

FASTA FILES HONORS PROJECT

Alyssandra M. Cordero

05/10/2019

Listing 1: PatternMatch Class - Sequence 1

```
1  /*****
2  * The PatternMatch class has the purpose of finding at what shift a ↵
   certain pattern is found inside of a
3  * FAFSA sequence.
4  *****/
5  public class PatternMatch{
6      public static void main(String [] args){
7          char [] textA; //textA char[] declaration.
8          char [] patternA; //patternA char[] declaration.
9          //String text that contains the FAFSA sequence.
10         String text = " ↵
            GTTCTGGACGTACTGTGTCAGTGTGTCGATACCCCGGCGCATATCGACGGGTTTTACGACCAGGAATACG"+
11         "TTATCAGGCGTCAGCATGGCGAAGAGCCCGGAAAACATCGTTAACTGAGAAGGCTGGCAGCACATCCGG"+
12         "ATACCTCCGGGAAGGAAAAGTGTGACAGGCTCATCCGACAATGGTCTGCCATCAGCCATACCGGGAGCGC"+
13         "CAGACACTGAACTGGAATAATTTAGGTGCTCTGGCTCGTTTTTCGGCTTTTGCACATCCTGCGGCCA";
14         //String pattern that contains the pattern to find in the sequence.
15         String pattern = "GGC";
16         //textA array initialization.
17         textA = store(text);
18         //patternA array initialization.
19         patternA = store(pattern);
20         System.out.println("Pattern occurs at shift:"+ boyerMooreSA(patternA, ↵
            textA)); //boyerMooreSA method call.
21     }
22     /*****
23     * The store method, store a String into a char array.
24     * @param s The String with the element to store in the array.
25     * @return output char[] with the chars of the s.
26     *****/
27     public static char[] store(String s){
28         char [] output = new char [s.length()]; //output initialization.
29         //for loop that goes trough the char [] storing each character of the ↵
            String into each [] position.
30         for(int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++){
31             output[i] = s.charAt(i);
32         }
33         return output;
34     }
35     /*****
```

```

36  * The boyerMooreSA method is used to find the shift position of a ↵
    pattern inside a sequence.
37  * @param pattern char[] that contains the pattern to look for in the ↵
    sequence.
38  * @param text char[] that contains the characters of the text file ↵
    that contains the sequence.
39  * @return i that is the shift where the pattern was found.
40  * @return -1 if the pattern was not found in the sequence.
41  *****/
42 public static int boyerMooreSA(char[] pattern, char[] text){
43     int patternSize = pattern.length; //The patternSize variable contains ↵
        the length of the pattern array.
44     int textSize = text.length; //The textSize variable contains the ↵
        length of the text array.
45     int i = 0, j = 0; // i and j initialization.
46
47     while((i+patternSize) <= textSize){ //Keep looping until textSize > ↵
        (i+patternSize).
48         j = patternSize - 1; //Initialize j to patternSize -1.
49         while (text [i + j] == pattern[j]){ //Keep looping until text [i+j] ↵
            == pattern[j].
50             j--; //While (text[i+j] == pattern) keep ↵
                decrementing j.
51             if(j < 0) //if(j < 0) return counter.
52                 return i;
53         }
54         i++; //increment counter.
55     }
56     return -1; //return -1 (pattern not found).
57 }
58 }

```

Listing 2: PatternMatch Class - Sequence 2

```

1  /*****
2  * The PatternMatch2 class has the purpose of finding at what shift a ↵
    certain pattern is found inside of a
3  * FAFSA sequence.
4  *****/
5  public class PatternMatch2{
6      public static void main(String [] args){
7          char [] textA; //textA char[] declaration.
8          char [] patternA; //patternA char[] declaration.
9          //String text that contains the FAFSA sequence.
10         String text = ↵
            "QIKDLLVSSSTDLDTTLLVLVNAIYFKGMWKTAFNAEDTREMPFHVTKQESKPVQMMCMNNSFNVATLPAE"+
11         "KMKILELPFASGDLMLVLLPDEVSDLERIEKTINFEKLTWNTNPNTMEKRRVKVYLPQMKIEEKYNLTS"+

```

```

12     "VLMALGMTDLFIPSANLTGISSAESLKISQAVHGAFMESEDGIEMAGSTGVIEDIKHSPESQFRADHP"+
13     "FLFLIKHNPTNTIVYFGRYWSP";
14     //String pattern that contains the pattern to find in the sequence.
15     String pattern = "DLE";
16     //textA array initialization.
17     textA = store(text);
18     //patternA array initialization.
19     patternA = store(pattern);
20     System.out.println("Pattern occurs at shift:"+ boyerMooreSA(patternA, ↵
        textA)); //boyerMooreSA method call.
21 }
22 /*****
23  * The store method, store a String into a char array.
24  * @param s The String with the element to store in the array.
25  * @return output char[] with the chars of the s.
26  *****/
27 public static char[] store(String s){
28     char [] output = new char [s.length()]; //output initialization.
29     //for loop that goes through the char [] storing each character of the ↵
        String into each [] position.
30     for(int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++){
31         output[i] = s.charAt(i);
32     }
33     return output;
34 }
35 /*****
36  * The boyerMooreSA method is used to find the shift position of a ↵
        pattern inside a sequence.
37  * @param pattern char[] that contains the pattern to look for in the ↵
        sequence.
38  * @param text char[] that contains the characters of the text file ↵
        that contains the sequence.
39  * @return i that is the shift where the pattern was found.
40  * @return -1 if the pattern was not found in the sequence.
41  *****/
42 public static int boyerMooreSA(char[] pattern, char[] text){
43     int patternSize = pattern.length; //The patternSize variable contains ↵
        the length of the pattern array.
44     int textSize = text.length; //The textSize variable contains the ↵
        length of the text array.
45     int i = 0, j = 0; // i and j initialization.
46
47     while((i+patternSize) <= textSize){ //Keep looping until textSize > ↵
        (i+patternSize).
48         j = patternSize - 1; //Initialize j to patternSize -1.
49         while (text [i + j] == pattern[j]){ //Keep looping until text [i+j] ↵
            == pattern[j].

```

```

50     j--;                                //While (text[i+j] == pattern) keep ↵
        decrementing j.
51     if(j < 0)                            //if(j < 0) return counter.
52         return i;
53     }
54     i++;                                //increment counter.
55 }
56 return -1;                              //return -1 (pattern not found).
57 }
58 }

```

Listing 3: PatternMatch3 Class

```

1  /*****
2  * The PatternMatch3 class has the purpose of finding at what shift a ↵
    certain pattern is found inside of a
3  * FAFSA sequence.
4  *****/
5  public class PatternMatch3{
6      public static void main(String [] args){
7          char [] textA; //textA char[] declaration.
8          char [] patternA; //patternA char[] declaration.
9          //String text that contains the FAFSA sequence.
10         String text = ↵
            "MDSKGSSQKGSRLLLLVSNNLLCQGVVSTPVCNPGPGNCQVSLRDLFDRAVMVSHYIHDLS"+
11         "EMFNEFDKRYAQKGFIITMALNSCHTSSLPTPEDKEQAQQTTHHEVLMSLILGLLRSWNDPLYHL"+
12         "VTEVRGMKGAPDAILSRRAIEIEEENKRLLGEMEMIFGQVIPGAKETEPYPVWSGLPSLQTKDED"+
13         "ARYSAFYNNLLHCLRRDSSKIDTYLKNCRRIYNNNC";
14         //String pattern that contains the pattern to find in the sequence.
15         String pattern = "LLL";
16         //textA array initialization.
17         textA = store(text);
18         //patternA array initialization.
19         patternA = store(pattern);
20         System.out.println("Pattern occurs at shift:"+ boyerMooreSA(patternA, ↵
            textA)); //boyerMooreSA method call.
21     }
22     /*****
23     * The store method, store a String into a char array.
24     * @param s The String with the element to store in the array.
25     * @return output char[] with the chars of the s.
26     *****/
27     public static char[] store(String s){
28         char [] output = new char [s.length()]; //output initialization.
29         //for loop that goes through the char [] storing each character of the ↵
            String into each [] position.
30         for(int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++){

```

```

31     output[i] = s.charAt(i);
32 }
33 return output;
34 }
35 /*****
36  * The boyerMooreSA method is used to find the shift position of a ↵
    pattern inside a sequence.
37  * @param pattern char[] that contains the pattern to look for in the ↵
    sequence.
38  * @param text char[] that contains the characters of the text file ↵
    that contains the sequence.
39  * @return i that is the shift where the pattern was found.
40  * @return -1 if the pattern was not found in the sequence.
41  *****/
42 public static int boyerMooreSA(char[] pattern, char[] text){
43     int patternSize = pattern.length; //The patternSize variable contains ↵
    the lenght of the pattern array.
44     int textSize = text.length; //The textSize variable contains the ↵
    lenght of the text array.
45     int i = 0, j = 0; // i and j initialization.
46
47     while((i+patternSize) <= textSize){ //Keep looping until textSize > ↵
        (i+patternSize).
48         j = patternSize - 1; //Initialize j to patternSize -1.
49         while (text [i + j] == pattern[j]){ //Keep looping until text [i+j] ↵
            == pattern[j].
50             j--; //While (text[i+j] == pattern) keep ↵
                decrementing j.
51             if(j < 0) //if(j < 0) return counter.
52                 return i;
53         }
54         i++; //increment counter.
55     }
56     return -1; //retun -1 (pattern not found).
57 }
58 }

```

Listing 4: PatternMatch4 Class

```

1 /*****
2  * The PatternMatch4 class has the purpose of finding at what shift a ↵
    certain pattern is found inside of a
3  * FAFSA sequence.
4  *****/
5 public class PatternMatch4{
6     public static void main(String [] args){
7         char [] textA; //textA char[] declaration.

```

```

8     char [] patternA; //patternA char[] declaration.
9     //String text that contains the FAFSA sequence.
10    String text = " ↵
        ADQLTEEQIAEFKEAFSLFDKDGDTITTKELGTVMRS LGQNPTAE LQDMINEVDADNGNGTID"+
11    "FPEFLTMMARKMKD TDSEEEIREAFRVFDKDGNGYISAAELRHVMTNLGEKLTDEEVDEMIREA"+
12    "DIDGDGQVNYEEFVQMMTAK";
13    //String pattern that contains the pattern to find in the sequence.
14    String pattern = "QLT";
15    //textA array initialization.
16    textA = store(text);
17    //patternA array initialization.
18    patternA = store(pattern);
19    System.out.println("Pattern occurs at shift:" + boyerMooreSA(patternA, ↵
        textA)); //boyerMooreSA method call.
20 }
21 /*****
22  * The store method, store a String into a char array.
23  * @param s The String with the element to store in the array.
24  * @return output char[] with the chars of the s.
25  *****/
26 public static char[] store(String s){
27     char [] output = new char [s.length()]; //output initialization.
28     //for loop that goes trough the char [] storing each character of the ↵
        String into each [] position.
29     for(int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++){
30         output[i] = s.charAt(i);
31     }
32     return output;
33 }
34 /*****
35  * The boyerMooreSA method is used to find the shift position of a ↵
        pattern inside a sequence.
36  * @param pattern char[] that contains the pattern to look for in the ↵
        sequence.
37  * @param text char[] that contains the characters of the text file ↵
        that contains the sequence.
38  * @return i that is the shift where the pattern was found.
39  * @return -1 if the pattern was not found in the sequence.
40  *****/
41 public static int boyerMooreSA(char[] pattern, char[] text){
42     int patternSize = pattern.length; //The patternSize variable contains ↵
        the lenght of the pattern array.
43     int textSize = text.length; //The textSize variable contains the ↵
        lenght of the text array.
44     int i = 0, j = 0; // i and j initialization.
45
46     while((i+patternSize) <= textSize){ //Keep looping until textSize > ↵

```

```

        (i+patternSize).
47     j = patternSize - 1;           //Initialize j to patternSize -1.
48     while (text [i + j] == pattern[j]){ //Keep looping until text [i+j] ←
        == pattern[j].
49         j--;                       //While (text[i+j] == pattern) keep ←
            decrementing j.
50         if(j < 0)                   //if(j < 0) return counter.
51             return i;
52     }
53     i++;                           //increment counter.
54 }
55 return -1;                         //return -1 (pattern not found).
56 }
57 }

```

Listing 5: PatternMatch5 Class

```

1  /*****
2  * The PatternMatch5 class has the purpose of finding at what shift a ←
   certain pattern is found inside of a
3  * FAFSA sequence.
4  *****/
5  public class PatternMatch5{
6      public static void main(String [] args){
7          char [] textA; //textA char[] declaration.
8          char [] patternA; //patternA char[] declaration.
9          //String text that contains the FAFSA sequence.
10         String text = " ←
            LCLYTHIGRNIYYGSYLYSETWNTGIMLLITMATAFMGYVLPWGQMSFWGATVITNLFSAIPYIGTNLV"+
11         "EWIWGGFSVDKATLNRFFAFHFILPFTMVALAGVHLTFLHETGSNNPLGLTSDSDKIPFHPYYTIKDFLG"+
12         "LLILILLLLLLALLSPDMLGDPDNHMPADPLNTPLHIKPEWYFLFAYAILRSVPNKLGGVLALFLSIVIL"+
13         "GLMPFLHTSKHRSMMLRPLSQALFWTLTMDLLTLTWIGSQPVEYPYTIIGQMASILYFSIILAFLPIAGX";
14         //String pattern that contains the pattern to find in the sequence.
15         String pattern = "CLY";
16         //textA array initialization.
17         textA = store(text);
18         //patternA array initialization.
19         patternA = store(pattern);
20         System.out.println("Pattern occurs at shift:"+ boyerMooreSA(patternA, ←
            textA)); //boyerMooreSA method call.
21     }
22     /*****
23     * The store method, store a String into a char array.
24     * @param s The String with the element to store in the array.
25     * @return output char[] with the chars of the s.
26     *****/
27     public static char[] store(String s){

```

```

28     char [] output = new char [s.length()]; //output initialization.
29     //for loop that goes through the char [] storing each character of the ↵
        String into each [] position.
30     for(int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++){
31         output[i] = s.charAt(i);
32     }
33     return output;
34 }
35 /*****
36  * The boyerMooreSA method is used to find the shift position of a ↵
        pattern inside a sequence.
37  * @param pattern char[] that contains the pattern to look for in the ↵
        sequence.
38  * @param text char[] that contains the characters of the text file ↵
        that contains the sequence.
39  * @return i that is the shift where the pattern was found.
40  * @return -1 if the pattern was not found in the sequence.
41  *****/
42 public static int boyerMooreSA(char[] pattern, char[] text){
43     int patternSize = pattern.length; //The patternSize variable contains ↵
        the length of the pattern array.
44     int textSize = text.length; //The textSize variable contains the ↵
        length of the text array.
45     int i = 0, j = 0; // i and j initialization.
46
47     while((i+patternSize) <= textSize){ //Keep looping until textSize > ↵
        (i+patternSize).
48         j = patternSize - 1; //Initialize j to patternSize -1.
49         while (text [i + j] == pattern[j]){ //Keep looping until text [i+j] ↵
            == pattern[j].
50             j--; //While (text[i+j] == pattern) keep ↵
                decrementing j.
51             if(j < 0) //if(j < 0) return counter.
52                 return i;
53         }
54         i++; //increment counter.
55     }
56     return -1; //return -1 (pattern not found).
57 }
58 }

```

Listing 6: LookingForMutation Class

```

1 /*****
2  * The LookingForMutation class is designed to find a mutation pattern ↵
        on a file with a FAFSA sequence.
3  *****/

```



```

4 import java.io.*;                                //io library to handle ↵
    files.
5 import java.util.Scanner;                        //Scanner library for the ↵
    file Scanner.
6 public class LookingForMutation{
7     public static void main(String [] args) throws IOException{
8
9         String fileName = "TW_mouse_mutation.txt"; //String variable fileName ↵
            that holds the name of the file.
10        File file = new File(fileName);
11        Scanner inputFile = new Scanner(file);      //Scanner inputFile to go ↵
            through the file.
12        char [] textA;                             //textA array ↵
            initialization.
13        char [] patternA;                          //patternA array ↵
            initialization.
14
15        String text = "";                          //String text ↵
            initialization .
16        String line = inputFile.nextLine();
17        while(inputFile.hasNext()){ //while loop that goes trugh the file ↵
            until the file does not have a next line.
18            text += line;                          //Store each line of the .txt file in the ↵
                String text by concatenation.
19            line = inputFile.nextLine();
20        }
21        text += line;                              //Read the last lane of the file.
22        inputFile.close();                         //Close the file.
23
24        String pattern = "GCA";                    //String pattern that holds the ↵
            pattern.
25        //Text array initialization. Stores each character of the text file in ↵
            a position of the array.
26        textA = store(text);
27        //Pattern array initialization. Stores each character of the pattern ↵
            in a position of the array.
28        patternA = store(pattern);
29        System.out.println("Pattern occurs at shift:"+boyerMooreSA(patternA, ↵
            textA)); //boyerMooreSA method call.
30    }
31    /*****
32     * The store method, store a String into a char array.
33     * @param s The String with the element to store in the array.
34     * @return output char[] with the chars of the s.
35     *****/
36    public static char[] store(String s){
37        char [] output = new char [s.length()]; //output initialization.

```

```

38     //for loop that goes through the char [] storing each character of the ↵
        String into each [] position.
39     for(int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++){
40         output[i] = s.charAt(i);
41     }
42     return output;
43 }
44 /*****
45  * The boyerMooreSA method is used to find the shift position of a ↵
        pattern inside a sequence.
46  * @param pattern char[] that contains the pattern to look for in the ↵
        sequence.
47  * @param text char[] that contains the characters of the text file ↵
        that contains the sequence.
48  * @return i that is the shift where the pattern was found.
49  * @return -1 if the pattern was not found in the sequence.
50  *****/
51 public static int boyerMooreSA(char[] pattern, char[] text){
52     int patternSize = pattern.length; //The patternSize variable contains ↵
        the length of the pattern array.
53     int textSize = text.length; //The textSize variable contains the ↵
        length of the text array.
54     int i = 0, j = 0; // i and j initialization.
55
56     while((i+patternSize) <= textSize){ //Keep looping until textSize > ↵
        (i+patternSize).
57         j = patternSize - 1; //Initialize j to patternSize -1.
58         while (text [i + j] == pattern[j]){ //Keep looping until text [i+j] ↵
            == pattern[j].
59             j--; //While (text[i+j] == pattern) keep ↵
                decrementing j.
60             if(j < 0) //if(j < 0) return counter.
61                 return i;
62         }
63         i++; //increment counter.
64     }
65     return -1; //return -1 (pattern not found).
66 }
67 }

```
