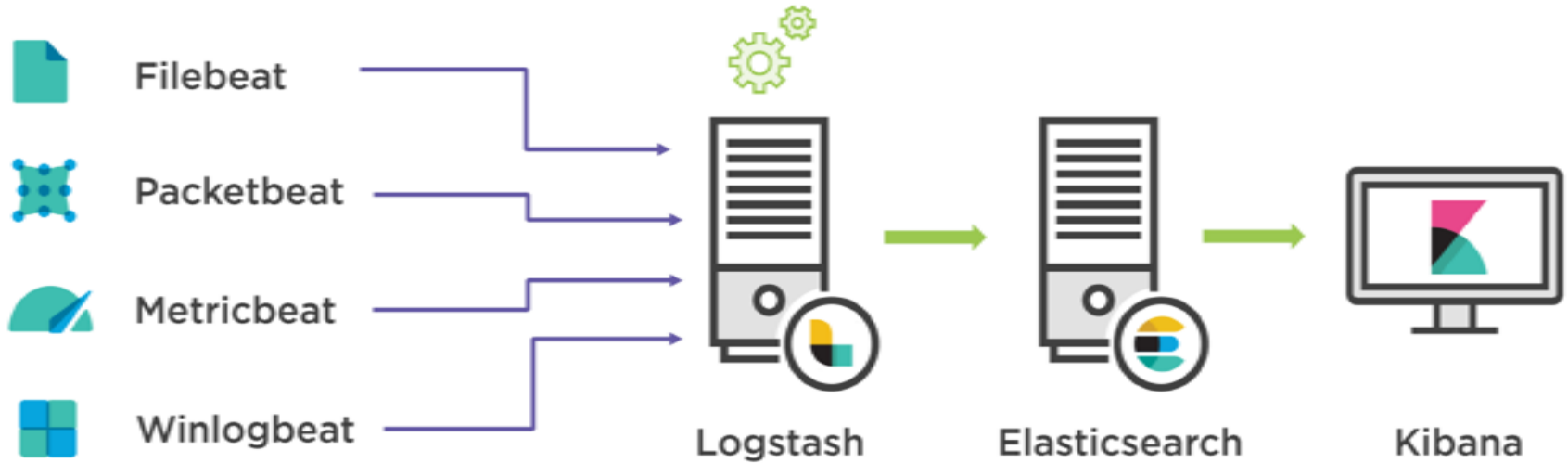


Web Applications





# Beats



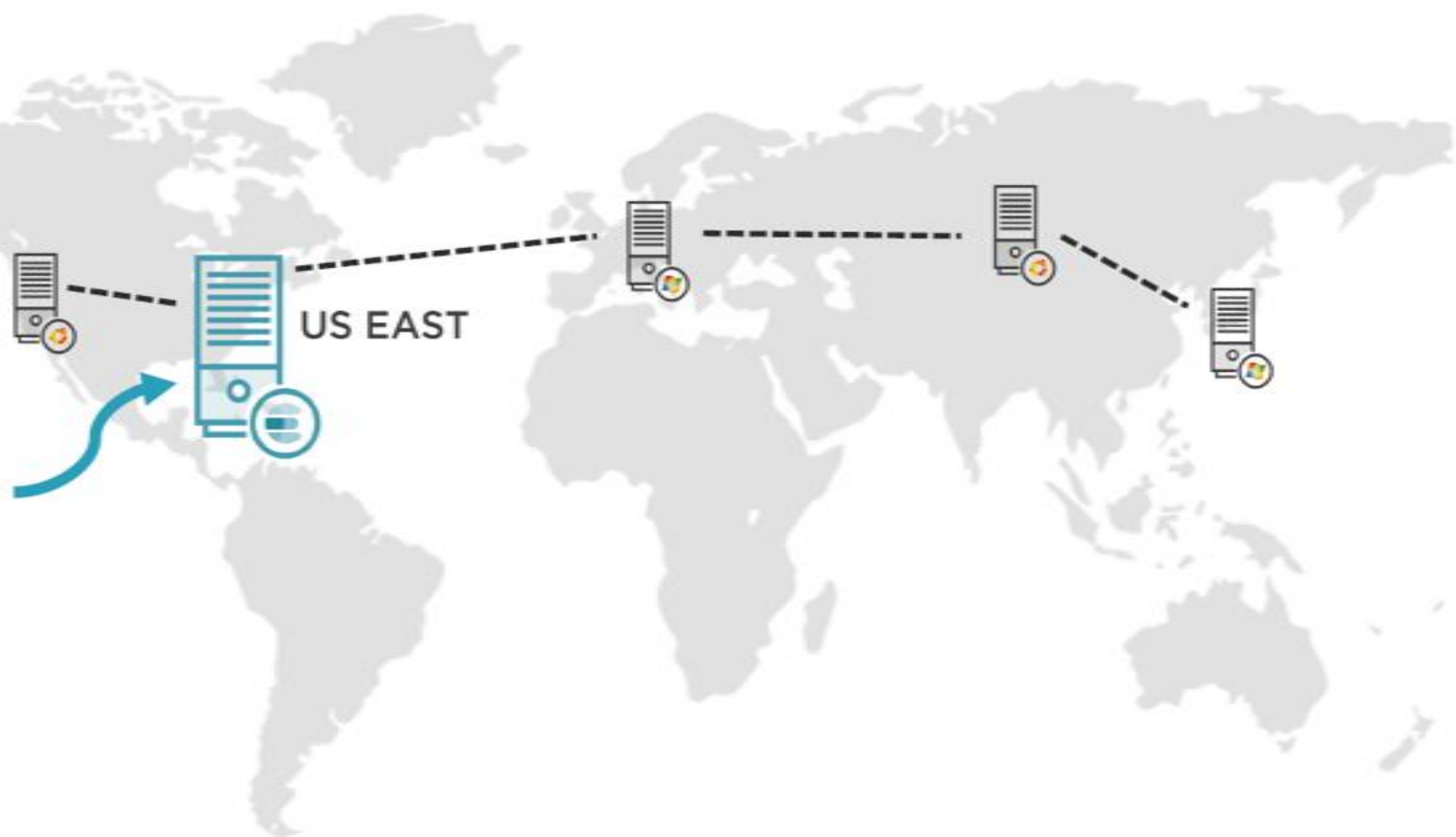
# System Buildout



Start from the back, work forward

Usually Elasticsearch clusters comprise many nodes

We're keeping things simple with one Elasticsearch node



Demo



What kind of OS should we use?  
Elasticsearch runs fine on Linux & Windows

We're going to choose Linux and use distribution packages

Ubuntu 16.10 Server Edition

We'll also demonstrate a Windows install

# INSTALLING ELASTIC SEARCH

- Once the ubuntu 16 Server is up, install java using

`“apt-get install openjdk-8-jre-headless`

- Create a directory and download elastic search package

`mkdir pkg`

`cd pkg`

`wget`

`https://artifacts.elastic.co/downloads/elasticsearch/elasticsearch-5.0.0.deb`

# INSTALLING ELASTIC SEARCH (CONTD)

- Execute command “dpkg -i elasticsearch-5.0.0.deb”
- Elastic search configuration file is present at “/etc/elasticsearch/elasticsearch.yml”
- Change cluster and node name in elasticsearch.yml

```
.#
# Please see the documentation for further information on configuration options
# <http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/setup-configuration.html>
#
# ----- Cluster -----
#
# Use a descriptive name for your cluster:
#
cluster.name: globo-monitoring
#
# ----- Node -----
#
# Use a descriptive name for the node:
#
node.name: ec2-34-211-224-134.us-west-2.compute.amazonaws.com
#
# Add custom attributes to the node:
```

# INSTALLING ELASTICSEARCH (CONTD)

- Change network.host: <ip address>
- Increase the memory map count by “ `sysctl -w vm.max_map_count=262144`”
- Start elasticsearch cluster service by “`service elasticsearch start`”
- Test by executing `curl http://<ipaddress>:9200`
- By default elastic search runs on port 9200
- To start elastic search on boot “`systemctl enable elasticsearch`”

# Installing Logstash

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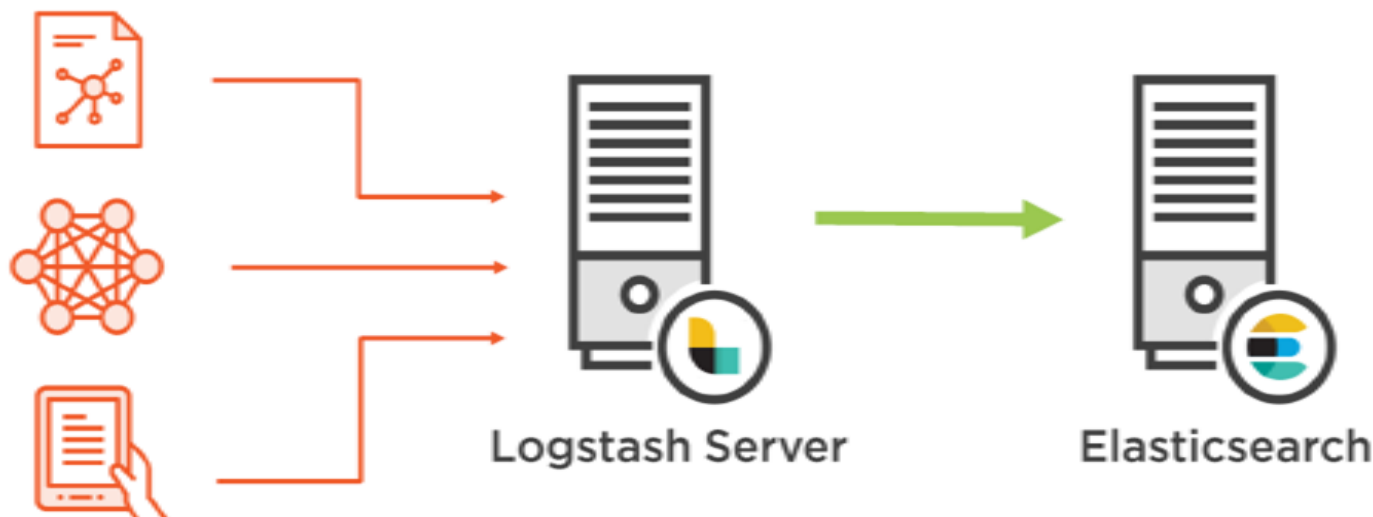


# Logstash Is a Data Collection Engine

1. Ingest

2. Enhance or modify

3. Forward



# Logstash Configuration

```
input {  
}
```



Where is data coming from?  
Logs? Beats?

```
filter {  
}
```



How should we parse the  
data? Ignore some? Modify  
any?

```
output {  
}
```



Where should we store the  
logs? Back end?  
Elasticsearch?

# Logstash Plugins



Out of the box can read apache logs, log4j files, Windows Event log, and more...

Included filters can read raw text, parse csv, or look up geo/location information by IP address, or reading json

Dozens of filters are included by default

# Logstash Filters

grok filter

geoip filter

93.114.45.13 - - [04/Jan/2015:05:14:33 +0000] "GET /images/web..."



# Geoip Filter

93.114.45.13 - - [04/Jan/2015:05:14:33 +0000] "GET /images/web...



```
"geoip" : {  
  "timezone" : "America/New_York",  
  "ip" : "93.114.45.13",  
  "latitude" : 42.9864,  
  "continent_code" : "NA",  
  "city_name" : "Buffalo",  
  ...  
  "region_name" : "New York",  
  "location" : [  
    -78.7279,  
    42.9864  
  ],  
  "postal_code" : "14221",  
  "longitude" : -78.7279,  
  "region_code" : "NY"  
}
```

# Demo



Let's create our Logstash server  
Ubuntu Linux Server

# INSTALL LOGSTASH

- Install java much like elasticsearch installation step
- Run the following command to import the Elasticsearch public GPG key into apt

```
wget -q0 - https://packages.elastic.co/GPG-KEY-elasticsearch  
| sudo apt-key add -
```

- Create the Elasticsearch source list:

```
echo "deb https://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/5.x/apt  
stable main" | sudo tee -a  
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/elasticsearch-5.x.list
```

# INSTALL LOGSTASH (CONTD..)

- Execute “apt-get update && apt-get install logstash”
- Logstash is stored in /usr/share/logstash and move to this directory using cd
- Now execute this command “bin/logstash -e "input { stdin {} } output { stdout {} }”



# Visualizing with Kibana

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# Almost Complete



Elasticsearch



Logstash



Kibana



General graphing and visualization tool  
written in Node.js

Free, works great with Elasticsearch,  
includes a ton of visualization options and  
widgets

Easy to create useful dashboards and share  
them with coworkers

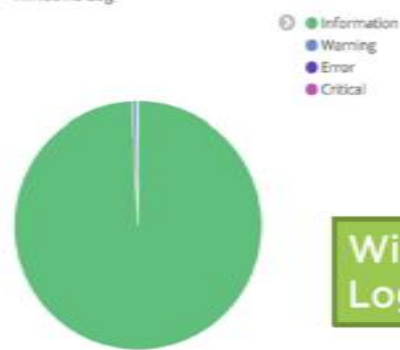
Sample Map



Events Per Day



Windows Log



Windows Event Log Level

# Demo



Installing Kibana on Ubuntu is pretty easy

Elastic company maintains .deb packages for Debian-based systems

# INSTALLING KIBANA

- Run the following command to import the Elasticsearch public GPG key into apt

```
wget -qO - https://packages.elastic.co/GPG-KEY-elasticsearch  
| sudo apt-key add -
```

- Create the Elasticsearch source list:

```
echo "deb https://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/5.x/apt  
stable main" | sudo tee -a  
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/elasticsearch-5.x.list
```

# INSTALLING KIBANA (CONTD..)

- Execute “apt-get update && apt-get install kibana”
- Make changes in configuration at /etc/kibana/kibana.yml as mentioned below

server.host:<ipaddress>

Server.name: <hostname>

Elasticsearch.url: <elasticsearchurl>

- Execute “service kibana start”
- Test the kibana by accessing

# Instrumenting Windows Servers

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# Instrumenting Windows Servers



File Hosting

Web Server

Email Server



RAM



CPU



Disk



Event Log

# A Complete Picture



## Winlogbeat

### Windows Event Log

- Reading
- Filtering
- Enhancing
- Forwarding



## Metricbeat

### All-purpose system & statistics

#### Broken into modules

- Apache
- HAProxy
- MongoDB
- MySQL
- NginX
- PostgreSQL
- Redis
- Zookeeper
- System logs



Go programs are static binaries, no need for JVM or other runtimes

Can be “cross-compiled” to work on Windows, Linux, macOS, and BSD

Usually pretty small and lightweight – great for system utilities



redis



Usually large companies have dozens, hundreds, or even thousands of servers

For our purposes, we're going to use two Windows web servers and one Windows file server

Will keep the data diverse enough for our demonstrations

# Demo



Download and unpack Winlogbeat

Configure it to use logstash and add some custom fields and data

Set it up to run as a Windows service

# INSTALLING WINLOGBEAT

- Download winlogbeat file from elastic site
- Extract zip file and change the following in winlogbeat.yml

```
tags: ["us-east-1"]
```

```
fields:
```

```
  globo_environment: production
```

Enable logstash configuration.

# INSTALLING WINLOGBEAT (CONTD..)

- From powershell install winlogbeat template by using following command

```
"Invoke-WebRequest -Method PUT -InFile  
.\winlogbeat.template.json -Uri  
http://<elasticsearchserver>:9200/_template/winlogbeat"
```

- From Powershell install winlogbeat service using following command ".\install-service-winlogbeat.ps1"
- Start service using start-service winlogbeat



Demo



Configure Logstash to read Beats data  
and forward it to Elasticsearch

# CONFIGURE LOGSTASH SERVER FOR WINLOGBEAT

- Login into logstash server and navigate to /etc/logstash/conf.d
- Create a file with name “beats.conf” and following

```
C input{
  beats {
    port => "5043"
  }
}
output{
  elasticsearch {
    hosts => ["34.211.224.134:9200"]
    index => "%{[@metadata][beat]}-%{+YYYY.MM.dd}"
    document_type => "%{[@metadata][type]}"
  }
}
```

# Instrumenting Linux Servers

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# Beats for Linux

 **Metricbeat**



RAM



CPU



Disk

 **Filebeat**





Filebeat

Built for consuming and shipping text-based logs and data

Outputs to Elasticsearch or Logstash

Most Linux logs are text-based so it's a good fit for monitoring

# Demo



Download, install, and configure Filebeat

Setup Filebeat to read syslog files and forward to Logstash

Add a filter configuration to Logstash for syslog

# INSTALLING FILE BEAT

- Create the ubuntu instance

```
Curl -L -O
```

```
https://artifacts.elastic.co/downloads/beats/filebeat/filebeat-5.4.1-amd64.deb
```

- `dpkg -i filebeat-5.4.1-amd64.deb`
- We will now configure filebeat to read syslog from `/var/log/syslog`
- Upload template by `curl -XPUT 'http://<elasticsearch>:9200/_template/filebeat' -d /etc/filebeat/filebeat_template.json`

# INSTALLING FILE BEAT (CONTD..)

- Configure Logstash from configuration @ <https://s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/qt-elastic-softwares/Configuration/LinuxSyslogfilebeat/beats.conf> in /etc/logstash/conf.d and restart logstash
- Create visualization in kibana

For Rest of configurations

<https://s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/qt-elastic-softwares/Configuration/centralized-logging-elastic-stack.zip>