Overview:

On the ninth day of our bug hunter practices, the focus was on session fixation vulnerabilities, a critical security issue that can compromise the integrity of user sessions on web applications. This report outlines the steps taken to identify and demonstrate a session fixation vulnerability.

What is session hijacking or fixation:

Session fixation is a security vulnerability that occurs when an attacker sets a user's session ID to a known value, effectively hijacking the user's session. It takes advantage of insecure session management practices within web applications.

Step 1: Identify a Suspected Vulnerability:

- 1.I selected a web application that allowed session management and logged into the application with my own account.
- 2. During this login process, I closely observed the URL and cookies for any session-related tokens or parameters that might be susceptible to session fixation.
- Step 2: Logout and Acquire the Session ID:
- 1.I logged out of my account on the web application.
- 2.I noted the session-related token or parameter value (in this case, the session ID) from the URL or cookies, which would serve as my known session value.

Step 3: Prepare a Malicious URL:

1.I crafted a URL that included the session-related token or parameter with the known session value obtained in Step 2. This URL would be used to set a victim's session to my known value.

Step 4: Lure the Victim:

2.I shared the malicious URL with a potential victim, enticing them to click on it. To simulate the victim's actions, I used a different browser or an incognito window.

Step 5: Observe the Exploit:

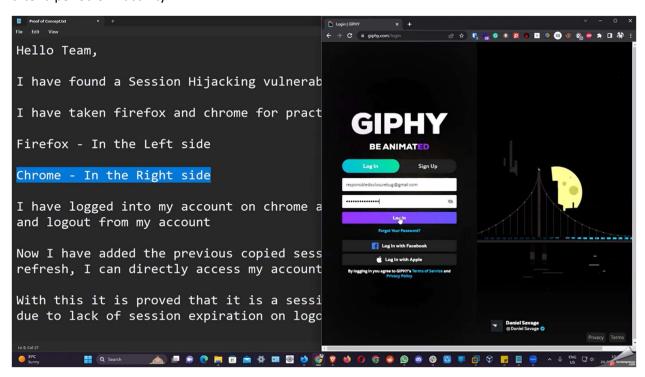
- 1.After the victim clicked on the malicious URL, I asked them to perform an action on the web application.
- 2. While the victim interacted with the application, I closely monitored their actions to see if their session became tied to the session value I had set in the URL.
- 3.If the victim's session was successfully set to my known value, it demonstrated the session fixation vulnerability.

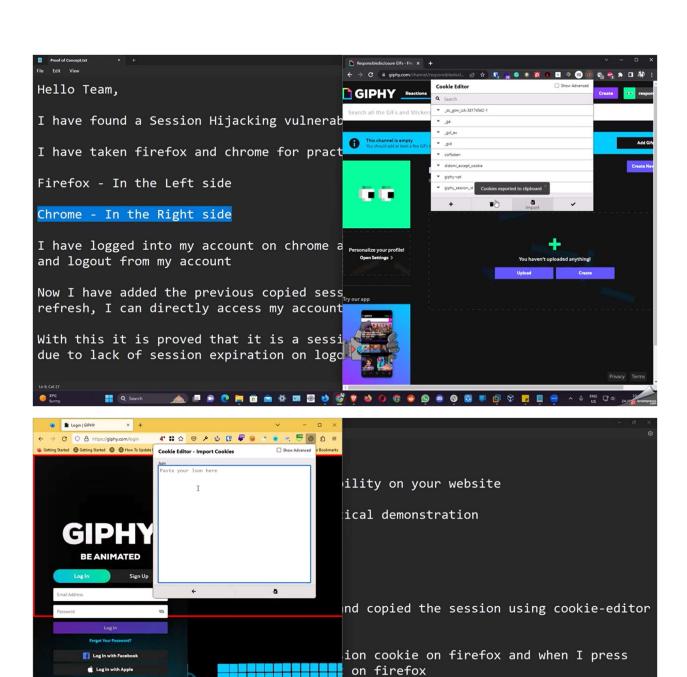
Step 6: Reporting the Vulnerability:

- 1. Ethically, I reported the vulnerability to the website or application owner, providing them with a detailed account of the steps taken and evidence of the session fixation.
- 2.I encouraged them to fix the issue by implementing secure session management practices.

Step 7: Mitigation:

- 1.To mitigate session fixation vulnerabilities, I recommended that the web application should regenerate session IDs upon login or privilege escalation.
- 2.I also advised the implementation of proper session management practices, such as expiring sessions after a period of inactivity.



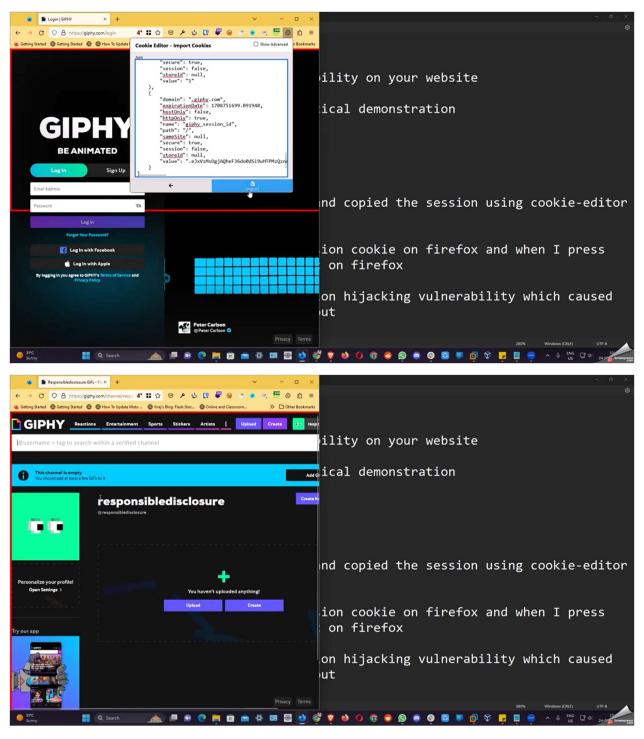


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on hijacking vulnerability which caused



Conclusion:

Day 9 of bug hunter practices focused on understanding and demonstrating session fixation vulnerabilities. By identifying and exploiting this vulnerability, I gained practical experience in recognizing the risks associated with insecure session management in web applications. Ethical reporting and responsible disclosure are essential aspects of this process, and addressing session

ation is crucial for ensuring the security of web applications and protecting user sessions from appromise.	