Scipy.org (https://scipy.org/) Docs (https://docs.scipy.org/)

SciPy v1.1.0 Reference Guide (../index.html)

Integration and ODEs (scipy.integrate) (../integrate.html)

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scipy.integrate.simps

scipy.integrate.Simps(y, x=None, dx=1, axis=-1, even='avg') [source] (https://github.com/scipy/scipy/blob/v1.1.0/scipy/integrate/quadrature.py#L334-L456)

Integrate y(x) using samples along the given axis and the composite Simpson's rule. If x is None, spacing of dx is assumed.

If there are an even number of samples, N, then there are an odd number of intervals (N-1), but Simpson's rule requires an even number of intervals. The parameter 'even' controls how this is handled.

Parameters: y: array_like

Array to be integrated.

x: array_like, optional

If given, the points at which y is sampled.

dx: int, optional

Spacing of integration points along axis of y. Only used when x is None. Default is 1.

axis: int, optional

Axis along which to integrate. Default is the last axis.

even: str {'avg', 'first', 'last'}, optional

'avg': Average two results:1) use the first N-2 intervals with a trapezoidal rule on the last interval and 2) use the last N-2 intervals with a trapezoidal rule on the first interval.

'first': *Use Simpson's rule for the first N-2 intervals with* a trapezoidal rule on the last interval.

'last': *Use Simpson's rule for the last N-2 intervals with a* trapezoidal rule on the first interval.

See also:

quad (scipy.integrate.quad.html#scipy.integrate.quad) adaptive quadrature using QUADPACK

romberg (scipy.integrate.romberg.html#scipy.integrate.romberg) adaptive Romberg quadrature

quadrature (scipy.integrate.quadrature.html#scipy.integrate.quadrature) adaptive Gaussian quadrature

fixed_quad (scipy.integrate.fixed_quad.html#scipy.integrate.fixed_quad) fixed-order Gaussian quadrature

dblquad (scipy.integrate.dblquad.html#scipy.integrate.dblquad) double integrals