

**Q 3.(CLO4)**

**(4Marks)**

Complete the following C++ program that converts time from 24-hours format into 12-hours format. For example, the program should display the converted time on the screen with the message: "the converted time is" and whether it is "am" or "pm".  
(Note: consider all possible cases, and follow the sample outputs)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

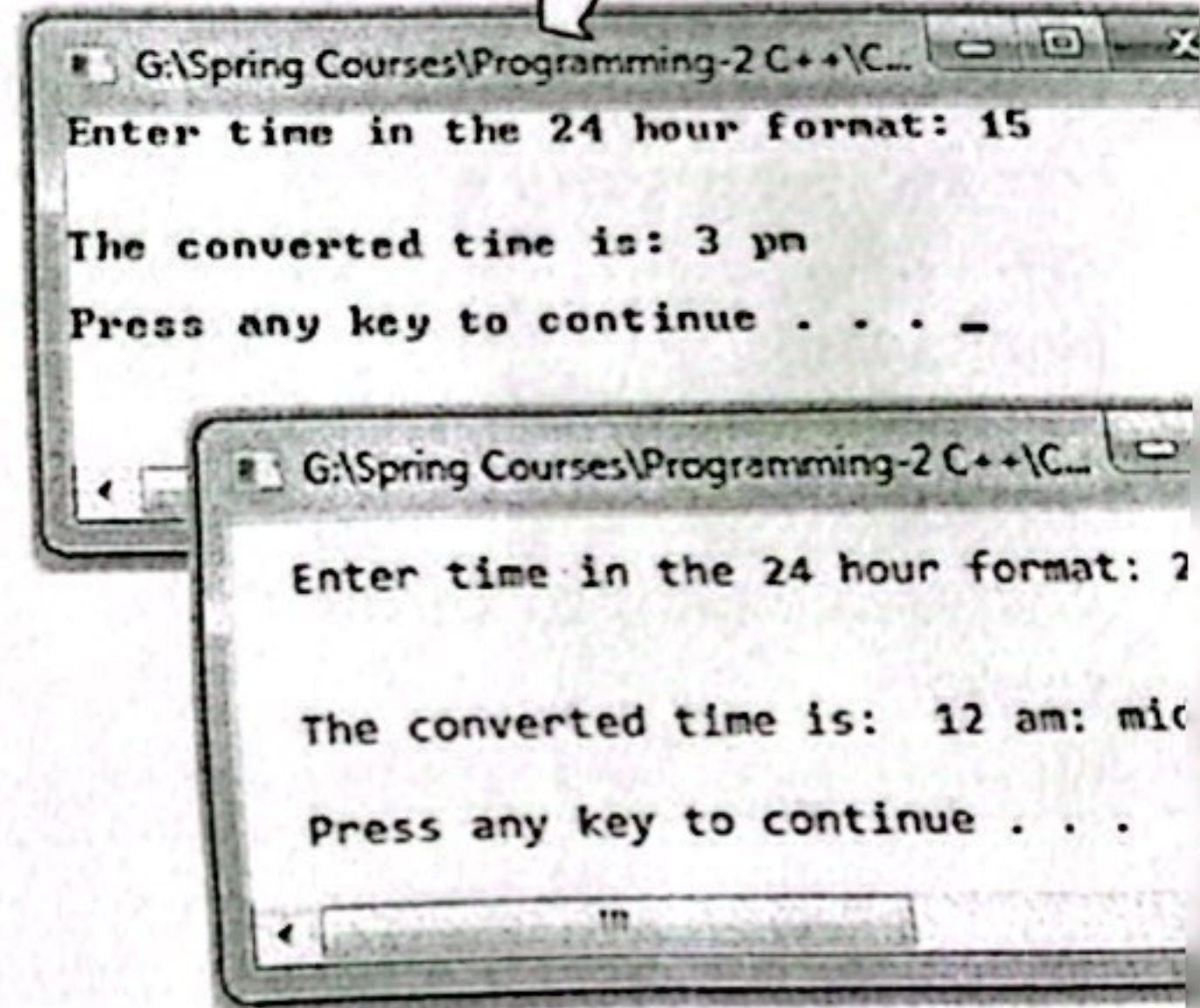
int main()

int hrs;

cout << "Enter time in the 24 hour format: ";
cin >> hrs;

cout<<endl;
```

**Sample Outputs:**



```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
    int time;

    cout<<"Enter time in the 24 hour format : ";
    cin>>time;

    if(time >0 && time < 12){

        cout<<"the converted time is : "<<time<<" am";
    }

    else if(time >= 12 && time <= 24){
        if(time == 12){
            cout<<"the converted time is : "<<time<<" pm";
        }

        else if(time == 24){
            time = time - 12;
            cout<<"the converted time is : "<<time<<" am : mid night";
        }
        else
        {
            time = time - 12;
            cout<<"the converted time is : "<<time<<" pm";
        }
    }

    return 0;}
```



- i. Suppose that the user input is  $x=0$  and  $y=12$ . What is the screen output after the following C++ program executes?

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
    int x=0,y=0;
```

```
    cout<<"Enter X and Y: ";
```

```
    cin>>x>>y;
```

```
    cout<<endl;
```

```
    if (x==0)
```

```
        cout<<"X equals to Zero"
        <<endl;
```

```
    if (x>5);
```

```
        cout<<"X is greater than 5"<<endl;
```

```
    if (y==10)
```

```
        cout<<"Y equals to 10"<<endl;
```

```
    if (y>10)
```

```
        cout<<"Y is greater than 10"<<endl;
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Enter X and Y: 0 12

X is equal to Zero

X is greater than 5

Y is greater than 10

- . Suppose that we want to compare two integers X and Y, entered by the user as shown, use Switch only, not IF, to write a program segment to accomplish this task.

```
switch (
{
```

```
switch(x >= y){
```

```
    case true:cout<<"X is greater than or equal Y";
    break;
```

```
    case false:cout<<"Y is greater than or equal X";
    break;
```

```
}
```

```
} //End-Switch
```

Enter X and Y: 5 3

X is greater than or equals to y

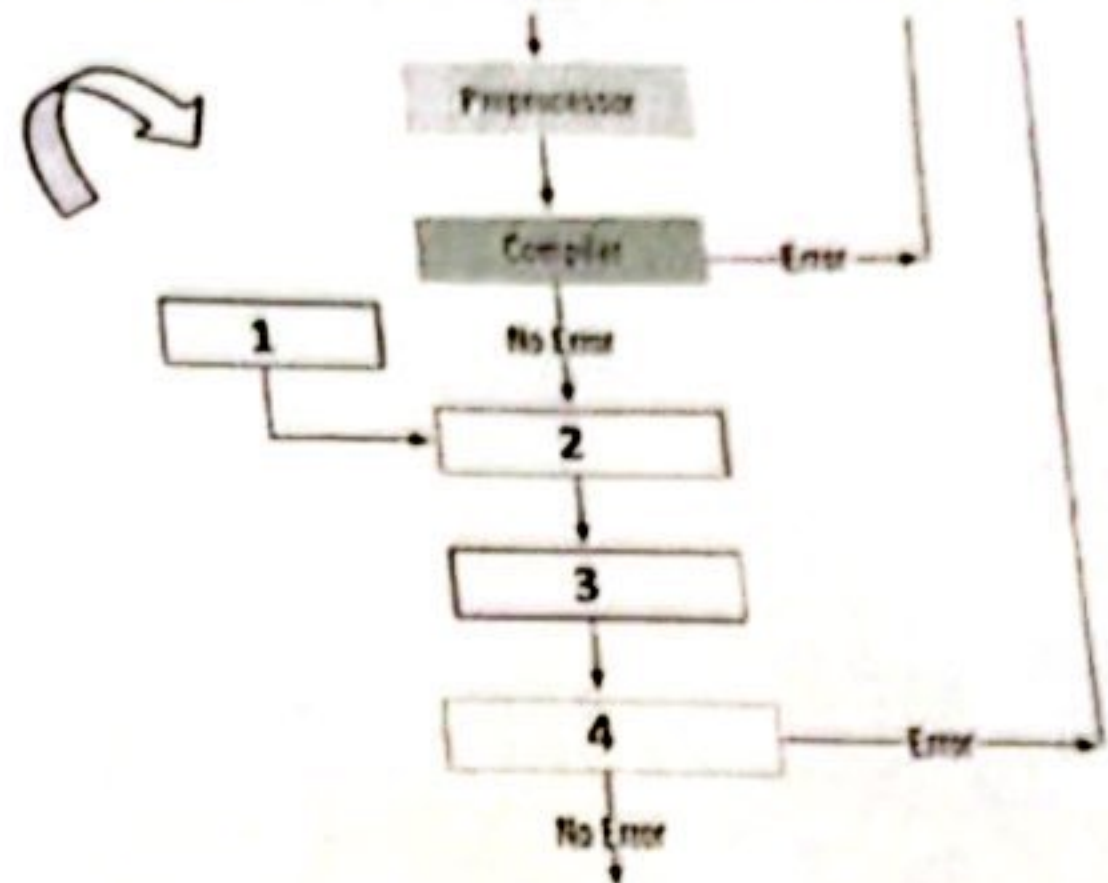
Press any key to continue . . .



**Q1. (CLO1)**

**(10Marks)**

- i. Given the following diagram for part of the Problem Analysis–Coding–Execution cycle, complete the following lines to show the details of the machine-role in that cycle:



1. .... Library
2. .... linker
3. .... loader
4. .... Execution

- ii. Given the following definitions in column-1, write the entity that best describes each definition in column-2:

**Choice Words:**

{ flowchart, assembly, variable, linker, application-program, computer-program, constant, syntax, programming, programming-language, system-program, algorithm, compiler, loader, semantics, assembler }

Column-1	Column-2
1. A memory location whose content can't change during execution	constant
2. A set of rules, symbols, and special words	programming language
3. A graphical representation of an algorithm	flowchart
4. A program that takes control of the computer, such as an operating system	system program
5. The process of using planning to solve the problem, and then creating a program	programming
6. Rules that specify which statements are legal	syntax