

PizzaHut MySQL Database Project



name
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza
The California Chicken Pizza
The Chicken Alfredo Pizza
The Chicken Pesto
The Southwest Chicken Pizza
The Thai Chicken Pizza
The Big Meat Pizza
The Classic Deluxe Pizza
The Hawaiian Pizza
The Italian Capocollo Pizza
The Napolitana Pizza
The Pepperoni, Mushroom, ...

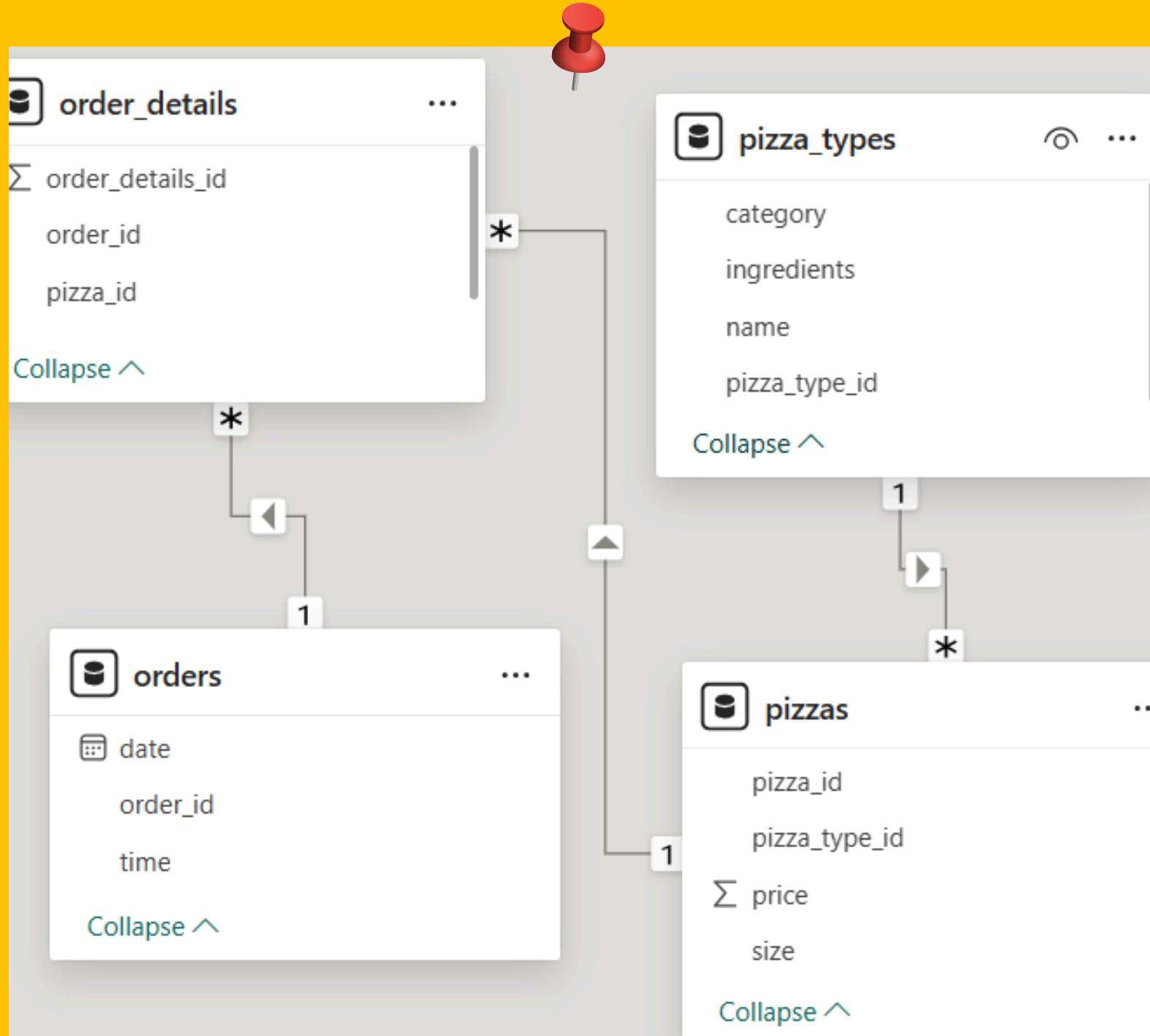
click here

A SQL-based database project to simulate PizzaHut's customer and order management.



Created by: Ramesh Kumar Prajapati

Database Design



Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

	total_orders
▶	21350



Identify the highest-priced pizza.

SELECT

 pizza_types.name, pizzas.price

FROM

 pizza_types

 JOIN

 pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC

LIMIT 1;

	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95



Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.



SELECT

```
ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
      2)
```

FROM

```
order_details
```

```
JOIN
```

```
pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```

	ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price), 2)
▶	817860.05



Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
        JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

	size	order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28



List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

name	quantity
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371





Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT  
    pizza_types.category,  
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
        JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
        JOIN  
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.category  
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

category	quantity
Classic	14888
Supreme	11987
Veggie	11649
Chicken	11050



Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
SELECT
```

```
    HOUR(order_time), COUNT(order_id)
```

```
FROM
```

```
orders
```

```
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

HOUR(order_time)	COUNT(order_id)
11	1231
12	2520
13	2455
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920
17	2336
18	2399



Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
SELECT  
    category, COUNT(name)  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY category;
```

category	COUNT(name)
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9



Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

SELECT

```
ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS avg_pizza_order  
FROM  
(SELECT  
    orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity  
FROM  
    orders  
JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

	avg_pizza_order
	138



Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

name	revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5



pizza type to total revenue.



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
        ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
        2) AS total_sales
    )
    FROM
        order_details
        JOIN
            pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) * 100,
    2) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
        order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

category	revenue
Classic	26.91
Supreme	25.46
Chicken	23.96
Veggie	23.68



Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.



```
select order_date, sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue
from
(select orders.order_date ,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from order_details join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
join orders
on orders.order_id= order_details.order_id
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

order_date	cum_revenue
2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
2015-01-02	5445.75
2015-01-03	8108.15
2015-01-04	9863.6
2015-01-05	11929.55
2015-01-06	14050.5



Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.



```
select name ,revenue from
(select category, name,revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum((order_details.quantity)*pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn<= 3;
```

name	revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25





Conclusion:

- Database helps track customers and orders effectively.
- Can be scaled with delivery modules, inventory, etc.
- Learned how to normalize data and write complex joins.

THANK YOU

