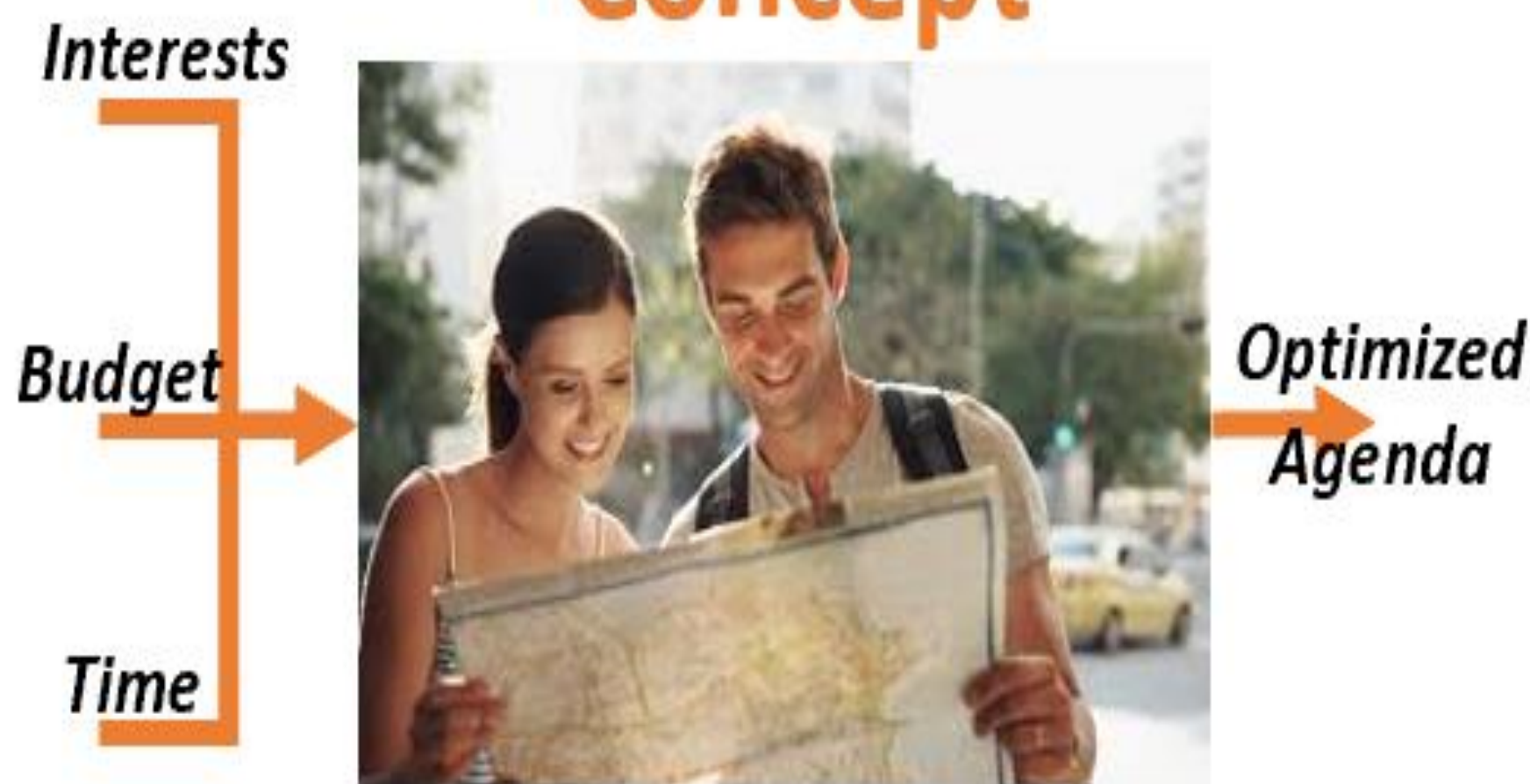
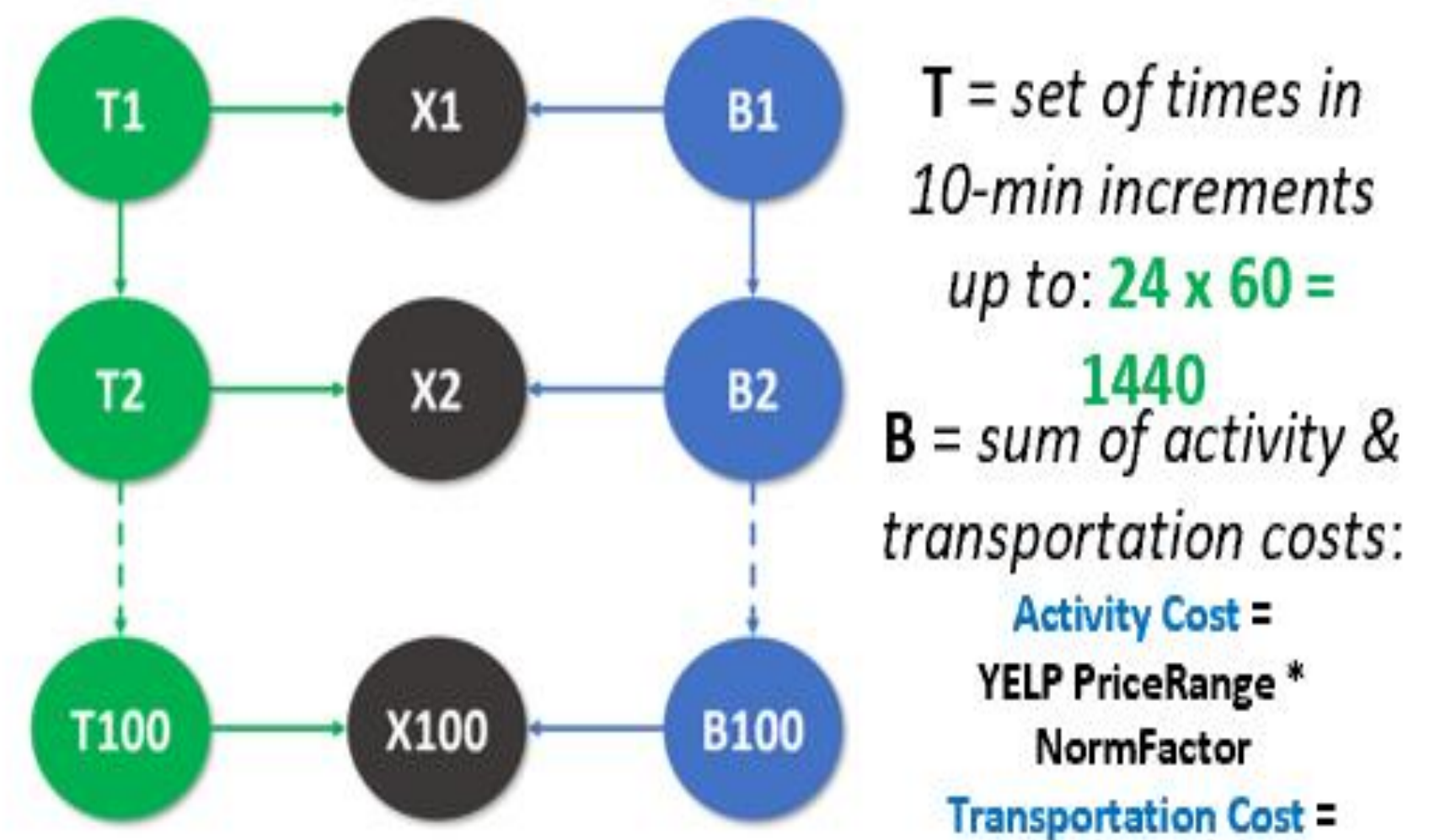


Concept



"Day-Of SMART Concierge"

Time, Budget = CSP



Task Definition

The Itinerary Optimization problem can be formulated as follows:
Database includes the following information.

Database_i = {

- i : Number of the event
- N_i : Name of the event
- E_i : Event type: such as Lunch, Dinner, Museum
- r_i : Event rating (from Yelp)
- L_i : Location of the event
- d_i : duration of event
- $I_i = [t_i^s, t_i^e]$: Time interval during which event i should be scheduled
- t_i^{end} : Travel time from j to ending point
- $\{N(i)\}$: the events reachable from i within 30 minutes
- $\{t_{ij} : j \in N(i), t_{ij}$: Travel time from i to j }

User Input:

User Database = {

- Loc_{start} : Starting point
- Loc_{end} : Goal point
- T_{start} : Starting time
- T_{end} : Ending time
- $w_i \in [1, 5]$: degree of preference to each event type
- $T_{lunch} = [t_l^s, t_l^e]$: Lunch time
- $T_{dinner} = [t_d^s, t_d^e]$: Dinner time

Scheduling = Search

vp : is the set of locations that a user have already visited
 t : is current time

L is 0 if a user have not eaten lunch, and 1 otherwise
 D is 0 if a user have not eaten dinner, and 1 otherwise

- $s_{start} = (i = Loc_{start}, vp = \{\phi\}, t = T_{start}, D = 0, L = 0)$
- Actions((i, vp, t, T, D)) = $\{j \in \{N(i) - vp\} \cup \{L_{end}\} : t + t_{ij} + d_j + t_j^{end} \leq T_{end}\}$
- Succ($(i, vp, t, T, D), j$) = $(j, vp' = vp \cup \{j\}, t' = t + t_{ij} + d_j, T', D')$

$$T'(or D') = 1 \text{ (if } T(or D) = 1)$$

$$T'(or D') = 1 \text{ (if } T(or D) = 0 \text{ and } E_j = \text{Lunch(or Dinner)})$$

- Cost($(i, vp, t, T, D), j$) =

$$- \frac{w_j r_j}{\sqrt{\frac{w_j^2 + r_j^2}{2}}} \text{ (} L = 1 \text{ or } L = 0 \wedge E_j = \text{Lunch), } \infty \text{ (Otherwise), if } t_l^s \leq t \leq t_l^{end}$$

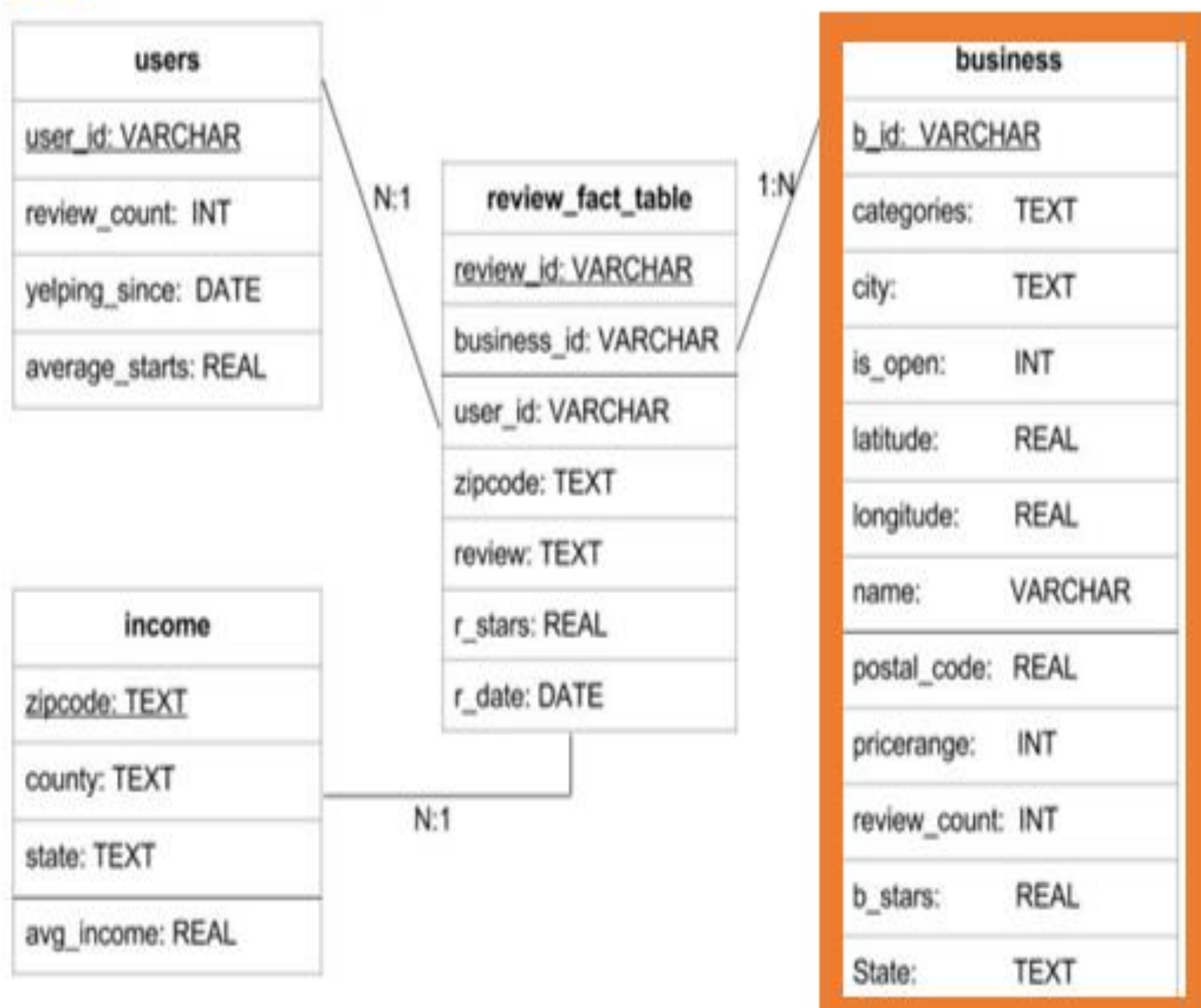
$$- \frac{w_j r_j}{\sqrt{\frac{w_j^2 + r_j^2}{2}}} \text{ (} D = 1 \text{ or } L = 0 \wedge E_j = \text{Dinner), } \infty \text{ (Otherwise), if } t_d^s \leq t \leq t_d^{end}$$

$$- \frac{w_j r_j}{\sqrt{\frac{w_j^2 + r_j^2}{2}}} \text{ Otherwise}$$

- IsEnd((i, vp, t, T, D)) = $\{i = Loc_{end}\}$



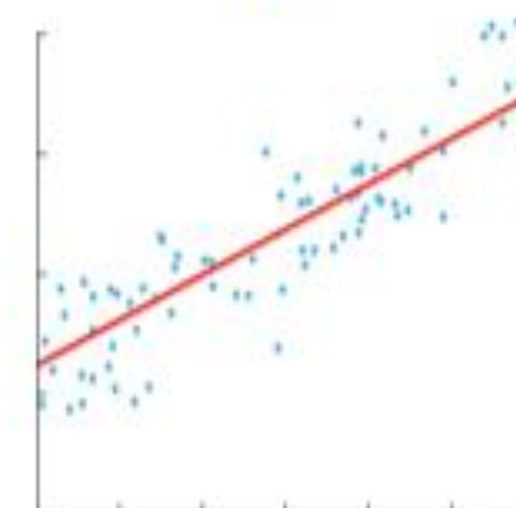
Data



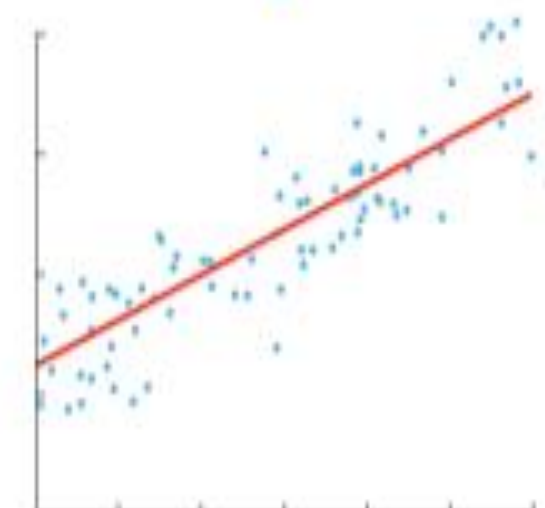
Preliminary Analysis

Weighted
Average
Least Squares

Hierarchical
Regression



Estimated Time vs.
Actual Time Residual



Estimated Budget vs.
Actual Cost Residual