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scipy.integrate.romberg

scipy.integrate.romberg(function, a, b, args=(), tol=1.48e-08, rtol=1.48e-08, show=False, divmax=10, vec_func=False) [source]

(https://github.com/scipy/scipy/blob/v1.1.0/scipy/integrate/quadrature.py#L639-L756)

Romberg integration of a callable function or method.

Returns the integral of *function* (a function of one variable) over the interval (a, b).

If *show* is 1, the triangular array of the intermediate results will be printed. If *vec_func* is True (default is False), then *function* is assumed to support vector arguments.

Parameters: function: callable

Function to be integrated.

a: float

Lower limit of integration.

b: float

Upper limit of integration.

Returns: results: float

Result of the integration.

Other Parameters:

args: tuple, optional

Extra arguments to pass to function. Each element of *args* will be passed as a single argument to *func*. Default is to pass no extra arguments.

tol, rtol: float, optional

The desired absolute and relative tolerances. Defaults are 1.48e-8.

show: bool, optional

Whether to print the results. Default is False.

divmax: int, optional

Maximum order of extrapolation. Default is 10.

vec_func : bool, optional

Whether *func* handles arrays as arguments (i.e whether it is a "vector" function). Default is False.