a.

-	a) $g(v_1 + v_2 \geq_1 + v_2 \geq_2) = g(g(x_0 \cdot w_1) \cdot w_2)$
	V, + V2 Z, + V2 Zz = g(X, W,), W2
	VI VEEL VEEL 9 TO THE STANDARD AND A STANDARD A STANDARD AND A STA
	Chistolic ping diet
	X·w, = [X, Xz] · [w, wz]
-	W ₃ W ₄
	[W5 W6]
	= [W, + W3 X, + W5 X2 W2+W4X, +W6X2]
	add intercept for y(x·w,)
	$g(x,w_1)=[1 w_1+w_2x_1+w_5x_2 w_2+w_4x_1+w_6x_2]$
	$q(x,w_1) \cdot w_2 = [w_1 + w_3 x_1 + w_5 x_2 w_2 + w_4 x_1 + w_6 x_2] \cdot V_1 $
	$g(x \cdot w_1) \cdot w_2 = V_1 + (w_1 + w_3 x_1 + w_5 x_2) V_2 + (w_2 + w_4 x_1 + w_6 x_2) V_3$
-	21 22

b.

b)
$$g(x) = X$$

$$x = V_1 + (w_1 + w_3 \times_1 + w_5 \times_2) v_2 + (w_2 + w_4 \times_1 + w_6 \times_2) v_3$$

$$= V_1 + w_1 V_2 + X_1 w_2 V_2 + X_2 w_5 V_2 + w_2 V_3 + X_4 w_4 V_3 + X_2 w_6 V_3$$

$$= I(V_1 + w_1 V_2 + w_2 V_3) + X_1(w_2 V_2 + w_4 V_3) + X_2(w_5 V_2 + w_6 V_3)$$

$$g(x) = g((V_1 + w_1 V_2 + w_2 V_3) + X_1(w_2 V_2 + w_4 V_3) + X_2(w_5 V_2 + w_6 V_3)$$

c. Since MLP can be used and solved in a linear activation function it has better expressivity than it's singular linear counterpart.

d.

$$\frac{d}{d} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

$$\frac{g(V_{1} + Z_{1}V_{2} + Z_{2}V_{3})}{1 + e^{-(V_{1} + Z_{1}V_{2} + Z_{2}V_{3})}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + e^{-(V_{1} + Z_{1}V_{2} + Z_{2}V_{3})}}$$

$$\frac{1}{g(x)} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(V_{1} + Z_{1}V_{2} + Z_{2}V_{3})}}$$

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Not solvable because you can not find a clear solution for g(x) with the exponential.

- e. Because the MLP expression is not solvable, the expressive power is not as good as the single sigmoid perceptron.
- f. The activation function must be differentiable so that you can go backwards within the model. It also must be nonlinear so that it can shape to curves.