## **Module 5 Problem Solutions**

The problems use the intercollegiate athletics database as described in the Order Entry Database Background document. The course website also contains CREATE TABLE and INSERT statements for Oracle, MySQL, and PostgreSQL.

- 1. List the event number, date held, customer number, customer name, facility number, and facility name of 2018 events placed by Boulder customers.
- 2. List the customer number, customer name, event number, date held, facility number, facility name, and estimated audience cost per person (EstCost / EstAudience) for events held on 2018, in which the estimated cost per person is less than \$0.2
- 3. List the customer number, customer name, and total estimated costs for Approved events.
  The total amount of events is the sum of the estimated cost for each event. Group the results by customer number and customer name.
- 4. Insert yourself as a new row in the *Customer* table.
- 5. Increase the rate by 10 percent of nurse resource in the resource table.
- 6. Delete the new row added to the *Customer* table.

## Solutions

1

Oracle SQL solutions

SELECT EventNo, DateHeld, Customer.CustNo, CustName,

Facility.FacNo, FacName

FROM EventRequest, Customer, Facility

WHERE City = 'Boulder'

AND DateHeld BETWEEN '1-Jan-2018' AND '31-Dec-2018'

AND EventRequest.CustNo = Customer.CustNo

AND EventRequest.FacNo = Facility.FacNo;

SELECT EventNo, DateHeld, Customer.CustNo, CustName, Facility.FacNo, FacName FROM EventRequest INNER JOIN Customer ON EventRequest.CustNo = Customer.CustNo
INNER JOIN Facility ON EventRequest.FacNo = Facility.FacNo
WHERE City = 'Boulder'

AND DateHeld BETWEEN '1-Jan-2018' AND '31-Dec-2018';

MySQL and PostgreSQL solutions

SELECT EventNo, DateHeld, Customer.CustNo, CustName,

Facility.FacNo, FacName

FROM EventRequest, Customer, Facility

WHERE City = 'Boulder'

AND DateHeld BETWEEN '2018-01-01' AND '2018-12-31'

AND EventRequest.CustNo = Customer.CustNo

AND EventRequest.FacNo = Facility.FacNo;

SELECT EventNo, DateHeld, Customer.CustNo, CustName,

Facility.FacNo, FacName

FROM EventRequest INNER JOIN Customer

ON EventRequest.CustNo = Customer.CustNo

INNER JOIN Facility ON EventRequest.FacNo = Facility.FacNo

WHERE City = 'Boulder'

AND DateHeld BETWEEN '2018-01-01' AND '2018-12-31';

2.

Oracle solutions

SELECT Customer.CustNo, CustName, EventNo,

DateHeld, Facility.FacNo, FacName, EstCost/EstAudience AS AudCost

FROM EventRequest, Customer, Facility

WHERE DateHeld BETWEEN '1-Jan-2018' AND '31-Dec-2018'

AND EstCost/EstAudience < 0.2

AND EventRequest.CustNo = Customer.CustNo

AND EventRequest.FacNo = Facility.FacNo;

SELECT Customer.CustNo, CustName, EventNo,

DateHeld, Facility.FacNo, FacName, EstCost/EstAudience AS AudCost

FROM EventRequest INNER JOIN Customer

ON EventRequest.CustNo = Customer.CustNo

INNER JOIN Facility ON EventRequest.FacNo = Facility.FacNo

WHERE DateHeld BETWEEN '1-Jan-2018' AND '31-Dec-2018'

AND EstCost/EstAudience < 0.2:

MySQL and PostgreSQL solutions

SELECT Customer.CustNo, CustName, EventNo,

DateHeld, Facility.FacNo, FacName, EstCost/EstAudience AS AudCost

FROM EventRequest, Customer, Facility

WHERE DateHeld BETWEEN '2018-01-01' AND '2018-12-31'

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AND EstCost/EstAudience < 0.2
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AND EventRequest.CustNo = Customer.CustNo

AND EventRequest.FacNo = Facility.FacNo;

SELECT Customer.CustNo, CustName, EventNo,

DateHeld, Facility.FacNo, FacName, EstCost/EstAudience AS AudCost

FROM EventRequest INNER JOIN Customer

ON EventRequest.CustNo = Customer.CustNo

INNER JOIN Facility ON EventRequest.FacNo = Facility.FacNo

WHERE DateHeld BETWEEN '2018-01-01' AND '2018-12-31'

AND EstCost/EstAudience < 0.2:

3.

Oracle, MySQL, and PostgreSQL solutions

SELECT Customer. CustNo, CustName, SUM(EstCost) AS TotEstCost

FROM EventRequest, Customer

WHERE Status = 'Approved'

AND EventRequest.CustNo = Customer.CustNo

GROUP BY Customer. CustNo, CustName;

SELECT Customer.CustNo, CustName, SUM(EstCost) AS TotEstCost

FROM EventRequest INNER JOIN Customer

ON EventRequest.CustNo = Customer.CustNo

WHERE Status = 'Approved'

GROUP BY Customer.CustNo, CustName;

4.

## **INSERT INTO Customer**

(CustNo, CustName, Address, Internal, Contact, Phone, City, State, Zip) VALUES ('C9999999', 'Michael Mannino', '123 Any Street', 'Y', 'Self', '720000',

'Denver', 'CO', '80204');

5

Oracle and PostgreSQL

**UPDATE** Resourcetbl

SET Rate = Rate \* 1.1

WHERE ResName = 'nurse':

## MySQL solution

UPDATE and DELETE statements will not execute if WHERE conditions do not reference the primary key. The SQL\_SAFE\_UPDATES option set to 0 allows UPDATE and DELETE statements without a WHERE condition on the primary key.

SET  $SQL\_SAFE\_UPDATES = 0$ ;

UPDATE Resourcetbl SET Rate = Rate \* 1.1 WHERE ResName = 'nurse';

SET SQL\_SAFE\_UPDATES = 1;

6.

DELETE FROM Customer WHERE CustNo = 'C9999999';