



Defending against power analysis by balancing binary values a compiler based approach

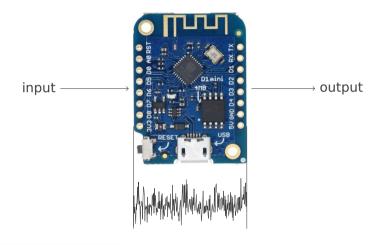
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Overview

Content

- Power analysis
- Approach
- Arithmetic
- Compiler Pass
- Results
- Future Work

Platform



https://www.tinytronics.nl/shop/en/communication/wemos-d1-mini-v3-esp8266-ch340

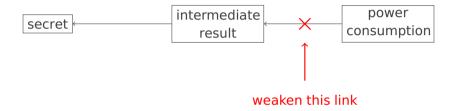
Power analysis

Power analysis cont.

Power analysis cont.

Power analysis cont.

Approach



Working assumption

Power consumption is proportional to Hamming weight

Approach cont.

constant Hamming weight \rightarrow constant power consumption

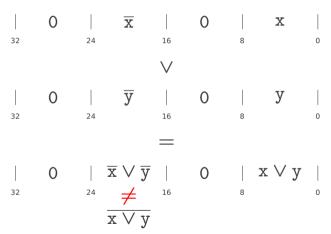
char:



balanced char:

Arithmetic

Regular operators will not work:



Arithmetic cont.

Find replacements for:

- ORR
- AND
- XOR
- ADD
- SUB
- MUL
- SHIFTS
- DIV
- REM

Arithmetic cont.

Find replacements for:

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Verifying the arithmetic

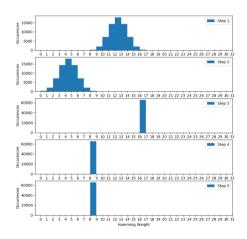
Perform exhaustive search of the input space:

```
m = MultiStepOperation([
  BinaryOperation(0, 1,
       lambda \times, \vee: \times | \vee),
  BinaryOperation(0, 1,
       lambda x, y: x \& y),
  BinaryOperation(2, 3,
       lambda x, y: x | (y << wordsize)),</pre>
  UnaryOperation(4,
       lambda x: x & scheme2 filter),
  Convert 2 1(5)
```

Verifying the arithmetic

Perform exhaustive search of the input space:

```
m = MultiStepOperation([
  BinaryOperation(0, 1,
      lambda x, y: x \mid y),
  BinaryOperation(0, 1,
      lambda x, y: x \& y),
  BinaryOperation(2, 3,
      lambda x, y: x | (y << wordsize)),
  UnaryOperation(4,
      lambda x: x & scheme2 filter),
  Convert 2 1(5)
```



Applying the changes

Possibilities for automatic balancing:

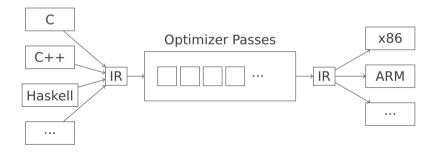
- Transform source
- During compilation

Applying the changes

Possibilities for automatic balancing:

- Transform source
- During compilation

LLVM:

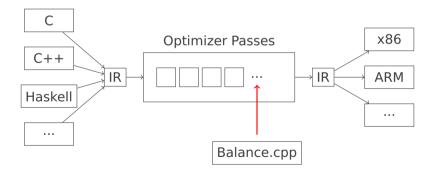


Applying the changes

Possibilities for automatic balancing:

- Transform source
- During compilation

LLVM:



Optimizer Pass

Transforms:

- function arguments
- allocations
- stores
- loads
- casts
- binary operators
- getElementPtr
- compares
- returns
- function calls

Optimizer Pass

Transforms:

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- binary operators
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- function calls

```
void balanceLoad(LoadInst *load,
    IRBuilder⇔ builder.
    vector<Instruction *> &to remove,
    unordered set<Value *> &balanced values) {
  if (balanced values
      .count(load->getPointerOperand())) {
    auto *new load = builder
        .CreateLoad(load->getPointerOperand());
    load—>replaceAllUsesWith(new load);
    balanced values.insert(new load);
    to remove.push back(load);
    return:
```

Optimizer Pass cont.

```
%2 = alloca i8, align 1
store i8 %0, i8* %2, align 1
\%3 = load i8, i8 * \%2, align 1
\%4 = zext i8 \%3 to i32
%5 = shl i32 %4. 1
\%6 = load i8, i8* \%2, align 1
\%7 = zext i8 \%6 to i32
%8 = ashr i32 \%7.7
\%9 = and i32 \%8.1
%10 = mul nsw i32 %9. 27
%11 = xor i32 \%5. \%10
\%12 = trunc i32 \%11 to i8
ret i8 %12
```

```
%2 = alloca i32
store i32 %0, i32* %2, align 1
\%3 = load i32, i32* \%2
%4 = call i32
  @balanced shl(i32 %3, i32 0xfe0001)
\%5 = load i32 . i32 * \%2
\%6 = call i32
  @balanced ashr(i32 %5, i32 0xf80007)
\%7 = call i32
  @balanced and(i32 %6, i32 0xfe0001)
\%8 = call i32
  @balanced mul(i32 %7, i32 0xe4001b)
\%9 = call i32
  @balanced xor(i32 %4, i32 %8)
ret i32 %9
```

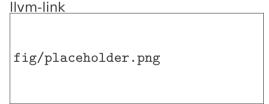
Binary operators

written as C functions
linked into same module
llvm operators changed to calls

Tradeoff

- + simplicity
- + modularity
- + small binaries
- (currently) on inlining
- overhead

rtlib.c fig/placeholder.png



Balance.cpp

£: -/--1 - - - 1 - - - - - - -

Evaluation

How to generate "virtual" power traces?

Qemu alone

- + fast
- wrong resolution

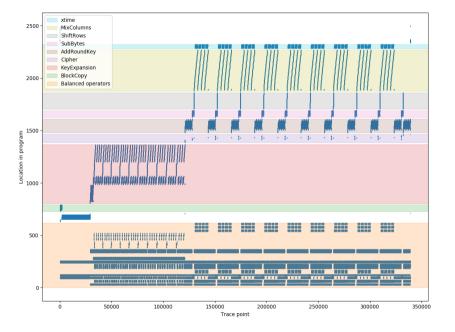
Qemu + gdb

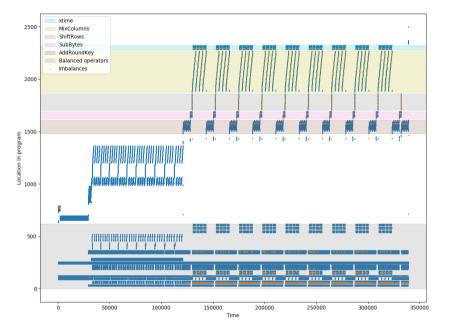
- + correct resolution
- + includes program location information
- very slow

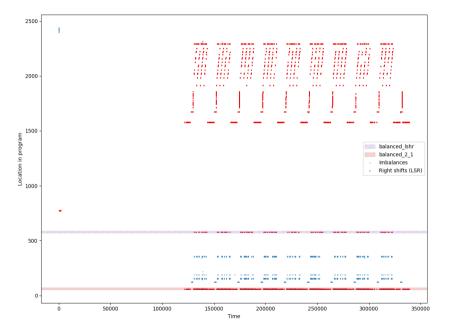
Execute instruction by instruction, dump registers every time

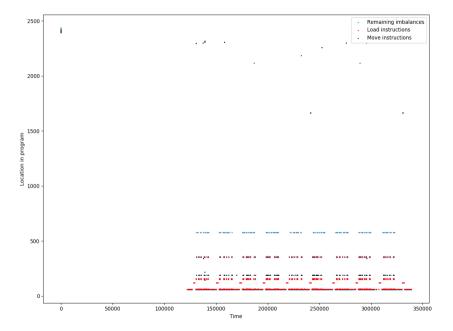
Results

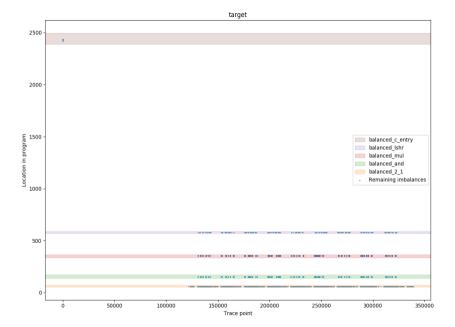
	AES	
	unbalanced	balanced
No. of instructions	22 876	339 168
Relative increase	1	14.888
Balanced operations	20 571	334 521
Unbalanced operations	2211	4647
Balancedness	0.903	0.986
Code size	76 KB	78 KB











Results cont.

	AES	
	unbalanced	balanced
No. of instructions	22 876	339 168
Relative increase	1	14.888
Balanced operations	20 571	337 852
Unbalanced operations	2211	1316
Balancedness	0.903	0.996
Code size	76 KB	78 KB

Note: no filtering applied to unbalanced variant

Future work

Same idea with different methods:

- Test on actual hardware
- Balance globals
- Mark balancing targets
- Move balancing to type system

Different ideas with same method:

- Other power analysis defenses
- Control flow randomization
- Move more security tools to LLVM

Conclusion