Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_MCQ_Updated

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 20

Marks Obtained: 19

Section 1: MCO

1. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/

		n a serial access men	nory is
Status: Correct			Marks : 1/1
		e, the important condi	tion for a
Answer	2/1	2/1	
FRONT is null	5010	,5010	45010
Status : Correct	2473	20,73	Marks : 1/1
			" and "D"
Answer			
ABCD			
Status: Correct	.1	.1	Marks : 1/1
01011		10101	(0,10)
6. After performing contain?	this set of operations,	, what does the final li	st look to
InsertFront(10); InsertFront(20); InsertRear(30); DeleteFront(); InsertRear(40); InsertRear(10); DeleteRear();			24150101
	Answer Queue Status: Correct 4. In linked list impliqueue to be empty is Answer FRONT is null Status: Correct 5. In what order will are placed in a queue Answer ABCD Status: Correct 6. After performing contain? InsertFront(10); InsertFront(20); InsertRear(30); DeleteFront(); InsertRear(40); InsertRear(40); InsertRear(10); DeleteRear();	Answer Queue Status: Correct 4. In linked list implementation of a queue queue to be empty is? Answer FRONT is null Status: Correct 5. In what order will they be removed If the are placed in a queue and are deleted one Answer ABCD Status: Correct 6. After performing this set of operations contain? InsertFront(10); InsertFront(20); InsertRear(30); DeleteFront(); InsertRear(40); InsertRear(40); InsertRear(10); DeleteRear(); InsertRear(15); display();	Answer Queue Status: Correct 4. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condit queue to be empty is? Answer FRONT is null Status: Correct 5. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time Answer ABCD Status: Correct 6. After performing this set of operations, what does the final licontain? InsertFront(10); InsertFront(20); InsertRear(30); DeleteFront(); InsertRear(40); InsertRear(40); InsertRear(10); DeleteRear();

Status: Correct

Marks : 1/1

```
7. What will be the output of the following code?
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
   int arr[MAX_SIZE];
   int front;
   int rear;
   int size;
} Queue;
void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
   if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
     return;
   }
   queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
   queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
   queue->size++;
int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
   if (queue->size == 0) {
     return -1;
   int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
   queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
   queue->size--;
   return data;
int main() {
   Queue queue;
   queue.front = 0;
   queue.rear = -1;
   queue.size = 0;
 enqueue(&queue, 1);
   enqueue(&queue, 2);
```

```
enqueue(&queue, 3);
  printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
     printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
     enqueue(&queue, 4);
     enqueue(&queue, 5);
     printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
     printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
     return 0;
   }
   Answer
   1234
                                                                   Marks: 1/1
   Status: Correct
   8. What will be the output of the following code?
   #include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
   #define MAX_SIZE 5
   typedef struct {
     int* arr;
     int front:
     int rear;
     int size;
  } Queue;
Queue* createQueue() {
     Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
     queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
     queue->front = -1;
     queue->rear = -1;
     queue->size = 0;
     return queue;
   int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {
     return (queue->size == 0);
   int main() {
     Queue* queue = createQueue();
```

```
printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
return 0;
    Answer
    Is the queue empty? 1
    Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
    9. What are the applications of dequeue?
    Answer
    All the mentioned options
    Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/
    10. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?
    public void function(Object item)
      Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
      if(isEmpty())
        head.setNext(temp);
       temp.setNext(trail);
      else
        Node cur=head.getNext();
        while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
          cur=cur.getNext();
        cur.setNext(temp);
      size++;
Answer
```

Insert at the rear end of the dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain?

Answer

The address of the first element

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue?

Answer

First In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an array-based queue?

Answer

Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

public Object deleteFront() throws emptyDEQException(if(isEmpty())throw new emptyDEQException("Empty");else{Node temp = head getNeytOrNead temp;Object e = temp getEl Or temp;Object e = temp.getEle();head.setNext(cur);size--;return e;}}

Marks: 0/1 Status: Wrong

16. What will the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
 #include <stdlib.h>
 typedef struct {
  int* arr;
   int front:
   int rear:
   int size:
 } Queue:
 Queue* createQueue() {
   Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
   queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
   queue->front = 0;
   queue->rear = -1;
   queue->size = 0;
   return queue;
int main() {
   Queue* queue = createQueue();
   printf("%d", queue->size);
   return 0;
 }
 Answer
 0
 Status: Correct
```

Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as

Marks: 1/1

Answer

Enqueue and Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX_SIZE, gets full when

Answer

Rear = MAX_SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a non-empty queue?

Answer

Only rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

Answer

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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