# **Detained U.S. Child Migrants - Overview**

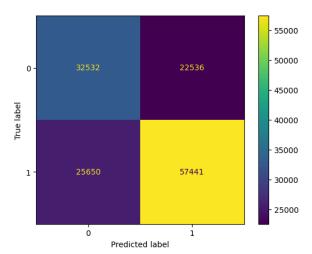
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#### **Problem Overview**

Unaccompanied child migrants to the United States who have been forced out of their native countries by war, or are lured in by better opportunities, are often detained by the **Office of Refugee Settlement** by the U.S.-Mexico border. Despite the court regulation that aims to release children to family sponsors within 20 days, **long detainment periods still remain a concern** within unaccompanied child migrants.

## **Project Objective**

The New York Times has released data on unaccompanied child migrants from the **U.S. Department of Human Health and Services.** A machine learning model has been created to predict what makes a child more likely to stay detained for longer than 20 days based on this data.



#### **Model Results**

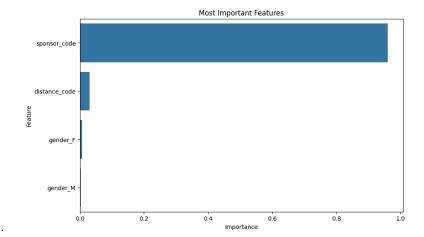
A tree-based model was fitted based on the roc\_auc metric to obtain the most readable results. The outcome variable **long\_detainment** boolean variable (0 = false, 1 = true) was created in advance based on the entry and release dates of each child.

The confusion matrix on the left reveals that the model's predictions are **65% accurate**. Other metrics of concern include a precision of 71%, recall of 70%, F1 score of 71%, and AUC of 68%.

## **Most Important Features**

According to the model, the sponsor's type of relationship with the child **impacts their detainment time by 96**%. Less detainment time is likely if a parent or legal guardian sponsors their release, as opposed to a more distant family member.

It's possible that the child's native country's distance from the U.S. has more of an impact that may be demonstrated by a future model. Its current influence on detainment time is 3%.



### **Next Steps**

For a more accurate model, we may consider trying complex models for comparison, like a random tree model, that may properly deal with any outliers and make features like the distance from the U.S. play a bigger role than what was demonstrated here. As for the model itself, **data leakage is still a concern.** Either metric may dramatically increase or decrease with future tests, which depends on the processing power of the computer being used. In this case, more project revisions may be necessary.